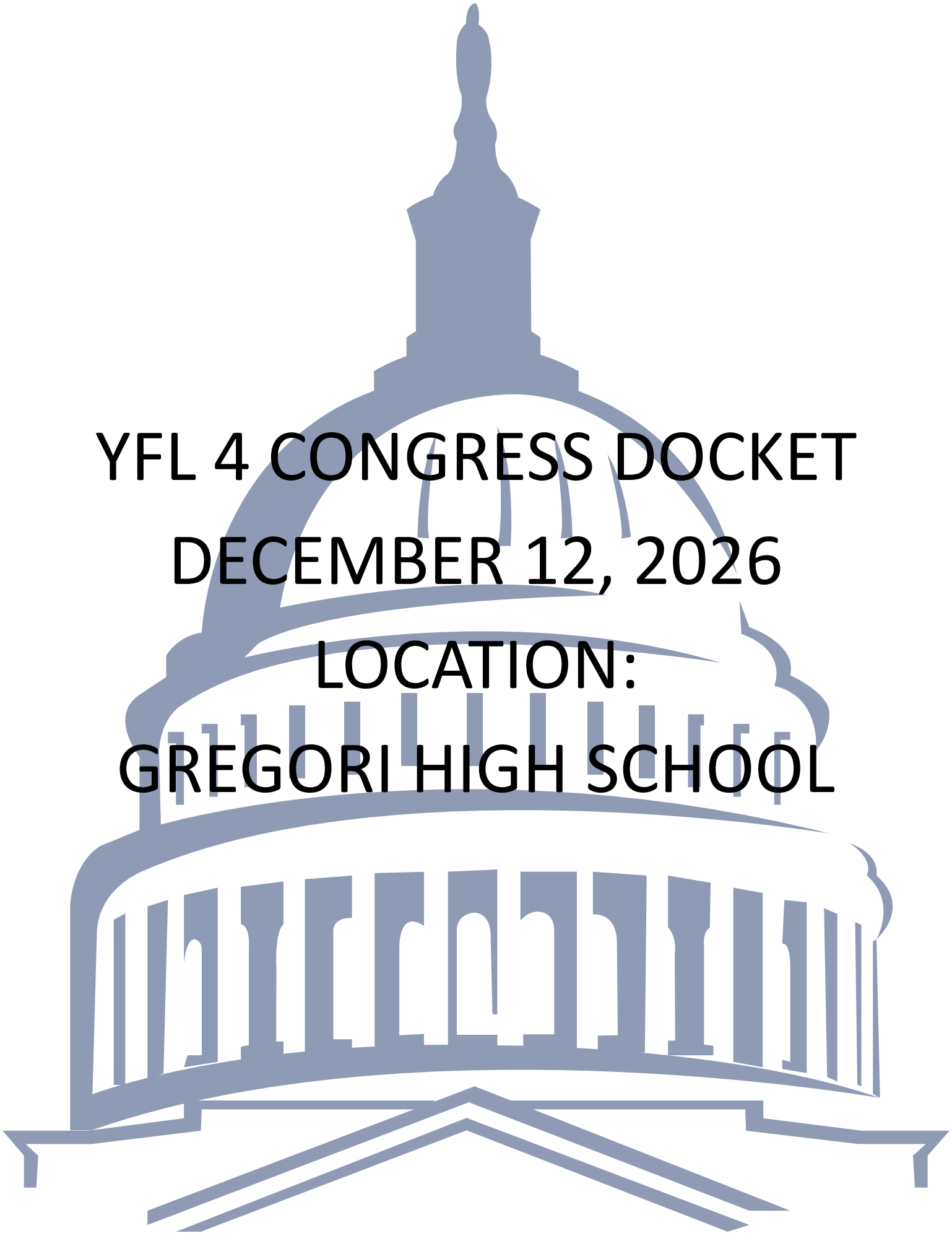


YFL 4 CONGRESS DOCKET

DECEMBER 12, 2026

LOCATION:

GREGORI HIGH SCHOOL

A Bill to Authorize Autonomous Artificial Intelligence Clinical Diagnostics in Medically Underserved Areas

Be it enacted by the Congress here assembled that:

SECTION 1. FDA-cleared autonomous artificial intelligence diagnostic software shall be authorized within designated Medically Underserved Areas (MUAs) to independently diagnose and treat only those primary care conditions expressly included within the software's FDA-cleared intended use, including issuance of non-controlled substance prescriptions within that authorized scope, without physician co-signature. Legal liability for clinical misdiagnosis or prescription errors resulting from software malfunction shall rest jointly with the software manufacturer and the credentialed deploying healthcare facility.

SECTION 2. Terms for this bill are defined as follows:

A. "Autonomous diagnostic software" shall refer to machine-learning clinical software capable of reaching diagnostic decisions without clinician intervention using patient-reported symptoms, medical history, clinical measurements, laboratory results, imaging, and other FDA-authorized clinical data.

B. "Medically Underserved Areas (MUAs)" shall mean geographic areas formally designated as medically underserved by the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) under applicable federal law.

SECTION 3. HRSA, in coordination with the FDA Digital Health Center of Excellence, shall oversee deployment and conduct quarterly safety and diagnostic-performance audits.

SECTION 4. Facilities shall have autonomous operating certification suspended when deployed software fails to meet condition-specific safety or diagnostic-performance benchmarks established by the FDA, pending review and corrective action.

SECTION 5. This legislation will take effect on May 2, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Prohibit Legacy and Donor Preferences in College Admissions

Be it enacted by the Congress here assembled that:

SECTION 1. No institution of higher education participating in any program under Title IV of the Higher Education Act of 1965 shall grant any preference in admissions to an applicant on the basis of that applicant's relationship to an alumnus of, or donor to, the institution.

SECTION 2. For purposes of this Act:

A. "Institution of higher education" shall be defined as in 20 U.S.C. § 1002.

B. "Preference" means any added weight, reserved seat, separate review process, or other advantage in the admissions decision. Alumni interviews or collection of alumni relationship information shall not constitute a preference unless they provide an admissions advantage.

C. "Donor" means any person or entity whose contribution or pledged contribution is considered by the institution in connection with an applicant's admissions review.

SECTION 3. The Department of Education shall enforce this Act. Each institution shall annually certify compliance and report to the Secretary of Education the number of admitted applicants with alumni or donor relationships.

SECTION 4. An institution found in violation may face a civil penalty of up to $1 million per academic year of noncompliance. An institution found in violation for two consecutive academic years may face a civil penalty of up to $5 million for each subsequent year of noncompliance.

SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2028.

SECTION 6. This Act shall supersede conflicting federal requirements to the extent permitted by law.

A Bill to Establish a Cognitive Competency Requirement for Firearm Purchases

Be it enacted by the Congress here assembled that:

SECTION 1. Any individual seeking to purchase a firearm shall first pass a standardized cognitive competency assessment demonstrating the ability to understand basic firearm-safety information, foreseeable consequences of firearm use, and the responsibilities of firearm ownership.

SECTION 2. For the purposes of this legislation:

A. A “cognitive assessment” is a standardized examination limited to firearm-safety comprehension, understanding foreseeable consequences of firearm use, and informed decision-making regarding firearm ownership.

B. The assessment shall not be designed to diagnose or determine the presence of a mental illness or other medical condition.

C. The Department of Justice shall establish a uniform national passing standard. The assessment shall be administered by a qualified professional or federally approved testing system. Individuals who do not pass may retake it after a minimum waiting period established by the Department.

D. An individual who receives an unsuccessful result shall have access to an appeal process administered by the Department of Justice.

SECTION 3. The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF), in coordination with the Department of Justice, shall oversee implementation and enforcement of this legislation.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on July 1st, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.