



OSAA / OnPoint Community Credit Union
2026 SPEECH STATE CHAMPIONSHIPS

April 23-25, 2026

Western Oregon University

345 N. Monmouth Avenue, Monmouth, OR 97361



OSAA Speech State Championships Congress Legislation 2026

Super Congress



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Super Congress

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A Bill to Require Online Platforms to Remove Harmful Content to Protect Users from Digital Violence

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Online platforms are required to remove verified harmful content
3 services within 96 hours of receiving a verified takedown request from a
4 user. These platforms must also provide a clear reporting and appeals
5 process for content removal.

6 **SECTION 2.** For purposes of this bill:

- 7 1. Harmful content: any user-generated material that threatens, harms or
8 endangers user(s) safety or privacy, including non-consensual intimate images,
9 doxxing, or repeated harassment.
- 10 2. Platform: any website, application or digital service that allows users to share
11 and transmit content.
- 12 3. Verified takedown request: a formal request submitted by a user supported by
13 evidence that the content qualifies as harmful.

14 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) shall oversee enforcement of this
15 bill by

- 16 A. Investigating platforms that fail to comply with verified takedown requests in the
17 96-hour timeframe.
- 18 B. Impose fines of 1% of the platform's monthly revenue per verified violation for
19 noncompliance.



20 C. Provide mentorship to platforms on the best moderation practices and methods
21 to consistently identify harmful content.

22 **SECTION 4.** This bill should take effect by August 1, 2026 after passage.

23 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sunset High School



A Bill to increase Nuclear Energy Production and build more Nuclear Power Plants.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** 1) 50 Billion \$ shall be appropriated for the construction of nuclear energy
2 plants over a period of 10 year(s)
3 2) Production subsidies of 25% for 1 KW of SMR's built.
4 3) All nuclear energy plants built using the funds of this resolution shall be
5 subject to independent safety and efficiency audits by the Nuclear
6 Regulatory Commission and all plants shall be required to publicize carbon
7 footprint, total megawatt hours produced, and taxpayer amount saved on a
8 public website or bulletin.
9 4) Funds shall be distributed through competitive grants administered by
10 the Department of Energy
11 4(a) The Department of Energy shall be required to complete grant
12 reviews within 90 days of application.
13 4(b) Failure to review in the given time period will result in a
14 conditional approval of the grant before a final safety review.
15 100 million shall be given directly to the Department of Energy
16 50 million shall be given to universities and trade schools for Nuclear
17 Technician Training and Nuclear Engineering.
18 50 million shall go into long-term waste storage research.
- 19 **SECTION 2.** Nuclear Energy Plant - A type of power plant that uses nuclear fission to
20 produce a large amount of energy with near-zero carbon output.
21 SMR (Small Modular Reactor) - A new generation type of nuclear reactor
22 that is much smaller, safer, and transportable than modern reactors and
23 doesn't need NRC clearance, at the cost of having $\frac{1}{3}$ the energy output.
24 The current price for one is around 20,000 \$ per KW, but is expected to
25 drop as more are produced.
- 26 **SECTION 3.** Nuclear Regulatory Commission - Responsible for audits and clearance for
27 the construction of plants.
28 Department of Energy (Office of Nuclear Energy) - Providing funding
- SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on June 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with this
legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Prohibit Corporal Punishment in Schools Nationwide

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

1. SECTION 1: Congress shall make corporal punishment an illegal form of discipline in
2. both public and private schools.
3. SECTION 2: Corporal punishment is defined as the wielding of physical force by a
4. school staff member upon a student's body in order to enforce discipline.
5. SECTION 3A: Department of Education shall investigate claims of corporal punishment
6. against the school department.
7. SECTION 3B: School district found in violation must submit a plan to address any
8. offenses. This may include having the staff member undergo training
9. again or having their license revoked.
10. SECTION 3C: District shall submit policy changes and data monitoring.
11. SECTION 4: This change shall be overseen by the Department of Education.
12. SECTION 5: This legislation shall take effect August 1st, 2026.
13. SECTION 6: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for congressional debate by Sprague High School

A Resolution to Reopen Contracts for the Human Landing System

1 **WHEREAS,** The Human Landing System (HLS) contract has not shown
2 promising results in terms of schedule;
3 **WHEREAS,** Current delays of the Artemis program make it more
4 important than ever to maintain urgency and avoid further delays;
5 **WHEREAS,** Increased competition and incentives are planned to
6 increase the urgency of the HLS development, now, therefore, be it
7 **RESOLVED,** That the Congress here assembled formally urges the
8 National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) to end payments on
9 current HLS contracts; and, be it
10 **FURTHER RESOLVED,** NASA is further urged to reopen contracts inside and
11 outside of the government for new HLS designs.

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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Patrick Hart from Silverton High School.

A Bill to Protect the Freedom of American Workers

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** The following practices are protected labor practices; secondary strikes,
2 sympathy strikes, and intermittent strikes.
- 3 **SECTION 2.** Secondary strikes are strikes against an employer to support a separate
4 strike against a different employer.
5 Intermittent strikes are strikes involving repeated planned work stoppages,
6 but no more than 72 hours before a previous work stoppage.
7 Sympathy strikes are strikes that show solidarity with other currently
8 striking workers.
9 Protected means that the strikes are considered lawful under the National
10 Labor Relations Act and are afforded the full protection of such lawful
11 strikes.
- 12 **SECTION 3.** The National Labor Relations Board will carry out enforcement and
13 regulation of this act, and insure that all actors follow the National Labor
14 Relations Act with these expanded lawful strikes.
- 15 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with
16 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Benji Joubert.

A Bill to Repeal the Laken Riley Act

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** The Laken Riley Act is now repealed.

2 **SECTION 2.** Repeal- To rescind or annul by authoritative act.

3 Laken Riley Act- A bill that mandates the detention of non-citizens, without
4 bond, by ICE, who are accused of theft, burglary, assault of an officer, or
5 any crime that causes death or serious bodily injury. It provides states the
6 broad ability to sue the federal government over immigration decisions.

7 **SECTION 3.** The Departments of Homeland Security, and Justice will oversee the
8 enactment and enforcement of this legislation.

9 A. Individuals currently in detention due to this bill will be removed from
10 mandatory detention and moved into normal detention as well as given
11 the possibility of bond and release.

12 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on August 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with
13 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

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Introduced for Congressional Debate by McMinnville Highschool.

A Bill to increase school funding for better student internships.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Section 1. The board of education will be funded and will allocate \$25 million to make contact with corporations for apprenticeship opportunities. The positions in this apprenticeship will be entry level but have opportunity for growth.

Section 2. This program will work around a students schedule allowing them to maintain their required classes but in the A, B schedule reserve a full day for the apprenticeship their senior year

Section 3. Requirements: be at least 16 years old, on track for graduation, must be involved with school program/class related to apprenticeship example: semiconductor tech needs to be in a stem field electives.

Section 4. Definitions:Apprenticeship: a person/group who is learning a trade from a skilled employer, and agreeing to work for a fixed period at low wages.

Section 5.Apprentices will make 85% of normal starting pay.

Section 6. The board of education, and the U.S department of Labor will have authority over the allocation of funds for this cause, however parents and students will be able to vote on more major decisions/action regarding apprenticeships.

Section 7.The funds for this bill will be allocated from the military budget.

section 8. This bill will come into effect on April 2028

section 9. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to increase funding for affordable housing initiatives

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** State and local governments must dedicate between 5-10% of their capital
3 or city planning budget to financing the construction and maintenance of
4 affordable housing in lower to middle-income communities.

5 **SECTION 2.** “Affordable Housing” is defined as housing on which the occupant is
6 paying no more than 30 percent of gross income for housing costs,
7 including utilities. “Low-income” is defined as Individual income that is
8 less than 50 percent of the area median income, or a median family
9 income that is less than 50 percent “Middle-income” is defined as
10 Individual income that is at least 80 percent and less than 120 percent of
11 the area median income, or a median family income that is at least 80
12 percent and less than 120 percent,

13 **SECTION 3.** State and local governments will oversee the implementation of this
14 policy, creating or using committees already in place to determine what
15 percentage of the budget mentioned in section 1 will be dedicated to
16 affordable housing and what areas this plan will be in.

17 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall take effect on January 1st, 2027. All laws in conflict with this
18 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by McDaniel High School

A Resolution to Protect United States Residents from ICE

- WHEREAS,** The U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement has been travelling between cities with little procedural restrictions; and
- WHEREAS,** Videos recorded by citizens and lawsuits filed against the agency have shown their agents violating the Immigration and Nationality act and the fourth and fourteenth amendments, pursuing people with no basis for their detainment and no attempt to verify their identity; and
- WHEREAS,** Latino people have been shown to be disproportionately targeted during ICE raids with nine out of ten between December and July being of people of Latino descent; and
- WHEREAS,** Many recordings we have of ICE show them using or threatening unreasonable force while the number of deaths in direct relation to ICE agents continues to rise by each week they continue; now, therefore, be it
- RESOLVED,** By the Congress here assembled that we use our choice now to protect the people of our country from an agency that has become undefendable and save the lives of our people just as much as immigrants.

Introduced by Marshfield High School

A Bill to Protect AI Displaced Workers

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Covered employers displacing workers through AI shall provide
3 severance, healthcare, and retraining.

4 A. Displaced workers receive four weeks' severance per year employed,
5 eight-week minimum.

6 B. Employers shall cover displaced workers' healthcare for 180 days.

7 C. Employers shall fund up to \$15,000 per displaced worker for
8 retraining programs approved by the Department of Labor.

9 **SECTION 2.** For the purposes of this legislation:

10 A. "Covered Employer" means a private employer with 100+ full-time
11 employees in interstate commerce.

12 B. "Displaced Worker" means an employee whose position is eliminated
13 due to AI deployment (cuts) unless the employer proves an
14 independent cause: bankruptcy, natural disaster, loss of 25%
15 revenue, or government-ordered closure.

16 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Labor shall enforce this legislation.

17 A. Employers shall file AI Displacement Reports within 60 days of
18 qualifying reduction; non-compliance triggers a 90-day corrective
19 notice, then a \$30,000 penalty per worker.

20 **SECTION 4.** This bill takes effect after the Department of Labor publishes
21 enforcement standards.

22 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Kaelum C. Ward

A Bill to Strengthen Lobbying Reforms and Restrict Financial Influence on the Government

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** The Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 is hereby amended to lower the
2 lobbying activity threshold for registration from 20% to 10% of time spent,
3 extend post-employment revolving door restrictions from 1 year to 5 years
4 for former Members of Congress and senior executive officials, and
5 prohibit bundling of campaign contributions by lobbyists entirely.
6 Furthermore, the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 is hereby
7 amended to prohibit registered lobbyists and lobbying entities from making
8 campaign contributions exceeding \$1,000 per election cycle to any federal
9 candidate, party, or committee, and to apply individual contribution limits
10 (\$3,300 per election to candidates, \$41,300 annually to national parties) to
11 all persons, organizations, corporations, unions, non-profits, and other
12 entities not currently subject to such limits. Any government official who
13 willfully engages in official acts primarily motivated by undue influence
14 from lobbyists shall be guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of no less than
15 \$10,000, imprisonment for no more than 5 years, and permanent
16 disqualification from holding federal office.

17 **SECTION 2.** “Government official” shall be defined as any individual elected or
18 appointed to federal office, including Members of Congress, executive
19 branch officials, and judicial officers under applicable oath provisions.
20 “Undue influence” shall be defined as any quid pro quo arrangement,
21 financial incentive, or promise of future benefit from a registered lobbyist
22 that motivates an official act where the act conflicts with objective public
23 interest standards such as majority constituent polling or independent
24 expert analysis.

25 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice shall oversee enforcement and prosecution of
26 violations in federal courts.

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- 30 a. The Federal Bureau of Investigation will be in charge of investigating
31 alleged violations, gathering evidence, and referring cases to the
32 Department of Justice.
- 33 b. Cases may be initiated by referrals from congressional ethics committees,
34 the Office of Government Ethics, or credible, evidence-based complaints,
35 with initial review by the Department of Justice for merit and with
36 penalties for knowingly submitting false reports under 18 U.S.C. § 1001. C.
37 The Department of Justice shall submit annual reports to Congress on
38 registrations, investigations, prosecutions, and convictions under this Bill
39 for complete transparency.
- 40 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with
41 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Alexander Irigoyen by Crater High School.

A Bill to End Algorithmic Pricing in Groceries

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** The United States government hereby bans the practice of algorithmic
2 pricing in grocery stores

3 **SECTION 2.** Algorithmic or surveillance pricing refers to, sets customized prices for
4 individual consumers or groups of consumers based on behavior,
5 biometrics, location, or other personal characteristics.
6

7 **SECTION 3.** This legislation will be enforced by the Federal Trade Commission (FTC) and
8 the Consumer Product Safety Commission (CPSC)

9 A. Subsections may be used to elaborate further details, but are only
10 needed if you need to have more than one subsection.

11 B. This would be a second subsection.

12 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on October 1st, 2026, the next fiscal year. All
13 laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Finneus Bonk of Ashland High School.