Revision: 2.1 Date: 27.02.2024

ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006

(REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2020/878



Natural Diatomaceous Earth (Kieselguhr) Celatom® AFA, FN-1, FN-2, FN-6, MN-2, MN-23, MN-3, MN-4, MN-4HT MN-5, MN-47, MN-51, MN-53, MN-84

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name Celatom® AFA, FN-1, FN-2, FN-6, MN-2, MN-23, MN-3, MN-4, MN-4HT

MN-5, MN-47, MN-51, MN-53, MN-84

Trade names Celatom® AFA, FN-1, FN-2, FN-6, MN-2, MN-23, MN-3, MN-4, MN-4HT

MN-5, MN-47, MN-51, MN-53, MN-84

Chemical Name Natural Diatomaceous Earth (Kieselguhr)

CAS No. 61790-53-2 14808-60-7

EINECS No. 612-383-7 238-878-4

Nanoform The product does not contain nanoparticles.

REACH Registration No. Not applicable.

1.2 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions

on use

Identified Use(s)

The substance is used as a filter aid, a carrier, a silica source or as a functional

additive for paint, plastics, rubber or other applications.

Uses Advised Against

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer EP Minerals, LLC

9785 Gateway Drive

Reno.

Nevada 89521

USA

Telephone +1-775-824-7600 Fax +1-775-824-7601

E-Mail (competent person) inquiry.minerals@epminerals.com

Importer EP Minerals Europe GmbH & Co,

KG Rehrhofer Weg 115 D-29633,

Munster, Germany

 Telephone
 +49 51 92 98970

 Fax
 +49-51 92 989715

 E-Mail (competent person)
 EPME@epminerals.com

1.4 Emergency Phone No. Europe: +49 51 92 98970 (08:00 – 17:00 CET)

Languages spoken: English, French and German USA: +1-775-824-7600 (08:00– 17:00 PST)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture This product contains quartz (fine fraction) at: < 1%

Depending on the type of handling and use (e.g. grinding, drying), airborne respirable crystalline silica may be generated. Prolonged and/or massive inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust may cause lung fibrosis, commonly referred to as silicosis. Principal symptoms of silicosis are cough and

breathlessness. Occupational exposure to respirable crystalline silica dust

should be monitored and controlled.

2.1.1 Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Not classified as hazardous for supply/use.

2.2 Label elements According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Product Name Celatom® AFA, FN-1, FN-2, FN-6, MN-2, MN-3, MN-4, MN-4HT

MN-5, MN-47, MN-51, MN-53, MN-84

Page: 1 of 7

Revision: 2.1 Date: 27.02.2024



ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006

(REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2020/878

Natural Diatomaceous Earth (Kieselguhr) Celatom® AFA, FN-1, FN-2, FN-6, MN-2, MN-23, MN-3, MN-4, MN-4HT MN-5, MN-47, MN-51, MN-53, MN-84

Contains: Natural Diatomaceous Earth, Kieselguhr (amorphous)

(< 1% Crystalline Silica – Quartz (Respirable Dust))

Hazard Pictogram(s) None assigned.

Signal Word(s) None assigned.

Hazard Statement(s) None assigned.

Precautionary Statement(s) None assigned.

2.3 Other hazards None

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 **Substances**

EC Classification Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Chemical identity of the substance	%W/W	CAS No.	EC No.
Natural Diatomaceous Earth (Kieselguhr)	circa.100	61790-53-2	612-383-7
Contains: Quartz (Respirable Dust), <1 Fine Fraction Crystalline silica per SWeRF calculation	< 1	14808-60-7	238-878-4

3.2 Mixtures - Not applicable.

Eye Contact

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES



Description of first aid measures 4.1

Inhalation If breathing is difficult, remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position

comfortable for breathing. If irritation develops and persists, get medical

attention. Blow nose to evacuate dust.

Skin Contact Remove clothing and wash thoroughly before use. Wash affected skin with soap

and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eyelids open. Get

medical attention if eye irritation develops or persists.

Rinse mouth. Give plenty of water to drink. Get medical attention. Ingestion

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

Prolonged and/or massive exposure to respirable crystalline silica-containing delayed

dust may cause silicosis, a nodular pulmonary fibrosis caused by deposition in the lungs of fine respirable particles of crystalline silica. Acute inhalation can cause dryness of the nasal passage and lung congestion, coughing and general

throat irritation. Chronic inhalation of dust should be avoided. May cause

irritation to the respiratory system.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and

special treatment needed

Unlikely to be required but if necessary treat symptomatically. There is no specific antidote. Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for

breathing.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Revision: 2.1 Date: 27.02.2024



ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006

(REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2020/878

Natural Diatomaceous Earth (Kieselguhr) Celatom® AFA, FN-1, FN-2, FN-6, MN-2, MN-23, MN-3, MN-4, MN-4HT MN-5, MN-47, MN-51, MN-53, MN-84

Suitable Extinguishing media

Non-flammable. Extinguish with carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam or waterspray. As appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

5.2

Non-flammable, Non-combustible, Not explosive.

Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance. Fire fighters should wear complete protective clothing including self-contained breathing

apparatus.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Ensure adequate ventilation. Avoid generation of dust. Do not breathe dust. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Where engineering controls are not fitted or inadequate wear suitable respiratory

6.2 **Environmental precautions** protective equipment. No special requirements.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning Sweep spilled substances into containers if appropriate moisten first to prevent dusting. Use vacuum equipment for collecting spilt materials, where practicable.

Transfer to a container for disposal.

6.4 Reference to other sections See Section: 8, 13

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handle packaged products carefully to prevent accidental bursting. If you require advice on safe handling techniques, please contact your supplier or check the Good Practice Guide referred to in section 16. Avoid generation of dust. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Do not breathe dust. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands before breaks and after work.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any

incompatibilities Storage life

Incompatible materials

Specific end use(s)

Atmospheric concentrations should be minimised and kept as low as reasonably

practicable below the occupational exposure limit. Stable under normal conditions. Store in a dry place.

Keep away from: Hydrofluoric Acid

See Section: 1.2

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 **Control parameters**

7.3

8.1.1 **Occupational Exposure Limits**

SUBSTANCE	CAS No.	LTEL (8 hr	LTEL (8 hr	STEL	STEL	Note
		TWA ppm)	TWA mg/m³)	(ppm)	(mg/m³)	
Diatomaceous earth	61790-53-2	-	1.2	-	=	Respirable dust. WEL: Workplace
						Exposure Limit (UK HSE EH40)
Nuisance Dust	-	-	10	-	-	Inhalable Dust. WEL: Workplace
						Exposure Limit (UK HSE EH40)
Nuisance Dust	=	-	4	-	=	Respirable Dust. WEL: Workplace
						Exposure Limit (UK HSE EH40)

Note: For the equivalent limits in other countries, please consult a competent occupational hygienist or the local regulatory authority

8.1.2 Biological limit value Not applicable.

8.1.3 **PNECs and DNELs** Not applicable. A REACH chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

8.2 **Exposure controls**

8.2.1

Ensure adequate ventilation. Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit. Avoid dust generation.

Appropriate engineering controls

Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash contaminated clothing

8.2.2 Individual protection measures, such as personal

Page: 3 of 7

Revision: 2.1 Date: 27.02.2024



ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006

(REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2020/878

Natural Diatomaceous Earth (Kieselguhr) Celatom® AFA, FN-1, FN-2, FN-6, MN-2, MN-23, MN-3, MN-4, MN-4HT MN-5, MN-47, MN-51, MN-53, MN-84

protective equipment (PPE)

before reuse. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid dust generation. Do not

breathe dust.

Eye/ face protection

Wear eye protection with side protection (EN166).

Use skin barrier cream before handling the product. Wear suitable gloves if Skin protection

prolonged skin contact is likely - Wear impervious gloves (EN374).

8.2.3

Respiratory protection

Atmospheric levels should be controlled in compliance with the occupational exposure limit. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection. Recommended: Half-face mask (DIN EN 140), Filter type P2/P3 - efficiency of at

least 90%

Thermal hazards Not applicable. **Environmental Exposure Controls** Avoid wind dispersal.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Buff to off white powder **Appearance**

Odour Odourless Odour threshold Not available.

6-8 (10% Suspension) pН

Melting point/freezing point Not applicable.

Initial boiling point and boiling range Decomposes below boiling point at (°C): >1300°C

Flash point Non-flammable. Evaporation rate Not applicable. Flammability (solid, gas) Non-flammable. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits Non-flammable. Vapour pressure Not applicable. Vapour density Not applicable. $2.0 \text{ g/cm}^3 (H_2O = 1)$

Relative density Solubility(ies) <2% Water

Soluble in: Hydrofluoric Acid

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available. Not applicable Auto-ignition temperature **Decomposition Temperature** Not available. Not applicable, Solid. Viscosity

Explosive properties Not explosive. Oxidising properties Not oxidising. Not available. Particle characteristics

9.2 Other information

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity Stable under normal conditions. 10.2 **Chemical stability** Stable under normal conditions. 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions Stable under normal conditions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid Avoid contact with: Hydrofluoric Acid. Do not leave in enclosed spaces when

None.

mixed with highly flammable material, as heat can build up over long periods of

time and flammable material may eventually ignite.

Reacts violently with - Hydrofluoric Acid 10.5 Incompatible materials

No hazardous decomposition products known. 10.6 Hazardous decomposition product(s)

Revision: 2.1 Date: 27.02.2024

ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006

(REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2020/878



Natural Diatomaceous Earth (Kieselguhr) Celatom® AFA, FN-1, FN-2, FN-6, MN-2, MN-23, MN-3, MN-4, MN-4HT MN-5, MN-47, MN-51, MN-53, MN-84

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Ingestion Inhalation

Skin Contact

Eye Contact

Skin corrosion/irritation
Serious eye damage/irritation
Respiratory or skin sensitization
Germ cell mutagenicity

Carcinogenicity
Reproductive toxicity
STOT - single exposure
STOT - repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard

11.2 Information on other hazards11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

11.2.2 Other information

Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met. Based upon the available data, the classification criteria are not met.

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as no components meets the criteria. Prolonged and/or massive exposure to respirable crystalline silica-containing dust may cause silicosis, a nodular pulmonary fibrosis caused by deposition in the lungs of fine respirable particles of crystalline silica.

In 1997, IARC (the International Agency for Research on Cancer) concluded that crystalline silica inhaled from occupational sources can cause lung cancer in humans (human carcinogen category 1). However it pointed out that not all industrial circumstances, nor all crystalline silica types, were to be incriminated. (IARC Monographs on the evaluation of the carcinogenic risks of chemicals to humans, Silica, silicates dust and organic fibres, 1997, Vol. 68, IARC, Lyon, France.) In 2009, in the Monographs 100 series, IARC confirmed its classification of Silica Dust, Crystalline, in the form of Quartz and Cristobalite (IARC Monographs, Volume 100C, 2012). In June 2003, SCOEL (the EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits) concluded that the main effect in humans of the inhalation of respirable crystalline silica dust is silicosis. "There is sufficient information to conclude that the relative risk of lung cancer is increased in persons with silicosis (and, apparently, not in employees without silicosis exposed to silica dust in quarries and in the ceramic industry). Therefore preventing the onset of silicosis will also reduce the cancer risk..." (SCOEL SUM Doc 94-final, June 2003). So there is a body of evidence supporting the fact that increased cancer risk would be limited to people already suffering from silicosis. Worker protection against silicosis should be assured by respecting the existing regulatory occupational exposure limits and implementing additional risk management measures where required (see section 16 below).

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

12.2 Persistence and degradability

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

12.4 Mobility in soil

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not classified as a Marine Pollutant.

Not applicable.

The product has no potential for bioaccumulation. Some organisms accumulate Si(OH)4

The product is predicted to have low mobility in soil.

This product is an inorganic substance and does not meet the criteria for PBT or vPvB in accordance with Annex XIII of REACH.

This product does not contain a substance that has endocrine disrupting properties with respect to humans as no components meets the criteria

Revision: 2.1 Date: 27.02.2024



ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006

(REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2020/878

Natural Diatomaceous Earth (Kieselguhr) Celatom® AFA, FN-1, FN-2, FN-6, MN-2, MN-23, MN-3, MN-4, MN-4HT MN-5, MN-47, MN-51, MN-53, MN-84

12.7 Other adverse effects None known.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods Dispose of empty containers and wastes safely. Dispose of contents in

accordance with local, state or national legislation.

13.2 Additional Information Packaging waste: Remove all packaging for recovery or disposal. Make sure

that packaging is completely empty before recycling. Inform consumer about possible hazards of unclean empty packaging for recycling or disposal.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not classified according to the United Nations 'Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods'.

ADR/RID / IMDG / ICAO/IATA

14.1 UN number or ID number
14.2 UN proper shipping name
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)
14.4 Packing group
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.

14.5 Environmental hazards Not classified as a Marine Pollutant.

14.6 Special precautions for user Not applicable.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO Diatomaceous Earth , No special measures are required.

instruments

14.8 Additional Information None.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental

regulations/legislation specific for the substance or

mixture

15.1.1 EU regulations

Authorisations and/or Restrictions On Use None.

15.1.2 National regulations

Germany Water hazard class: nwg

15.2 Chemical Safety AssessmentA REACH chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

The following sections contain revisions or new statements: 8.1.1

References: Existing Safety Data Sheet (SDS): Natural Diatomaceous Earth (Kieselguhr)

Training advice: Workers must be informed of the presence of crystalline silica and trained in the proper use and handling of this product as required under applicable regulations. A multi-sectoral social dialogue agreement on Workers Health Protection through the Good Handling and Use of Crystalline Silica and Products Containing it was signed on 25 April 2006. This autonomous agreement, which receives the European Commission's financial support, is based on a Good Practices Guide. The requirements of the Agreement came into force on 25 October 2006. The Agreement was published in the Official Journal of the European Union (2006/C 279/02). The text of the Agreement and its annexes, including the Good Practices Guide, are available from http://www.nepsi.eu and provide useful information and guidance for the handling of products containing respirable crystalline silica. Literature references are available on request from EUROSIL, the European Association of Industrial Silica Producers.

LEGEND

LTEL Long Term Exposure Limit
STEL Short Term Exposure Limit
DNEL Derived No Effect Level

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

PBT PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PvB PBT: very Persistent and very Toxic

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development
SCOEL The EU Scientific Committee on Occupational Exposure Limits

Revision: 2.1 Date: 27.02.2024



ACCORDING TO EC-REGULATIONS 1907/2006

(REACH), 1272/2008 (CLP) & 2020/878

Natural Diatomaceous Earth (Kieselguhr) Celatom® AFA, FN-1, FN-2, FN-6, MN-2, MN-23, MN-3, MN-4, MN-4HT MN-5, MN-47, MN-51, MN-53, MN-84

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

SWeRF Size-Weighted Respirable Fraction

Disclaimers

Information contained in this publication or as otherwise supplied to Users is believed to be accurate and is given in good faith, but it is for the Users to satisfy themselves of the suitability of the product for their own particular purpose. EP Minerals, LLC gives no warranty as to the fitness of the product for any particular purpose and any implied warranty or condition (statutory or otherwise) is excluded except to the extent that exclusion is prevented by law. EP Minerals, LLC accepts no liability for loss or damage (other than that arising from death or personal injury caused by defective product, if proved), resulting from reliance on this information. Freedom under Patents, Copyright and Designs cannot be assumed.

Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Not applicable. A REACH chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.