



## **A Bill To Redirect First-Time Drug Offenders to Rehabilitation Programs**

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1. Individuals convicted of nonviolent drug possession offenses for  
3 the first time shall be sentenced to mandatory participation in a certified  
4 drug rehabilitation program instead of incarceration.

5 SECTION 2.

6 (a) “Nonviolent drug possession offense” shall be defined as the  
7 unlawful possession of a controlled substance without intention to  
8 distribute.

9 (b) “Certified drug rehabilitation program” shall refer to state-licensed  
10 treatment centers that provide medically supervised  
11 detoxification, counseling, and relapse prevention services.

12 (c) This bill does not include offenders charged with trafficking,  
13 manufacturing, or violent felonies in conjunction with the drug  
14 offense.

15 SECTION 3. Offenders successfully completing rehabilitation shall have their  
16 drug conviction records sealed upon proof of sobriety for one year  
17 following program completion. Failure to complete the rehabilitation  
18 program will result in the immediate reinstatement of the sentencing  
19 guidelines applicable at the time of the original conviction.

20 SECTION 4. The Department of Justice and the Department of Health and  
21 Human Services, will oversee program effectiveness, funding allocation,  
22 and data collection on program outcomes, including recidivism and  
23 recovery rates.

24 SECTION 5. Funding for implementation shall be redirected from federal  
25 prison operation budgets toward rehabilitation program grants, funding  
26 shall be limited at \$250 million annually for the first five years.

27 SECTION 6. This bill shall go into effect on January 1, 2028.

28 SECTION 7. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null  
29 and void.

*Introduced for Debate by Helix Charter High School*

## **A Bill to Prohibit Solitary Confinement for Juvenile Offenders in Federal Custody**

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:**

### **SECTION 1.**

The use of solitary confinement for individuals under the age of 18 in federal custody shall be prohibited.

### **SECTION 2.**

The following definitions shall apply to this legislation:

**A. *Juvenile offender*** refers to any individual under the age of 18 held in a federal detention or correctional facility.

**B. *Solitary confinement*** refers to the isolation of a juvenile in a cell or room alone for more than 22 hours per day without meaningful human interaction.

**C. *Federal custody*** includes all detention centers, prisons, and immigration facilities under federal jurisdiction.

### **SECTION 3.**

The following stipulations shall govern the elimination of solitary confinement for juveniles:

**A.** Juveniles shall not be subjected to solitary confinement as a disciplinary or administrative measure.

**B.** Separation may only occur under the following emergency conditions:

1. The separation is limited to less than 4 consecutive hours.
2. A licensed mental health professional must be present.
3. The juvenile must retain access to educational materials, mental health services, and meaningful human interaction.

### **SECTION 4.**

Compliance and enforcement shall be as follows:

**A.** All federal juvenile facilities must submit quarterly reports detailing any instances of isolation or disciplinary separation to the Department of Justice (DOJ).

**B.** The DOJ shall establish a task force responsible for monitoring implementation and conducting random compliance audits.

**C.** Any facility found in violation of this legislation shall be subject to a federal funding reduction of up to 10%.

### **SECTION 5.**

The federal government shall allocate \$100 million annually from the Department of Justice's budget to:

**A.** Train facility staff in trauma-informed care and youth crisis de-escalation techniques.

**B.** Support the transition to rehabilitative and therapeutic discipline models in juvenile facilities.

### **SECTION 6.**

This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2027.

### **SECTION 7.**

All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



## **A Resolution to Offer Humanitarian and Financial Assistance to Sudan's Civil Democratic Alliance for Revolutionary Forces**

1       WHEREAS,    the Sudanese Civil War has been ongoing since April 2023 between the Sudanese  
2                    Armed Forces (SAF) and the Rapid Support Forces (RSF); and the Civil Democratic  
3                    Alliance for Revolutionary Forces (Somoud) seeks to peacefully end the conflict,  
4                    dismantle the former Islamist regime, eradicate corruption, and build a secular,  
5                    democratic state; and

6       WHEREAS,    according to the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), the  
6                    civil war has led to the displacement of nearly 13 million people and to extreme  
7                    shortages of food, water, medicine, and fuel; and

8       WHEREAS,    a cessation of the civil war in the near future is unlikely as both sides appear  
9                    fully committed to achieving their objectives through military means; and

10      RESOLVED,    that the Congress here assembled provide humanitarian and financial assistance  
11                    to the Somoud in order to support Sudan's displaced persons and other civilians  
12                    in desperate need.

*Introduced for Debate by The Bishop's School*



# **Mandating Education Gun (Credentials) Act (M.E.G.A)**

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:**

1 **SECTION 1.** With the upsurge of gun violence in the United States education system, (300% increase  
2 of rises in incidents – K-12 – since 1990s, and 241% increase in casualties on the  
3 collegiate level since early 2000s), the United States will Mandate Emergency Gun  
4 Violence Credentials for Teachers and Post-Secondary Students for all 50 states.

5 **SECTION 2.** Definitions regarding this bill:

- 6 A. Teachers: Any educator at any education level (K-12, College, University, etc) that is still  
7 in practice.
- 8 B. Post-Secondary Students: Any student that is attending an education aside for  
9 secondary education (more commonly known as highschoools). Including but not limited  
10 to: Junior/Community Colleges, Trade/Vocational Schools, and Universities.
- 11 C. ASAPP Training: Training that is defined from the Federal Bureau of Investigation as  
12 Active Shooter Attack Prevention and Preparedness Training

13 **SECTION 3.** The United States Federal Bureau of Investigation will work on sites that are going to  
14 establish standardized ASAPP training. The sites will change based on availability of  
15 different educational institutions – which will be decided by a newly created committee  
16 that is appointed by each county.

- 17 A. Teachers and Post-Secondary Students will be expected to complete the training before  
18 enrolling into the institution that they plan on attending. The training will provide a  
19 license as proof of course completion.
- 20 B. Institutions will be held accountable for checking whether training is completed.  
21 ASAPP training will be expected to be renewed every three years.

22 **SECTION 4.**

- 23 A. Schools that are found to have instructors or students that don't complete this training  
24 will get fined by \$10,000 per each offense
- 25 B. There will be a 20% excise tax on all revenue made from gun sales in order to aid for this  
26 bill

**SECTION 5.** This legislation will take effect on December 14, 2031, in memorial of the Sandy Hook  
Elementary School Shooting

**SECTION 6.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.