



2026  
IDAHO HIGH SCHOOL

# DEBATE

## STATE CHAMPIONSHIPS

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# Idaho State Debate Congressional Legislation Packet

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## A Bill to Add Tax Incentives for Green Construction

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Upon passage of this legislation, all future commercial and governmental  
3 construction that uses low-emission materials for public infrastructure  
4 shall receive a tax credit. The incentive shall be no less than 5% and not  
5 to exceed 10% for the purchase of said materials. Personal projects that  
6 spend \$500,000 or more will also be eligible for a maximum credit of 5%.

7 **SECTION 2.** Green construction shall be defined as construction that uses low-  
8 emission materials. This can include but is not limited to: recycled steel,  
9 low-carbon concrete, and cross-laminated timber. Public infrastructure  
10 shall be defined as any piece of construction that is utilized by the  
11 general public. This can include but is not limited to: roads, bridges, and  
12 office buildings. And personal projects will be defined as construction  
13 operations that are carried out by an individual or small company for  
14 personal gain and/or use.

15 **SECTION 3.** This bill shall be jointly enforced to properly oversee its implementation.  
16 The Environmental Protection Agency will be required to observe the  
17 "greenness" of the materials. The Department of Transportation shall  
18 validate the purpose of the construction. And the International Revenue  
19 Service will ensure that the tax credit is properly distributed to those who  
20 have met the requirements.

21 A. Funds for the tax credits will be sourced from the reallocation  
22 of \$10 billion from the Department of Defense.

23 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027.

24 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

## A Bill to Cap Prescription Drug Prices Based on International Standards

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. The United States shall implement federal limits on prescription drug  
3 prices based on international benchmarks to ensure affordability for all citizens

4 SECTION 2.

- 5 A. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) shall be  
6 responsible for establishing and enforcing a federal price cap system for all  
7 brand-name prescription drugs sold in the United States.  
8 B. The maximum allowable price for any prescription drug shall be no higher than  
9 the median price of that same drug in the following nations: The United  
10 Kingdom, Canada, Germany, France, Japan

11 SECTION 3.

- 12 A. HHS shall maintain a public federal database listing approved price caps, to be  
13 reviewed and updated annually.  
14 B. Any drug that was developed with 25 percent or more federal research funding  
15 shall be subject to an additional 10 percent reduction in its allowable maximum  
16 price.  
17 C. All manufacturers, distributors, and pharmacies must comply with the price caps  
18 set by HHS to sell prescription drugs in the United States

19 SECTION 4.

- 20 A. The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) shall assist HHS in monitoring  
21 compliance with this Act.  
22 B. Any company found in violation shall be fined three times the revenue obtained  
23 from sales above the capped price.  
24 C. Repeated or willful violations may result in the revocation of authorization to  
25 market or sell drugs in the United States.

26 SECTION 5

- 27 A. Funding for implementation and enforcement of this Act shall come from  
28 the existing federal pharmaceutical rebate collections administered by HHS.  
29 B. All fines and penalties collected under Section 4 shall be deposited into a  
30 Prescription Price Oversight Fund, which shall be used exclusively to cover the  
31 administrative and operational costs of this Act.  
32 C. No funds shall be drawn from Medicare, Medicaid, or any other public healthcare  
33 benefits program.  
34 D. No new federal taxes shall be created to fund this Act.

35 SECTION 6. This legislation shall take effect one year after passage and shall sunset  
36 after ten years, unless renewed by Congress following review by the U.S.  
37 Department of Health and Human Services. All laws in conflict with this  
38 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

## A Bill to Establish a Civic Service Scholarship Program

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall establish the American Civic Service Scholarship Program, a  
3 voluntary national service initiative providing educational grants of \$25,000 to  
4 eligible participants who complete two consecutive years of approved national  
5 service consisting of no fewer than 75 hours per month and a minimum of 900  
6 total service hours per year.

7 **SECTION 2.** For the purposes of this legislation:

8 (a) "Approved national service" shall include participation in programs  
9 administered by AmeriCorps, Peace Corps, or other federally certified service  
10 initiatives focused on education, disaster response, environmental conservation,  
11 rural healthcare support, or infrastructure resilience.

12 (b) "Educational grant" shall refer to federal funds disbursed directly to an  
13 accredited institution of higher education or applied toward repayment of  
14 federally backed student loans.

15 (c) "Eligible participant" shall mean a United States citizen or lawful permanent  
16 resident who is at least eighteen years of age at the time of enrollment and who  
17 successfully completes all required service hour obligations.

18 **SECTION 3.** (a) The Corporation for National and Community Service shall administer and  
19 enforce the American Civic Service Scholarship Program.

20 (b) The Corporation for National and Community Service shall formally collaborate  
21 with the United States Department of Education to develop standardized eligibility  
22 verification procedures, service hour tracking systems, scholarship disbursement  
23 protocols, and compliance auditing mechanisms.

24 (c) The Corporation for National and Community Service shall submit an annual  
25 report to Congress detailing enrollment numbers, completion rates, fiscal  
26 expenditures, and measurable community impact outcomes.

27 (d) Funding for the program shall be appropriated annually by Congress and shall  
28 guarantee full scholarship awards to all participants who meet program  
29 requirements.

30 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on FY 2028. All laws in conflict with this legislation  
31 are hereby declared null and void.

## A Bill to Establish Free Driver's Education

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Driver's education programs shall be provided at no cost to all eligible  
3 public high school students.

4 **SECTION 2.** "Driver's education" shall be defined as state-approved courses that  
5 instruct students in traffic laws, safe driving practices, and practical vehicle  
6 operation, inside a classroom or behind the wheel training.

7 "Eligible students" shall be defined as public high school students who  
8 meet their state's minimum age requirements for driver education.

9 "No cost" shall be defined as no fees being be charged to students or their  
10 families for instruction, instructional materials, or required driving hours  
11 for the purpose of this program.

12 **SECTION 3.** The United States Department of Education, in coordination with State  
13 Departments' of Motor Vehicles, shall oversee the implementation and  
14 enforcement of this legislation.

15 A. The Department of Education shall have the power to freeze any and  
16 all State's Federal Education funding until "Section One (1)" is enacted.

17 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect at the start of the 2027 - 2028 school year.

## A Bill to Ban Medical Patents

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** No new medical patents shall be issued by the U.S. Patent and Trademark  
2 Office. All existing medical patents shall continue to exist until they expire.
- 3 **SECTION 2.** Medical patents shall be defined as a legal right for a new invention in the  
4 healthcare field that excludes others from making, using, selling, or offering  
5 to sell the subject matter of the patent.
- 6 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, the Department of Commerce, and  
7 the Department of Health and Human Services will oversee enforcement  
8 along with the specific enforcement mechanism.
- 9       A. Current medical patents cannot be renewed nor extended by  
10       patent holders or any other individual or corporation.
- 11       B. Any patents pending on the date that this legislation takes effect  
12       will be exempt from this legislation.
- 13 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this  
14 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

# A Bill to Grant More Federal Funding To The Department of Education

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1:** The Department of Education shall receive more federal funding to give to schools across the country  
2 that are disadvantaged financially. The Department of Education shall be granted \$1 trillion over 8  
3 years to execute this. For each year, \$125 billion would be given to the ED.

4 A. To make up the \$1 trillion, the federal government, working alongside the IRS, would  
5 establish a new tax bracket designed for those who make/earn over \$2million a year. Those  
6 who abide in this tax bracket would pay a 12% increase in their taxes.

7 B. The ED will allocate \$80 billion of the \$125 billion and put it towards programs and  
8 services for K-12. The rest of the money (\$45B) will go back into the department and go  
9 towards its various sub-components.

10 **SECTION 2:** The ED will work with the U.S. Census Bureau to gather information about schools around the  
11 country that require funding to function and operate. The ED will also be working alongside the IES  
12 (Institute of Education Sciences) to gather research and address future challenges for education.

13 **SECTION 3:** Congress shall *oversee* the implementation of this bill and ensure that the Department of Education  
14 allocates the given funds appropriately to itself and the schools that need these funds through  
15 communicating with state and local governments. Congress will hold the ED accountable, and *if*  
16 needed, Congress will investigate the ED if funds are not appropriated as given through both the  
17 House Committee on Education and Workforce, and the Senate HELP Committee.

18 A. The Department of Education at the start of the next fiscal year shall distribute funding  
19 across its top priority sub-components (Mainly the OESE, FSA, OSERS, OELA, OCR,  
20 OPEPD, and the IES) to better provide for students across the country in education.

21 B. The SEC. ED will be responsible for checking in with the Financial Literacy and  
22 Education Commission and the Office of the Chief Financial Officer *monthly* to see that  
23 funds are being used properly by state & local governments.

24 C. If funds given to the ED are mishandled or not distributed properly, the department will  
25 be forced to comply with investigations and committee hearings, led by those in the House  
26 Education and Workforce Committee, and the Senate HELP Committee. If funds *are* found  
27 to have been mishandled, the Office of the Inspector General would conduct audits on  
28 funding and its whereabouts, and investigations would be conducted. The OIG would also  
29 be working with the Comptroller General of the U.S. Both the Inspector General and  
30 Comptroller General are a part of GAO, which serves as a nonpartisan agency.

31 **SECTION 4:** This legislation will be enacted at the beginning of the next fiscal year; any laws in conflict with this bill  
32 will be declared null and void.

## A Resolution to Implement Electric Roads to Charge Electric and Hybrid Cars as They Drive

1           **WHEREAS,**     The widespread reliance on fossil fuels for transportation  
2 significantly contributes to climate change and energy instability.

3           **WHEREAS,**     Existing electric vehicle charging infrastructure is inconvenient  
4 and insufficient, limiting EV adoption and failing to meet the urgent need for a  
5 ubiquitous, sustainable, and continuous charging solution that eliminates range  
6 anxiety and accelerates the transition to zero-emission transport.

7           **WHEREAS,**     This infrastructure gap perpetuates a heavy reliance on rare-earth  
8 mineral mining for massive battery packs and results in significant "dead time" for  
9 commercial and private transit, stalling economic productivity and maintaining  
10 high carbon emissions; and

11           **WHEREAS,**     The implementation of Inductive Charging and Conductive Power  
12 Transfer technologies within the national highway system would drastically reduce  
13 the size and cost of EV batteries, lower the barrier to entry for consumers, and  
14 create a resilient, self-sustaining energy grid that supports the future of  
15 autonomous and long-haul transport; now, therefore, be it

16           **RESOLVED,**     That the Congress here assembled, that the U.S. Department of  
17 Transportation, in coordination with the Department of Energy, shall establish a  
18 federal pilot program to integrate dynamic wireless power transfer technology  
19 into the National Highway System; and, be it

20           **FURTHER RESOLVED,** That this program prioritize the conversion of high-traffic  
21 commercial corridors to Electric Roads, utilizing federal grants to incentivize  
22 state-level infrastructure partnerships and the standardization of vehicle-to-road  
23 charging.  
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## A Bill to End Child Marriage

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

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**SECTION 1.** Child marriage is now considered a legal offense. No exceptions will be given based on parental or ecclesiastical permission.

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**SECTION 2.** Child marriage shall be defined as the official union and legal recognition of a committed relationship between two individuals, where one or both of them are under the age of 18.

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**SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice shall oversee this legislation. Punishments for noncompliance will be as follows: any person over the age of 18 who enters into a marriage with someone under the age of 18 post passage of this legislation will be prosecuted for violation of relevant sex crime laws. Any officiant who officiates a child marriage will lose their liscence and be fined 10,000 dollars per infraction.

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**SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

## A Bill to Establish the Federal Cybersecurity Operations Corps

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The Federal Cybersecurity Operations Corps (FCOC), shall be established  
3 to recruit, train, and deploy ethical hackers to proactively identify,  
4 infiltrate, and dismantle illegal digital infrastructures and strengthen  
5 federal cybersecurity defenses.

6 **SECTION 2.** Definitions will be as follows:

7 A. Ethical Hacker: An individual authorized by the government to access  
8 computer systems, networks, or digital platforms to identify vulnerabilities  
9 or illegal activities.

10 B. Cyber Threat: Any unauthorized digital activity, intrusion, or platform that  
11 poses a risk to national security or the public interest.

12 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Homeland Security will oversee the FCOC.

13 A. The Corps shall operate independently from existing agencies but can  
14 collaborate with the Federal Bureau of Investigation Cyber Division and  
15 United States Cyber Command.

16 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with  
17 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

## The Lorax Bill

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1           **SECTION 1.** All future agricultural expansion projects that contribute to  
2           deforestation must have plans checked by the NRCS (Natural Resource  
3           Conservation Service) to be approved.

4           **SECTION 2.** Agricultural Expansion: The process of expanding land used  
5           for agricultural purposes (Farming, Raising Animals, etc.)  
6           Deforestation: The act of clearing a large area of trees, for the context of  
7           this bill large area will be equal to 10+ trees cut.

8           **SECTION 3.** The NRCS (Natural Resource Conservation Service) will be  
9           overseeing this legislation.

10          A. Requests for Agricultural Expansion will be sent to the NRCS and they  
11          will either approve or deny the request.

12          B. If funding is needed, it will be taken in small amounts from the  
13          Department of Agriculture's budget.

14          **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2027

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## A Bill to Create Waters Accountability and Technical Environmental Regulation

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall adopt a revised definition of "Waters of the United States"  
3 (WOTUS) to clarify the scope of federal jurisdiction under the Clean Water Act.

4 **SECTION 2.** **Jurisdictional Waters** shall be defined and limited to:

5 A. Traditional navigable waters and the territorial seas.

6 B. Tributaries of traditional navigable waters that exhibit "relatively  
7 permanent" flow, meaning they connect to downstream navigable waters  
8 through a continuous bed and bank.

9 C. Adjacent wetlands and relatively permanent lakes or ponds that possess a  
10 "continuous surface connection" to a jurisdictional water.

11 **Continuous Surface Connection** is defined as having surface water at least during  
12 the wet season and physically "abutting" (touching) a jurisdictional water.

13 Relatively Permanent refers to waters that are standing or continuously flowing  
14 during at least certain times of a typical year.

15 **Federal jurisdiction** shall be severed for any upstream reach if a non-relatively  
16 permanent feature (such as an ephemeral ditch or dry channel) breaks the flow to  
17 a downstream jurisdictional water.

18 Exclusions: The following are explicitly excluded from federal jurisdiction:

19 A. Groundwater.

20 B. Prior converted cropland used for agricultural purposes.

21 C. Waste treatment systems, including treatment ponds or lagoons.

22 D. Ditches that do not meet the criteria for traditional navigable waters or  
23 jurisdictional tributaries.

24 **SECTION 3.** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers  
25 shall oversee the implementation of this act.

26 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this  
27 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

# A Bill to End Gerrymandering in the United States

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Every State must form a politically independent redistricting committee  
3 with the goal of ending gerrymandering and political polarization  
4 regarding Congressional boundaries. A nonpartisan federal committee  
5 will be formed to oversee and provide guidelines for independent state  
6 committees.

7 **SECTION 2.** Terms will be defined as:

8 A. Independent Redistricting Committee: Independent Redistricting  
9 Commissions (IRCs) are a voter-centric reform that ensures voters,  
10 not politicians, decide how electoral districts are drawn.

11 B. Gerrymandering: The manipulation of an electoral constituency's  
12 boundaries so as to favor one party or class.

13 **SECTION 3.** Legislators themselves would not sit on these committees but may  
14 oversee the process. Ordinary citizens, nonpartisan experts (ie. retired  
15 judges), and/or nonelected leaders of both major political parties can  
16 serve on these committees. States will have the right to decide how these  
17 people will be appointed to this job.

18 **SECTION 4.** This bill will be overseen by an independent federal state election  
19 committee formed along consistent federal nonpartisan guidelines.

20 **SECTION 5.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with  
21 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

# A Bill to Prohibit the Distribution of Materially Deceptive Deepfake Media in Federal Elections to Protect Electoral Integrity

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The distribution of materially deceptive synthetic media depicting a federal candidate  
3 engaging in speech or conduct that did not occur is hereby prohibited in paid  
4 political advertisements and campaign communications for federal elections.

5 **SECTION 2.** A. Let “Synthetic media” be defined as any audio, video, or image content that has  
6 been substantially generated or altered using artificial intelligence or machine  
7 learning techniques.

8 B. Let “Materially deceptive media” be defined as media that a reasonable person  
9 would believe accurately depicts a real individual’s speech or actions when, in fact,  
10 the depicted event did not occur.

11 C. The term “Federal candidate” refers to any individual seeking election to the  
12 United States House of Representatives, United States Senate, or the Office of the  
13 President or Vice President.

14 D. Let “Political advertisement” be defined as any paid public communication  
15 distributed through broadcast, cable, satellite, digital platform, or print media  
16 advocating for or against a federal candidate.

17 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Election Commission (FEC) shall oversee enforcement of this legislation.

18 A. Any person or entity found to have knowingly distributed materially deceptive  
19 synthetic media in violation of this Act shall be subject to civil penalties not  
20 exceeding \$100,000 per violation.

21 B. Federal candidates depicted in violation of this Act may seek expedited  
22 injunctive relief in federal district court to prevent continued distribution of such  
23 media.

24 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation  
25 are hereby declared null and void.

## A Bill to Enact a Land Value Tax

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** A federal land value tax of 5% annually on the unimproved value of all  
3 land parcels exceeding one acre in size, excluding primary residences on  
4 parcels of five acres or less shall be enacted. Revenues collected shall be  
5 distributed as follows: 30% to the Center for Disease Control and  
6 Prevention, 30% to the Department of Housing and Urban Development,  
7 30% to repaying the national debt, and 10% to the Internal Revenue  
8 Service.

9 **SECTION 2.** A. "Land value tax" shall be defined as a levy on the unimproved value of  
10 land, excluding the value of buildings, structures, crops, or other  
11 improvements.

12 B. "Unimproved value" shall be defined as the market value of land in its  
13 natural state, determined by comparable sales of vacant land in similar  
14 locations.

15 C. "Primary residence" shall be defined as a dwelling where the property  
16 owner resides for at least six months per calendar year.

17 **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service shall oversee the implementation and  
18 collection of this tax.

19 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with  
20 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

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# A Bill to Prohibit Phone Bans for Middle and High School Students

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** No public school administration, school district, or state legislature shall enact or enforce any policy that would affect a student's ability to use their personal cellular device during the school day for grades 6-12.

**SECTION 2.** "Public School" shall be defined as an educational institution meant for K-12 students that is supported or wholly funded by public funds.

"School Administration" shall be defined as any person or persons who are employed to create/enforce policies for a public school or district.

"School District" shall be defined as the governing entity of a unit of local public schools.

"State Legislature" is defined as the law-making body of a single state.

"Phone Ban" is defined as any law or policy that prohibits or largely restricts one's usage of a cellular device and any other devices used for communication, such as smartwatches, tablets, and any other electronic devices for telecommunication and electronic communication.

**SECTION 3.** The State Department of Education shall oversee the implementation of this bill.

A. Failure to comply with this bill will result in the loss of federal funds.

B. This bill does not interfere with a teacher's ability to regulate electronic usage within the classroom, nor does it interfere with the ability of administrators to administer electronic-related consequences for individual students.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on July 1, 2026

**SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

# Final Round Legislation

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## A Resolution to Develop Funding for Underwater Exploration Projects

- 1 WHEREAS, Underwater exploration had not been a focus of government exploration;  
2 and  
3 WHEREAS, Underwater exploration would increase understanding of our  
4 environment; and  
5 WHEREAS, Underwater exploration is currently underfunded; now therefore, be it  
6 RESOLVED, That the Congress here assembled develop funding for underwater  
7 exploration projects; and, be it  
8 FURTHER RESOLVED, That funding options shall be developed for the 2027 legislative  
9 session.

## A Bill to expand WIC to include diapers

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1           SECTION 1.   Recipients of the Special Supplemental Nutrition Program  
2           for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC) may now use benefits from their  
3           EBT cards to purchase WIC-approved diapers from authorized WIC grocery  
4           stores.
- 5           SECTION 2.   The Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,  
6           Infants, and Children (WIC) is defined as a federally funded program that  
7           provides benefits for low-income women, infants, and children.
- 8           SECTION 3.   The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) and the  
9           Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) shall oversee the enforcement and  
10          implementation of the described bill.
- 11          A.   The FNS shall cooperate with the Consumer Product Safety Commission  
12          (CPSC) to determine and regulate which diaper products are eligible for  
13          purchase using WIC benefits.
- 14          B.   Funding for the benefits described in the bill shall be derived from  
15          already apportioned funds designated for the WIC.
- 16          C.   Funding for the bill's regulation shall be derived from already  
17          apportioned funds designated for the FNS and CPSC.
- 18          SECTION 4.   This legislation will take effect FY 2027. All laws in conflict  
with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

## **A Bill to Eliminate Tax Exemption Laws for Uncharitable Religious Institutions**

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** Religious institutions receiving federal tax-exempt status are actively contributing to community welfare. Religious institutions must allocate at least 20% of their annual income toward verified charitable activities to maintain or receive tax-exempt status.

**SECTION 2.**

- A. "Religious Institution" shall be defined as any organization primarily engaged in the practice, advancement, or instruction of religion, and currently classified or seeking classification under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- B. "Charitable Work" shall be defined as activities that provide measurable public benefit including any activity that meets the IRS standard for charitable purposes under federal law. Charitable work shall not include expenditures for worship services, religious instruction, staff salaries, building maintenance, or proselytization.
- C. "Income" shall be defined as all revenue received by the institution in a fiscal year including donations, tithes, fundraising proceeds, investments, rental income, and any other financial assets or inflows.

**SECTION 3.** The IRS would oversee the implementation and enforcement of this bill. Religious institutions shall submit an annual Charitable Contribution Report, detailing their total annual income, total amount spent on qualifying charitable work, and documentation supporting expenditures.

- A. If an institution fails to meet the 20% charitable contribution threshold, its tax-exempt status shall be denied or revoked.
- B. Institutions whose status has been revoked may reapply after demonstrating full compliance for one complete fiscal year.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on October 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

## A Bill to Establish Federal Accountability and Oversight Standards for Immigration and Customs Enforcement to Ensure Constitutional Compliance and Public Transparency

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) shall be subject to federally  
3 mandated training standards, public use-of-force reporting requirements, and  
4 independent oversight through the Department of Homeland Security Office of  
5 Inspector General.

6 **SECTION 2.** A. "ICE" refers to United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement within the  
7 Department of Homeland Security.

8 B. "Use of force" means any application of physical, non-lethal, or lethal force by  
9 an ICE officer during the course of enforcement activity.

10 C. "Detention facility" means any facility operated, contracted, or utilized by ICE to  
11 detain individuals pending immigration proceedings or removal.

12 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Homeland Security (DHS), through the Office of Inspector  
13 General, shall conduct annual audits of ICE training programs to ensure instruction  
14 includes constitutional law, lawful arrest procedures, and de-escalation  
15 techniques.

16 A. ICE shall not reduce baseline training hours below federally established  
17 minimum standards set by DHS.

18 B. The Office of Inspector General shall possess authority to recommend corrective  
19 action plans and refer findings of misconduct to the Department of Justice when  
20 appropriate.

21 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect July 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation  
22 are hereby declared null and void.

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## A Bill to Reform Draft Policy

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The legal age of eligibility for draft through the selective service program  
3 shall be raised from 18 to 21, and all genders shall be required to register  
4 for selective service.

5 **SECTION 2.** A. "Draft" shall be defined as the compulsory conscription of citizens to  
6 military service.

7 B. "Household" shall be defined as all individuals who reside together in  
8 the same household.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Defense shall be allocated 500 million to carry out the  
10 policy.

11 A. Individuals registered for selective service who are currently under  
12 the age of eligibility will not be considered in the event of a draft.

13 B. In a single household no more than one individual may be drafted,  
14 the drafted individual may be substituted by an eligible member of  
15 the household if both parties consent.

16 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect July 1<sup>st</sup>, 2027.

## A Bill to Prohibit the Use of Tear Gas on Public City Streets

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** The use and possession of tear gas by law enforcement agencies on public  
2 city streets and in open civilian areas is hereby prohibited.

3 **SECTION 2.** Tear gas is defined as any chemical designed to irritate the eyes, skin, or  
4 respiratory system for crowd control purposes.

5 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice will enforce this legislation, in coordination with  
6 the Department of Homeland Security, as well as state and local law  
7 enforcement agencies. Enforcement shall be limited to regulating the use  
8 of tear gas and should not authorize the seizure of legally owned tear gas.  
9 The Department of Homeland Security's role should be limited to  
10 overseeing law enforcement agencies and coordinating matters involving  
11 public safety on federal property located within city limits.

12 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on October 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with  
13 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.  
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## A Bill to Allow Medical Aid in Dying

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** A policy is hereby established to allow any citizen to request and receive  
3 the assistance of a *licensed doctor* for *Medical Aid in Dying (MAID)*, for  
4 *chronic illnesses*. This policy permits the use of appropriate funds for any  
5 item or service intended to cause or assist in suicide, including *active*  
6 *euthanasia*, under the terms outlined in this Act.

7 **SECTION 2.** **A.** *Medical Aid in Dying (MAID)* is defined as a legally authorized death,  
8 carried out by a licensed doctor or health professional, in accordance  
9 with applicable laws.

10 **B.** *Licensed doctor* refers to an individual authorized by a state or federal  
11 government to provide healthcare services. This ensures adherence to  
12 professional and ethical standards.

13 **C.** *Active euthanasia* is defined as deliberate action taken to end the life  
14 of a person suffering from an incurable illness or condition with the  
15 intention of relieving pain or suffering.

16 **SECTION 3.** For the purposes of this Act, references to *appropriate funds* shall include  
17 funds appropriated to the District of Columbia.

18 **A.** This Act authorizes grants and contracts for the following purposes:  
19 Medical education that specializes in (MAID). Procurement of euthanasia  
20 drugs and related technologies. Programs to evaluate and issue grants,  
21 and assess the social, medical, and ethical impact of mercy killings.

22 **B.** All grant applications and related programs shall undergo rigorous  
23 review by designated boards to determine eligibility, ensure proper  
24 procedures are followed, and verify that ethical and professional  
25 standards are upheld.

26 **SECTION 4.** This Act shall take effect two years from the date of its passage.

27 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

## A Bill to Establish the United States Foreign Legion

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2           **SECTION 1.** The United States shall establish the United States Foreign  
3 Legion (USFL) as a specialized branch within the Department of the Army,  
4 composed of foreign nationals commanded by United States military  
5 officers.

6           **SECTION 2. Foreign National:** Any individual who is not a citizen or  
7 national of the United States.

8                           **Expedited Naturalization:** The process of granting  
9 citizenship to a Legionnaire after three years of honorable service or  
10 immediately upon being wounded in combat.

11           **SECTION 3.** The Department of Defense, in coordination with the  
12 Department of Homeland Security, shall oversee the implementation and  
13 enforcement of this act.

14           A. The Department of the Army shall be responsible for recruitment,  
15 training, and operational deployment.

16           B. The United States Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) shall  
17 process all naturalization applications resulting from Legion service.

18           **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2027. All  
19 laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

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## A Resolution to Ask For The Reversal Of *Roper v. Simmons*

- 1   **WHEREAS,**   The Supreme Court ruling *Roper v. Simmons* (2005) abolished the death  
2                   penalty for offenders who committed crimes while under the age of 18;  
3                   and
- 4   **WHEREAS,**   This decision removed the ability of states to determine appropriate  
5                   sentencing for the most heinous crimes committed by juvenile offenders,  
6                   undermining the authority of state legislatures and judicial systems; and
- 7   **WHEREAS,**   The ruling was based on evolving standards of decency and international  
8                   opinion rather than a strict interpretation of the Constitution, setting a  
9                   dangerous precedent for judicial activism over legislative authority; and
- 10 **WHEREAS,**   Certain juvenile offenders, despite their age, commit crimes demonstrating  
11                  full knowledge of their actions and intent, including premeditated murder  
12                  and acts of extreme violence, warranting the most severe penalties The  
13                  ruling disregards the rights of victims and their families by limiting the  
14                  justice system's ability to impose appropriate and proportionate  
15                  punishment; now, therefore, be it
- 16 **RESOLVED,**   That the Congress here assembled calls for the reversal of *Roper v.*  
17                  *Simmons* and that Congress encourages the Supreme Court to revisit this  
18                  ruling to restore judicial consistency and reinforce state sovereignty in  
19                  criminal sentencing. For the restoration of states authority to impose  
20                  capital punishment for the most egregious crimes committed by juveniles.

## A Resolution to Create and Implement the National Social Media Transparency Act

1 **WHEREAS,** Social media platforms utilize complex recommendation algorithms that  
 2 significantly shape the information users consume without transparent disclosure;  
 3 and  
 4 **WHEREAS,** Millions of Americans, particularly minors, rely on platforms such as TikTok,  
 5 Instagram, and X for news, communication, and social interaction, thereby  
 6 amplifying the scope and societal impact of algorithmic influence; and  
 7 **WHEREAS,** Opaque algorithmic systems have been shown to amplify sensational, misleading,  
 8 or polarizing content in pursuit of engagement metrics, contributing to  
 9 misinformation, decreased mental health outcomes, and political polarization; and  
 10 **WHEREAS,** Consumers are currently unable to meaningfully choose how content is curated for  
 11 them, limiting autonomy and informed consent in digital spaces; and  
 12 **WHEREAS,** Increased transparency and user choice would strengthen consumer protection  
 13 while preserving freedom of expression; now, therefore, be it  
 14 **RESOLVED,** That the Congress here assembled calls upon federal regulatory agencies to  
 15 require major social media platforms to publicly disclose, in clear and accessible  
 16 language, the general mechanisms by which their recommendation algorithms  
 17 prioritize and distribute content, and to provide users with the option to utilize a  
 18 chronological, non algorithmic feed; and, be it  
 19 **FURTHER RESOLVED,** That Congress encourages the implementation of independent annual  
 20 audits of large social media platforms to assess algorithmic bias, misinformation  
 21 amplification, and user well being impacts.