By building market resilience, iDE brings cost effective strategies to address the root causes of poverty and food insecurity in contexts that are impacted by cyclical shocks and stresses.
iDE is expanding the Farmer Resilience and Rebuilding Initiative (FRRI) to support early recovery, risk mitigation and resilience of 4,400 Gaza and 9,450 Cabo Delgado vulnerable households in provinces.

The Promoting Market Adaptability and Resilient Ecosystems (ProMare) activity is bridging the humanitarian and development nexus for 31,500 IDPs and host communities members in Nampula and Cabo Delgado.
Were injected through this year's cold season Input Trade and Technology Fairs in March 2022, with a total of 65 input suppliers across 6 provinces.

iDE hosted its first ITTFs in Cabo Delgado, Gaza and Nampula, that jointly invested in $287,150 rural agrodealers.

The ITTFs in Cabo Delgado covered 2,405 smallholder farmers, of whom 55% were women, along with the participation of 21 local agro-inputs suppliers.

The Gaza ITTFs supported 4,550 smallholder farmers, making it the largest hosted to date, with assistance from USAID.

The Nampula ITTFs provided 3,603 farmers & displaced persons with essential agro-inputs, to foster sustainable agricultural livelihood opportunities.
Farm Business Advisor (FBA) Eduardo Fulaquissone began his business in 2006, to address the limited access of inputs in the district of Rinze in Angónia, Tete.

Eduardo understood his client’s challenges. He set out to expand his expertise to ensure his services were responsive to market changes and demands. In 2018, Eduardo received business management training from IDE, and began providing support to farmers to increase production, access to agro-inputs and supply new markets.

During this time, he saw a growing demand for what would soon be his new venture, milling services. With IDE’s support, he was approved for a Kiva loan of 220,000 MZN (US$3,445.99) to purchase his first electric milling machine.

The additional income Eduardo allowed him to reinvest in four milling machines, renovate and upgrade his family home, and expand his production area from five hectares to 10.

By providing this service in rural areas across Angónia, Eduardo increased his client base from 100 clients to nearly 1,800 clients.
In Memba and Mecufi, 112 lead farmers are disseminating climate resilient technology and agricultural practices to 4,500 people from their communities, which contribute to behavioral change and adoption of good agricultural practices.

A baseline study was conducted for the Promoting Market Adaptability and Resilient Ecosystems project identifying attributes that affect host communities, internally displaced persons, women and youth within the region, gaining a clearer understanding of key means of production, socio-economic status, knowledge and use of practices.
In recent years, climate change has severely affected the central provinces of Mozambique allowing natural disasters, including floods, drought and cyclones, to occur more frequently and leaving hundreds of thousands vulnerable to the aftermath of these shocks.

Similarly in Zambezia, the road from Nante to Maganja Sede was damaged, closing off the region from the rest of the country for three days in March and delaying the cold season ITTFs in Maganja da Costa.

The impact on crop production and food security disproportionately affects vulnerable households and their future livelihoods. As such humanitarian and development organizations have worked to diversify income-generating activities to improve their resilience to climate shocks and stressors.

Other possible solutions relay on SHFs obtaining production insurance, or practicing climate-smart, or reinsuring that market systems and agents such as FBAs are there to pick up the pieces to economic disruptions caused by these shocks.

According to the UN, Cyclone Gombe and Tropical Storm Ana jointly affected 921,444 people. (OCHA report)

Flooded rivers in the districts of Nhamantanda, Dondo and Buzi, obstructed assistance by iDE field technicians to farmers in the region, and saw a loss of production of nearly 50% due to the flooding.
Manica & Maputo

80
Climate smart technologies (greenhouses, tunnels and sprouts) were installed in 5 districts across Maputo province.

102
Smallholder farmers (of which 69% were women) were trained through the NTTs in Manica, strengthening their technical capacities & increasing productivity.

$156,888
Kiva loans were disbursed between January to July 2022 to FBAs, agro-dealers and savings groups in Manica and Maputo provinces.

66%
Of smallholder farmers in Manica are women, who participate in rural value chains and increase their access to technology and income opportunities for their families.

Photo by iDE Mozambique
"It is gratifying to be able to involve farmers in identifying their biggest problems and help them increase production and productivity. It is great when a farmer manages to harvest more than they have in their past years."

HELENA BENE
Agronomy Supervisor
Gaza Province
Thank you to our donors