NAPA VALLEY SUB-APPELLATIONS

1. Atlas Peak AVA. Est. 1992. Cool, mountain-influenced area on the western slopes of the Vaca Range featuring the most prominent peak in the region, elevation 2,663 feet.
2. Calistoga AVA. Est. 2010. Has the most extreme diurnal swing in Napa Valley, with day to night temperatures sometimes varying by 50 degrees.
3. Chiles Valley District AVA. Est. 1989. Has the most extreme diurnal swing in Napa Valley, with day to night temperatures sometimes varying by 50 degrees.
4. Coombsville AVA. Est. 2011. Located close to the city of Napa, has the most isolated AVAs in the region, home to some of the oldest zinfandel vines in Napa Valley.
6. Howell Mountain AVA. Est. 1983. Situated on the eastern side of the valley away from marine influences, warmer and drier than others, with vineyards planted between 1,400 - 2,600 feet.
7. Los Carneros AVA. Est. 2004. Has Napa Valley’s largest area of vineyards, covering nearly 500 acres of vineyards that rise above 400 feet in elevation.
8. Mount Veeder AVA. Est. 1990. Formed from an ancient alluvial fan, which forces vines to dig deep in search of water, home to the region’s most diverse range of grape varieties.
11. Rutherford AVA. Est. 1993. Sandwiched between St. Helena to the north and Oakville to the south, moderately warm region characterized by its unique terroir, known as "Rutherford Dust."
12. Spring Mountain AVA. Est. 1993. Perched on the eastern side of the Mayacamas, a cool, wooded appellation with vineyards that sit above the fog line.
13. St. Helena AVA. Est. 1995. Home to Napa’s first winery, the eastern side of the Mayacamas has more vineyards than any other AVA in Napa Valley.
14. Stags Leap AVA. Est. 1983. Situated on the eastern side of the Mayacamas, a cool, wooded appellation with vineyards that sit above the fog line.
15. Wild Horse Valley AVA. Est. 1992. Cool, mountain-influenced area on the western slopes of the Vaca Range featuring the most prominent peak in the region, elevation 2,663 feet.
16. Yountville AVA. Est. 1999. One of the smallest and most isolated AVAs in the region, home to some of the oldest zinfandel vines in Napa Valley.

NAPA VALLEY AVA
California’s first AVA, established in 1981
16 sub-appellations with a range of microclimates & soil types
Over 46,000 acres under vine
Most widely planted grapes are cabernet sauvignon & chardonnay
Over 3 dozen grape varieties grown
Over 400 wineries, mostly family owned

OVER 400 WINERIES, MOSTLY FAMILY OWNED
OVER 46,000 ACRES UNDER VINE
OVER 3 DOZEN GRAPE VARIETIES GROWN
Most widely planted grapes are cabernet sauvignon & chardonnay

OVER 400 WINERIES, MOSTLY FAMILY OWNED
OVER 46,000 ACRES UNDER VINE
OVER 3 DOZEN GRAPE VARIETIES GROWN
Most widely planted grapes are cabernet sauvignon & chardonnay