

EU FMD Express CMO Serialization TraceLink User Requirements Specification (URS)

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User Requirements Specification

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose

The purpose of an EU Falsified Medicines Directive (FMD) Serialization system, commonly referred to as “Level 4 and 5”, is to manage all serialization data exchange with partners and line management systems. This document is the User Requirements Specification (URS) document which will identify and specify the requirements for the Level 4 and 5 Serialization system, including:

1.1.1 Functional Capabilities

- Master Data Management

- Partner Management and Connectivity

- Serial Number Generation and/or Management

- Serial Number Exchange

 - Internal Packaging Lines

 - Centralized Global Repository and maintaining Serial Number Status

1.1.2 Platform Infrastructure

This URS is the basis for functional specifications, validation, and acceptance of the provided services.

1.2 Intended Use

The requirements in this document are representative of the capabilities required to validate the TraceLink Life Sciences Cloud. The covered applications are Master Data Exchange, Serial Number Manager, Serial Number Exchange, and Serialized Operations Manager. This document is intended to cover the requirements of the EU FMD Express CMO Serialization offering, **not** the full scope of capabilities provided by the TraceLink Life Sciences Cloud, nor all the use cases that a life sciences company might have.

1.3 Definitions and Abbreviations

Aggregation	Aggregation is the process of recording the serial number of a container with the serial numbers of its contents, often referred to as parent/child relationship, or a serialized container to content relationship.
Alphanumeric	The character set made up of numeral digits and alphabetic letters.
Batch	A group of products, usually associated by a manufacturing or packaging operation.
Bundle	A group of items held together, usually by shrink-wrap.
Case	A container of product cartons which may or may not be bundled.
CMO	A Contract Manufacturing Organization is a company providing manufacturing, and sometimes packaging, services for one or more companies based on contracts or service agreements. Also referred to as a Contract Packaging Organization (CPO) or Third-Party Manufacturer (TPM).
Commissioned	The process of associating an EPC (Unique identifier) with a particular object (product, shipment, asset, or container).
Decommissioned	The process of removing (decommissioning) the EPC (Unique identifier) from the item so that it is no longer tracked. Unlike the “Destroying” business process, the item may still physically exist after decommissioning even though it no longer carries serialized identification.
Electronic Product Code Information Services (EPCIS)	The EPC Information Services (EPCIS) is a GS1 EPCglobal standard designed to enable EPC-related data sharing within and across enterprises. This data sharing is aimed at enabling participants in the EPCglobal Network to obtain a common view of the disposition of EPC-bearing objects within a business context.
Expiry	The date of expiration or the last day the item should be used.
Functional Specification (FS)	A functional specification (also, functional spec, FS, specs, functional specifications document - FSD) in systems engineering and software development is the documentation that describes the requested behavior of an engineering system. The documentation typically describes what is needed by the system user as well as requested properties of inputs and outputs (e.g. of the software system).

GLN	The Global Location Number is a 13-digit number created by a GS1 Company Prefix, a Location Reference, and a Check Digit. A Global Location Number (GLN) is used to identify any location (physical or legal) that needs to be uniquely identified for use in the supply chain. The GLN makes it possible to determine the unique and unambiguous identification of physical locations and legal entities used in the supply chain.
GTIN (Global Trade Item Number)	An identifier used for trade items developed by GS1. Such identifiers are used to look up product information in a database (often by inputting the number through a barcode scanner pointed at an actual product). The uniqueness and universality of the identifier is useful in establishing which product in one database corresponds to which product in another database, especially across organizational boundaries. Usage is granted to organization members of GS1.
Installation Qualification (IQ)	An activity that demonstrates that the process or equipment meets all specifications, is installed correctly, and that all required components and documentation needed for continued operation are installed and in place.
Item	The product secondary package; typically a carton. Note: Also referred to as “smallest saleable unit”.
Manufacturer	The entity or organization responsible for packaging the product.
Operational qualification (OQ)	An activity that demonstrates that all facets of the process or equipment are operating correctly.
Performance qualification (PQ)	The documented evidence that the system, equipment, or process is capable of consistently producing a quality, safe product. The Performance Qualification protocol describes the procedures that verify the specific capabilities of a process equipment/system through the use of simulation material and/or actual product.
Serial Number	A unique number that represents the portion or component of a Unique Identifier (UID).
Serialized Global Trading Item Number (sGTIN)	The combination of a global trade identification number and serial number which uniquely identify an item.
User	The entity, individual, or organization responsible for making use of the product, process, or systems.
Validation	The documented process/procedures used for obtaining, recording, and interpreting the results required to establish that a process will consistently yield product complying with predetermined specifications.

2 OVERVIEW

2.1 Background

With the adoption of global track and trace regulations intended to protect patient safety and ensure product integrity, serialization is common across most current and emerging regulations. This means that by 2019, the majority of the global drug supply will fall under some type of serialization requirement. Global requirements in scope:

- European Union: Manufacturers serving the EU are preparing to meet serialization requirements at the package level starting in February 2019, requirements that include supporting both global and national identifiers and following strict uniqueness regulations.

2.2 General Requirements

A global serialization platform with flexibility is required to manage the following high-level business processes:

- Serialization impacts both internal and external packaging. The system **should** be able to support both internal and external packaging and provide that information back to the appropriate Marketing Authorization Holder (MAH).
- The ability to manage serialization packaging requirements in order to generate serial numbers rules, request serial numbers from a MAH, provide serial numbers to the packaging sites, commission serial numbers, and release the reports to the MAH.

2.3 Requirements Matrix

Number	Requirement Description
Serial Number Generation and Management	
<p>Serial Number Generation and Management capabilities are required to create/obtain and manage the allocation of serial numbers that will be assigned to different products and different internal packaging locations. The Service shall be able to support both scenarios of generating and managing serial numbers within the Service.</p> <p>This capability is required to generate serial numbers and service requests to provision serial numbers to requesting locations. To enable this, a template approach should be used to define the parameters for serial number generation for each product packaging code.</p> <p>This section describes the core functionality requirements for Serial Number Generation and Management, which includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Serial number template viewing • Serial number generation for random numbers 	
SNM - 1	The Service shall allow for the creation of serial number templates via UI.
SNM - 2	<p>The Service shall provide the ability for designated business or admin users to create and edit templates for serial number generation for the following product packaging codes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GTIN-14 (SGTINs) • NTIN
SNM - 3	<p>The Service shall provide the ability to configure GTIN-14 or NTIN random number generation with the following option (configured for each packaging code that will use randomization):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Maximum request quantity for serial number requests (requests exceeding this value will be denied) • Minimum threshold for serial number balance that will trigger the generation of more numbers • Maximum threshold to instruct of the high-water mark to use when generating additional serial numbers (e.g., maximum balance) • Set length of GTIN-14/NTIN random numbers between 10 and 20 • Ability to specify random numbers to be numeric only (includes numbers 0 to 9) or alphanumeric (includes numbers 0 to 9, upper case letters A to Z, and lowercase letters a to z of the western alphabet) • Ability to limit letters to only upper case letters, only lower case letters, or both(the default selection will be to include only upper case letters) • Ability to exclude any upper and/or lower case letters that can be difficult to interpret(the default selection will be to exclude the upper case letters I, J, L, O, Q, U and the lower case letters i, j, l, o, q, u)

Number	Requirement Description
SNM - 4	<p>The Service shall provide the ability for designated business or admin users to create and edit templates to request serial numbers from an external system for the following product packaging codes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GTIN-14 (SGTINs) • NTIN
<p>Serial Number Exchange with Internal and External Lines</p> <p>The serial number exchange process enables internal and external partner packaging locations to request, exchange, and track the commissioning of serial numbers with an enterprise serialization management system.</p> <p>Transactions may also include country-specific event triggers from packaging sites to meet certain regulatory requirements.</p> <p>This section describes the core functionality requirements for Serial Number Exchange which includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Configuring packaging codes • Serial number events 	
SNX - 1	The Service shall support the definition of packaging locations and packaging codes for each subscribing entity.
SNX - 2	The Service shall support the packaging locations requesting serial numbers and receiving a list of random numbers.
SNX - 3	The Service shall support the packaging locations commissioning the serial numbers to a specific product code, lot number, and expiration date.
SNX - 4	The Service shall support the packaging locations updating the serial number status (destroyed, or decommissioned).
SNX - 5	The Service shall support the packaging locations updating the serial number status from reserved to deactivated.
SNX - 6	The Service shall support that packaging locations are able to report that the batch has been completed.

Number	Requirement Description
<p>Serial Number Reporting to a Marketing Authorization Holder (MAH)</p> <p>The following requirements pertain to the capabilities required to report data back to a Marketing Authorization Holder (MAH). It is recognized that each partner may have a different set of requirements. Custom requirements are not outlined in this document.</p> <p>This section describes the core functionality requirements for reporting data back to a MAH which includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sending data to the MAH 	
SOM - 1	The Service shall have the ability to send commissioning data to the MAH at the point of shipment.
SOM - 2	The Service shall have the ability to send commissioning data to the MAH using the End of Batch trigger.

