## **Continuous Positive Airway Pressure – 30.030**

#### **DEFINITION:**

Continuous Positive Airway Pressure (CPAP) has been shown to rapidly improve vital signs, gas exchange, and to decrease the work of breathing, the sense of dyspnea, and the need for endotracheal intubation in patients who suffer from shortness of breath secondary to CHF/Pulmonary edema, COPD and asthma. In patients with CHF, CPAP improves hemodynamics by reducing preload and after load.

#### **CPAP INCLUSION CRITERIA:**

**Medical patients** complaining of moderate to severe respiratory distress plus 2 or more of the following:

- A. Is awake, oriented and has the ability to maintain an open airway.
- B. Shows signs and symptoms consistent with either CHF/pulmonary edema, COPD or asthma.
- C. Retractions or accessory muscle use.
- D. Respiratory rate > 25 bpm.
- E. SpO2 < 90%.

#### **CPAP EXCLUSIONARY CRITERIA:**

- A. Respiratory/ Cardiac arrest.
- B. Unresponsive to verbal stimuli.
- C. Major trauma or suspected pneumothorax.
- D. Hemodynamically unstable B/P < 90 systolic.
- E. Inability to maintain patent airway.
- F. Active vomiting or GI bleeding.
- G. Patients < 8 years old.
- H. Not for use with Trach.

#### PROCEDURE:

- A. EXPLAIN and COACH THE PATIENT ON THE PROCEDURE.
- B. Ensure adequate oxygen supply to ventilation device.
- C. Place the patient on continuous pulse oximetry and end-tidal CO2.
- D. Turn on device
- E. Place the CPAP over the patient's mouth and nose (consider having the patient hold the mask against their face initially to reduce anxiety).
- F. Secure the mask with the provided straps.
- G. Check for air leaks.
- H. Monitor and document the patient's respiratory response to the treatment.
- I. Continue to coach patient to keep mask in place and readjust as needed.
- J. IF RESPIRATORY STATUS DETERIORATES, REMOVE THE DEVICE AND CONSIDER BAG VALVE MASK VENTILATION AND/OR ENDOTRACHEAL INTUBATION.

#### REMOVAL PROCEDURE:

CPAP therapy needs to be continuous and should not be removed unless the patient cannot tolerate the mask or experiences continued or worsening respiratory failure.

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### **SPECIAL NOTES:**

- A. Contact the receiving facility as soon as possible that a patient with CPAP is enroute to their facility so they can be prepared for patient.
- B. Reassessment of the patient's status is critical and should be performed and documented q 5 10 min until patient is stable.
- C. CPAP mask may be removed temporarily to administer Nitroglycerin.
- D. Suctioning of secretions may be required on some patients.
- E. Watch for gastric distention and/or nausea.