



Topic Area: [state your Topic Area]

CHSSA Area: [state your Area]

League: [state your League]

A California Bill to Remove Explicit Hostile Architecture to Alleviate Homelessness Pressures

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The construction, upkeep, or presence of hostile architecture be banned in major cities in California.

SECTION 2. Explicit Hostile Architecture is defined as any urban design that restricts sleeping, loitering, skateboarding, or any other behavior in public spaces

Major cities in California are defined as any city in California that has or exceeds a population of 500,000 people at the time of this bill being placed into effect

SECTION 3. The departments of public works in all major cities will oversee the enforcement of this bill

- A. Departments will hire or repurpose existing workers to identify offenses of this bill within the city, with pay for salaries allocated from the department's budget and the money gained from fines
- B. Each deemed offence under this bill will result in a fine of \$100, doubling every day until \$1,000 per day, until the obstruction is removed

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2030. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Poway High School.

A Bill to Regulate AI Enabled Video Surveillance Hardware

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** The use of AI to assist in mass surveillance through public surveillance
2 corporations such as Flock Group Inc. has led to a rise in public concern in
3 regards to monitoring, data collection, and use of footage. In order to
4 promote transparency with our government organizations that employ
5 these devices, Congress will regulate the use of AI in Video Surveillance
6 Hardware.

7 **SECTION 2.** Mass surveillance hardware can be defined as hardware consisting of smart
8 security cameras and recorders that analyze video feeds locally to detect
9 people, cars, and specific events in real time
10 AI used to assist in mass surveillance can be defined as using artificial
11 intelligence technologies like computer vision, facial recognition, and
12 machine learning algorithms to process footage from mass surveillance
13 hardware.

14 **SECTION 3.** This legislation will limit the access of footage to law enforcement agencies,
15 to aid in crime prevention. Under the following legislation, footage can only
16 be utilized to persecute individuals for criminal charges that are classified
 as felonies.

SECTION 4. This legislation will additionally enforce identity protection, which includes
 blurring faces, pixelating physical injuries, and muting names or private
 information when footage is shared or used. These redactions will be
 strategically used to protect victims, minors, and other sensitive
 individuals.

SECTION 5. This legislation shall be enforced and overseen by the Privacy and Civil
 Liberties Oversight Board. Consequences for breaches of company privacy
 protections include:

- A. A fine of \$300,000 for a first offense of breaching privacy policy.
- B. For every additional offense, the fine will be increased by \$100,000

SECTION 6. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2028. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Carlsbad High.



A Bill to Require Home & Human Health Education in Public High Schools

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. All public schools offering 9-12 grade education must include a
3 Home & Human Health course in graduation requirements.

4 SECTION 2. Home Health education shall entail managing of personal
5 finances, basic job preparation, cooking, and sewing as hand-on skills. Human
6 Health shall instruct in: mental/emotional health, maintaining relationships,
7 sexual/reproductive health, substance abuse prevention, and nutrition/diets.

8 SECTION 3. The Department of Education (DoE) shall oversee and allocate
9 grants towards states to support implementation of the course.

10 A. Furthermore, the DoE shall review state compliance semiannually and
11 evaluate violations appropriately.

12 B. In addition to the DoE, state-level agencies shall enforce graduation
13 requirements.

14 SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect in the 2028-2029 school year after
15 a trial period in selected high schools during the 2027-2028 school year .

16 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null
17 and void.

Introduced for Debate by Mission Vista High School.



A Bill to Limit the Use of Eminent Domain

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. Given that eminent domain has been historically misused, local, state, and
3 federal government agencies shall hereby be limited in their exercise of eminent domain.

4 SECTION 2. Eminent domain is defined as the right of the government to acquire private
5 property for public use without the consent of the owner.

6 SECTION 3. Eminent domain will be prohibited in all cases except for the following exemptions:

7 A. Military or national defense infrastructure;

8 B. Public utilities, which may include water, electricity, and gas generation and
9 distribution.

10 SECTION 4. No federal funds shall be provided to government agencies to exercise eminent
11 domain in ways that are prohibited under this bill.

12 SECTION 5. Nothing in this bill shall prohibit a government entity from purchasing private
13 property with the consent of the owner.

14 SECTION 6. This legislation will go into effect on January 1, 2027.

15 SECTION 7. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Debate by The Bishop's School