A Bill to Ban Prediction Markets From Engaging in Election Betting and Trading

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Betting and trading through prediction markets on Local, State, and Federal elections is banned.

SECTION 2. Prediction markets are defined by Fidelity as,"marketplaces where participants buy and sell contracts tied to the outcome of future events", such as sporting events or elections.

SECTION 3. This will be enforced by the Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC) with investigative support from the US Department of Justice (DoJ).

A. Persons found involved in the act of trading and betting on elections through prediction markets as defined in this legislation shall be punished with a misdemeanor charge punishable by up to 1 year in jail, probation or a fine no less than $500 and no greater than $6,000.

B. Corporations and organizations found to be facilitating trading and betting on elections shall be fined up to $1,000,000 with a minimum fine of $100,000 per violation.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on May 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by McMinnville Highschool.

A Bill to Mandate Cursive Writing for All Students

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Schools shall require the instruction of cursive writing in third grade.

SECTION 2. “Cursive writing” is defined as a style of penmanship where the letters of a word are connected in a continuous, flowing motion.

SECTION 3. The local and state education authorities shall oversee the enforcement of this bill. The state authorities shall provide the necessary funding for materials and training for this education.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on the start of the next school year, 2027-2028

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Beaverton High School

A Bill to Prevent Discrimination Against Individuals with Dementia in Courts of Law

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT judges shall no longer have the ability to determine the competency of individuals who have Alzheimer's dementia or other forms of dementia. These individuals will henceforth be allowed to serve as witnesses and present evidence for the jury to evaluate regardless of perceived "mental capacity".

Section 1. Alzheimer's disease or dementia are no longer to be considered valid reasons for an individual's competency to serve as a witness or otherwise participate in court proceedings to be questioned

Section 2. Any evidence individuals with dementia wish to provide to the court is to be considered at the discretion of the jury

Section 3. The Department of Justice will enforce this policy change.

Section 4. This legislation will take effect immediately and apply to all trials and court cases which begin proceedings after the passing of this legislation.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Beaverton High School.

A Bill to Repeal Section 287(g) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 (IIRARIA)

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Section 287(g) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 is now repealed. Current 287(g) agreements are dissolved, further agreements are prohibited, and the 287(g) program is disbanded.

SECTION 2. Section 287(g) of the Illegal Immigration Reform and Immigrant Responsibility Act of 1996 is defined by ICE as,"authorizes ICE to delegate to state and local law enforcement officers the authority to perform specified immigration officer functions under the agency's direction and supervision."

SECTION 3. This section shall be repealed by the United States Congress and execution of the repeal and dismantling of the program shall be executed by Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE).

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by McMinnville.

A Resolution to Declare Veganism Medically Unhealthy to Benefit Societal Health

1. **WHEREAS**, As veganism has risen in popularity, there have been known to be certain health
2.complications relating to the lifestyle; and

3. **WHEREAS**, as veganism is spreading throughout social media and society, being advertised
4. as a very healthy thing, there are many unfortunate issues that may go along with this commitment; and

5. **WHEREAS**, the act of abstaining from meats and animal products in general can cause issues
6. related to nutrient deficiencies, and lower bone health, and it also affects wildlife and the environment
7. due to heavy demand of plant-based foods; and

8. **WHEREAS**, veganism is generally an unhealthy and non-sustainable lifestyle that will not
9.keep the human body healthy; therefore

10. **RESOLVED**, That the congress here assembled should vote to have the U.S. Department of
11.Agriculture (USDA) and the Department of Health and Human services (HHS) declare the act of being
12. vegan/veganism medically unhealthy.

Introduced for congressional debate by Beaverton High School

NATIONAL SPEECH & DEBATE ASSOCIATION
NATIONAL FORENSIC LEAGUE

Speech and Debate
Event Resources

Congressional Debate Debate

Legislation Docket

November 2026

A Bill to Ban Lethal Injection..... 2

The Sunshine Protection Act..... 3

A Bill to Designate Election Day as a Federal Holiday..... 4

A Bill to Reinstate the EV Tax Credit..... 5

A Bill to Onshore Pharmaceutical Production..... 6

A Bill to Promote Law and Order..... 7

A Bill to Ban the Production and Installation of Quartz Countertops..... 8

The Red Tape Sunset Act..... 9

A Bill to Repatriate Alcatraz..... 10

A Resolution to Call for the Reversal of Bell-to-Bell Bans..... 11

A Bill to Ban Lethal Injection

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

SECTION 1. Lethal injection shall no longer be permissible as a means of capital punishment anywhere within the United States and its territories.

SECTION 2. Any jurisdictions performing executions are called upon to renew their vigilance in ensuring that those executions uphold the terms of the Eighth Amendment to the Constitution.

SECTION 3. This legislation shall be jointly overseen by the Department of Justice.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

The Sunshine Protection Act

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

SECTION 1. Daylight Saving Time is hereby made permanent. Each time zone within the United States and its territories shall remain one hour ahead of standard time as set by the Department of Transportation.

SECTION 2. This legislation shall be overseen by the Department of Transportation.

SECTION 3. If this legislation is passed during a period of Daylight Saving Time, it shall take effect immediately. Otherwise, it shall take effect with a one-hour time shift occurring at 2:00 AM local time on the fourth (4th) Sunday following passage.

SECTION 4. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Designate Election Day as a Federal Holiday

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

SECTION 1. Election Day, being the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, shall be recognized as a federal holiday.

SECTION 2. On Election Day, all non-essential federal government offices shall be closed, stock market trading shall be suspended, and every federal government employee shall be paid for a normal day's work. Any government office with essential election work to conduct shall remain open, and employees at these offices shall be compensated with an extra day off to be taken at their leisure in accordance with agency policies. State and local governments in addition to private businesses are strongly encouraged to observe Election Day in similar fashion as they are able.

SECTION 3. This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2027.

SECTION 4. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Reinstate the EV Tax Credit

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

SECTION 1. The Federal Electric Vehicle Tax Credit is hereby reinstated. The tax credit shall total $7,500 for the purchase of new electric vehicles and $4,000 for the purchase of used electric vehicles. Additionally, the Electric Vehicle Home Charger Credit shall be reinstated, amounting to $1,000 for the installation of an electric vehicle charging port in a taxpayer's home.

SECTION 2. These credits shall apply to fully electric vehicles (those that operate from battery power alone) and plug-in hybrids (those which can be charged to operate solely from their battery for some period).

SECTION 3. This legislation shall be overseen by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS).

SECTION 4. This legislation shall take effect on December 31, 2026, and shall result in these credits being made available for all taxpayers filing their 2026 returns.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Onshore Pharmaceutical Production

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

SECTION 1. All pharmaceuticals sold in the United States and its territories must in turn be manufactured within the United States and its territories, although ingredients may still be sourced from abroad.

SECTION 2. Pharmaceuticals shall be defined as “articles recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia, official Homoeopathic Pharmacopoeia of the United States, or official National Formulary, or any supplement to any of them; and (B) articles intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in man or other animals; and (C) articles (other than food) intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of man or other animals; and (D) articles intended for use as a component of any article specified in clause (A), (B), or (C)" (21 U.S. Code § 321(g)(1)).

SECTION 3. This legislation shall be overseen by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).

SECTION 4. This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2028.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Promote Law and Order

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

SECTION 1. Congress hereby establishes a fund of $500 million per year to be made available to law enforcement agencies throughout the United States and its territories to enable them to purchase and maintain automated license plate readers such as Flock cameras to be used to prevent and combat crime.

SECTION 2. The Department of Justice shall oversee the disbursement of these funds and shall additionally be responsible for ensuring law enforcement agencies design robust, ethical policies to safeguard against abuses of this technology and that they execute those policies with fidelity, lest their access to funding be revoked.

SECTION 3. This legislation shall take effect at the start of the next fiscal year.

SECTION 4. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Ban the Production and Installation of Quartz Countertops

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

SECTION 1. Henceforth, countertops produced in the United States and its territories may not exceed 1% crystalline silica by weight, and contractors are furthermore prohibited from installing countertops that exceed this guideline.

SECTION 2. Manufacturers and contractors are encouraged to begin an immediate transition toward alternatives such as recycled glass and porcelain, mineral/ceramic composite slabs containing less than 1% silica, and stones like granite, quartzite, and marble.

SECTION 3. Manufacturers and contractors that violate this legislation shall be liable to civil lawsuits from anyone who suffers health problems as a result of their neglect.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall be jointly overseen by the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) and the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC).

SECTION 5. This legislation shall take effect 180 days from passage.

SECTION 6. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

The Red Tape Sunset Act

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

SECTION 1. All government agencies at the federal, state, and territorial levels are mandated to set regular, recurring deadlines to review all of their regulations and eliminate those that are outdated, redundant, and/or unduly burdensome, particularly when those burdens fall on small businesses and the working class. Furthermore, agencies are henceforth required to repeal two regulations for each new regulation they enact.

SECTION 2. Each agency has one month from implementation to set their regulatory review schedule. Regulation reviews must occur at least once every four years, though agencies can choose to do this more frequently if desired.

SECTION 3. States and territories that do not adopt these provisions for their own government agencies shall lose access to the State Small Business Credit Initiative (SSBCI).

SECTION 4. This legislation shall be overseen at the federal level by the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (OIRA), which shall coordinate with other agencies at the federal level as well as relevant agencies in each state and territory to ensure broad implementation.

SECTION 5. This legislation shall take effect 180 days from passage.

SECTION 6. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Repatriate Alcatraz

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

SECTION 1. Alcatraz Island in California shall henceforth be held in trust for all Indigenous American peoples.

SECTION 2. The Bureau of Indian Affairs (BIA) shall take possession of Alcatraz and operate it as they see fit for the benefit and enjoyment of all of the peoples of the United States' 575 federally recognized tribes.

SECTION 3. The BIA shall oversee the implementation of this legislation in consultation with the National Park Service and the tribal governing council.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2027.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Resolution to Call for the Reversal of Bell-to-Bell Bans

WHEREAS Attempts to restrict technology use in schools may hinder students' ability to develop responsible technology habits and adapt to an increasingly digital world; and

WHEREAS Cell phones and other electronic devices, if used responsibly, can offer real educational benefits; and

WHEREAS Banning these devices outright fails to teach students how to manage these temptations in the real world; and

WHEREAS Depriving young people of their phones adds additional and traumatic stresses for students in this modern era of school shootings and lockdown drills; now, therefore be it

RESOLVED by the Congress here assembled that states and territories that have enacted bell-to-bell cell phone bans in K12 schools are encouraged to moderate or even fully reverse those policies; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED that Congress encourages schools to teach responsible cell phone use explicitly as part of a robust and relevant life skills curriculum.