

**5th Annual
Season
Championship
Prelims
Legislation**

Four out of the six will be debated:

- 1.A Bill to Conditionalize Military Aid on Ceasefire Adherence
- 2.A Bill to Establish Nationwide Lower Drug Prices
- 3.A Bill to Kill Bail
- 4.The New Infrastructure for Americans Act (NIFA)
- 5.A Bill to Restrict the Use of AI in Healthcare
- 6.A Bill to Establish a Federal Student Loan Interest Rate Cap

A Bill to Conditionalize Military Aid on Ceasefire Adherence

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 2 **SECTION 1.** The United States Congress shall condition the export of
3 4 military aid to allies on their adherence to international treaties and
5 6 ceasefires, ensuring peacekeeping, incentivizing conflict resolution, and
7 8 maintaining US foreign policy objectives.

9 **SECTION 2.** A ceasefire and international treaty shall be defined as any
10 formally recognized agreement between two or more parties that is
11 binding and bilateral that establishes terms to end or reduce conflict
12 between states. Military aid shall be defined as monetary assistance,
13 military supplies, and weapons exports provided by the United States to
14 allied nations.

15 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Defense (DOD) shall work in
16 coordination with the US Department of State in order to administer this
17 legislation.

18 A. The Department of State shall monitor situations in which allied nations
19 violate ceasefires or agreements and shall escalate verified
20 non-compliance reports to the DOD.

21 B. Upon notification, the DOD shall cease all military aid exports to the
22 nation in question within a period of 30 days.

23 C. All aid shall pause until the Department of State deems the nation as in
 compliance with the agreement or ceasefire after an additional 30 day
 waiting period.

 D. The DOD, and Department of State shall issue monthly reports to the
 Government Accountability Office (GAO) for oversight.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in
conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Establish Nationwide Lower Drug Prices

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The United States shall establish a national drug price negotiation program to negotiate and determine the maximum prices for covered drugs sold in the United States.

SECTION 2. The covered drugs are the top 50 drugs as determined by sales value in US dollars. The maximum price will be the result of negotiations between the US government and pharmaceutical companies. The mechanism and structure of negotiations will mirror procedures set out in drug negotiation programs under the Inflation Reduction Act of 2022.

SECTION 3. The United States Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) will oversee and enforce this program.

A. Drug negotiations and any prices adjustments will occur on an annual basis.

B. Any non-compliant pharmaceutical company will not have any of their drugs, whether in the top 50 or not, covered by any United States federal government program, including Medicare, Medicaid, and Veterans' healthcare, until the company agrees to negotiations with the HHS.

C. The maximum price for covered drugs must be lower than the current market price.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Kill Bail

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The United States shall hereby abolish the practice of setting cash-based bail while awaiting trial for violation of federal law.

A. Those who are currently in jail on cash bail will be released without paying said bail. Their court summons for their accused crime shall stand.

B. If a federal prosecutor wishes to detain the accused persons prior to trial, they must prove in a U.S. federal District Court that the person is a genuine threat to either themselves or others.

SECTION 2. “Cash based bail” is defined as a financial arrangement where a court requires a defendant to pay a specific sum of money to be released from jail while awaiting trial. “A genuine threat” is defined as someone who poses immediate danger, physical or emotional, to others or to themselves.

SECTION 3. The Department of Justice (DOJ) shall oversee the enforcement of this legislation.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

The New Infrastructure for Americans Act (NIFA)

1 BEITENACTEDBY THECONGRESS HEREASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall construct and maintain a high-speed rail system
3 connected through major metropolitan areas in the Midwestern United
4 States. The project will be developed in collaboration with Amtrak.

5 **SECTION 2.** The following are key terms in this legislation:

6 A. High-Speed Rail System shall be defined as a network of tracks for
7 passenger trains that travel at least 155 miles per hour (or 250
8 kilometers per hour).

9 B. Midwestern United States shall be defined as the 12 states creating
10 the North Central United States as listed by the U.S. Census Bureau.

11 C. Major Metropolitan Areas will include the following: Chicago (IL),
12 Detroit (MI), Minneapolis (MN), Milwaukee (WI), Cincinnati (OH),
13 Kansas City (MO), Omaha (NE), Des Moines (IA), St. Louis (MO),
14 Indianapolis (IN), Lincoln (NE), Cleveland (OH), Madison (WI).

15 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Transportation (DOT) will plan and propose the
16 project with estimated costs of production.

17 A. Funding for the railway will be reallocated over eight years from the
18 Department of Defense.

19 B. The project plan will be reviewed by the House Committee on
20 Transportation and Infrastructure.

21 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect 90 days after passage. All laws in conflict
22 with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Restrict the Use of AI in Healthcare

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The utilization of Artificial Intelligence and Large Language Models is
3 prohibited in healthcare settings unless a human operator maintains
4 decision-making authority throughout the entire process. Proper control
5 measures must be in place at all times in case the technologies
6 mentioned above are implemented.

7 **SECTION 2.** "Artificial Intelligence" refers to any system that can decide on its own
8 without any involvement from humans. "Large Language Models" are the
9 chatbot systems that can understand human language and create
10 answers by themselves.

11 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Health and Human Services will be responsible for the
12 enforcement of this legislation. Violations of this bill by healthcare
13 providers will result in fines of at least \$150,000 for each infraction.

14 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2026. All laws in conflict with
15 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Establish a Federal Student Loan Interest Rate Cap

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The United States federal government shall establish a maximum interest rate of 3% on all federally issued student loans.

SECTION 2. For the purposes of this legislation:

A. “Federally issued student loans” shall be defined as any loan provided or guaranteed by the United States Department of Education for postsecondary education.

B. "Interest rate" shall be defined as the percentage charged annually on the unpaid balance of a loan.

SECTION 3. The United States Department of Education shall be responsible for the implementation and enforcement of this legislation.

A. Existing federally issued student loans shall have their interest rates adjusted to comply with Section 1 within one year of enactment.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall take effect at the start of the fiscal year following its passage. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.