CONFERENCE OF NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES

Geneva, 1968
Committee 2
Items 14(a) and (b) of the Agenda

Pakistan: draft resolution

The Conference of Non-Nuclear-Weapon States,

Considering that nuclear power technology and the uses of radiation sources and radioisotopes in the fields of agriculture, hydrology, medicine and industry have been developed to the extent that they can accelerate the programmes of economic development of a large number of developing countries,

Realizing that the nuclear projects are generally capital intensive and require a well-trained corps of nuclear scientists, engineers and technicians,

Noting that the technical assistance provided by the IAEA through voluntary contributions of the Member States, has fallen short of the demands made by developing Member States of the Agency, for fellowships, services of experts, equipment and materials,

Aware of the difficulties experienced by a large number of developing countries in securing financial support for the nuclear projects and training of their personnel for the operation and maintenance of those projects, even when such projects have been found to be technically feasible and economically viable,

Recommends that a Special Nuclear Fund (SNF) be created by contributions from the nuclear and non-nuclear weapon States in proportion to the nuclear power generating capacity installed, to be made available in the form of (a) grants and (b) low interest bearing loans repayable over long period of time for financing the nuclear projects which have been found to be technically feasible and economically viable, in the territories of those non-nuclear-weapon States which are signatories to the NPT or which have accepted safeguards as set forth in an agreement to be negotiated and
concluded with the IAEA in accordance with the Statute of the IAEA and the Agency's safeguards system, as evolved from time to time, against diversion of source or fissionable material produced, processed or used in any principal nuclear facility established with or without the assistance of the IAEA including those principal nuclear facilities which may have been established in pursuance of any bilateral or multilateral arrangements.

Recommends further that the Special Nuclear Fund (SNF) be administered by the International Atomic Energy Agency, in pursuance of Article XI B. of the Statute of the Agency.