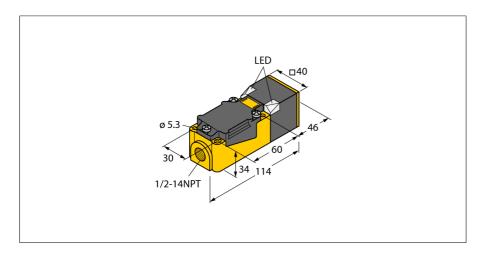
## Inductive sensor BI15-CP40-FZ3X2





Type code	BI15-CP40-FZ3X2
Ident-No.	13410
Ident-No (TUSA)	M1341000
Rated switching distance Sn	15 mm
Mounting conditions	flush
Assured switching distance	≤ (0,81 x Sn) mm
Correction factors	St37 = 1; AI = 0.3; stainless steel = 0.7; Ms = 0.4
Repeatability	≤ 2 % of full scale
Temperature drift	≤ <b>±</b> 10 %
Hysteresis	315 %
Ambient temperature	-25+70 °C
Operating voltage	20250 VAC
Operating voltage	10 300VDC
AC rated operational current	≤ 400 mA
DC rated operational current	≤ 300 mA
Frequency	≥ 50≤ 60 Hz
Residual current	≤ 1.7 mA
Rated insulation voltage	≤ 1.5 kV
Surge current	≤ 8 A (≤ 10 ms max. 5 Hz)
Voltage drop at I₅	≤ 6 V
Output function	2-wire, connection programmable
Smallest operating current I <sub>m</sub>	≥ 3 mA
Switching frequency	0.02 kHz

Rectangular, CP40

114 x 40 x 40 mm Plastic, PBT-GF30-V0, black

terminal chamber

 $\leq 2.5~mm^{^2}$ 

55 Hz (1 mm)

30 g (11 ms) IP67

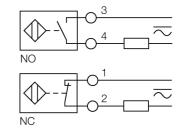
LED green

LED red

	Rectangular,	height	40 mm
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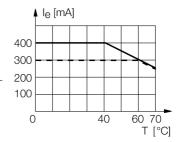
- Variable orientation of active face in 9 directions
- Plastic, PBT-GF30-V0
- High luminance corner LEDs
- Optimum view on supply voltage and switching state from any position
- AC 2-wire, 20...250 VDC
- DC 2-wire, 10...300 VDC
- NC/NO programmable
- Terminal chamber

## Wiring Diagram



## **Functional principle**

Inductive sensors detect metal objects contactless and wear-free. For this, they use a high-frequency electromagnetic AC field that interacts with the target. Inductive sensors generate this field via an RLC circuit with a ferrite coil.



Construction

Housing material

Clamping ability

Vibration resistance

Power-on indication

Shock resistance

Protection class MTTF

Switching state

Dimensions

Connection

2283 years acc. to SN 29500 (Ed. 99) 40 °C

## Inductive sensor BI15-CP40-FZ3X2



Distance D	2 x B	
Distance W	3 x Sn	
Distance S	1 x B	
Distance G	6 x Sn	
Width of the active face B	40 mm	

