

A Bill To Promote Equal Education

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** All public high schools receiving federal funding shall accept earned credits
2 from any other accredited public high school without reduction, penalty, or
3 requirement to repeat equivalent coursework, regardless of course title
4 variation, provided the content is substantially equivalent.
5

6 **SECTION 2.** For the purposes of this legislation: "Earned Credit" refers to any credit
7 awarded by an accredited public high school for a successfully completed
8 course. "Receiving School" refers to the public high school in which a
9 transfer student enrolls. "Transfer Student" refers to any student enrolling in
10 a new public high school after completing coursework at a prior institution.
11

12 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Education shall oversee enforcement of this legislation.
13 A. The Department shall establish a uniform credit verification standard
14 within 180 days of enactment.
15

16 B. Schools found non-compliant shall receive a five percent reduction in
17 federal education funding until compliance is achieved.
18

19 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with
20 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Kaelum C. Ward.

A Bill to Strengthen Lobbying Reforms and Restrict Financial Influence on the Government

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** The Lobbying Disclosure Act of 1995 is hereby amended to lower the
2 lobbying activity threshold for registration from 20% to 10% of time spent,
3 extend post-employment revolving door restrictions from 1 year to 5 years
4 for former Members of Congress and senior executive officials, and
5 prohibit bundling of campaign contributions by lobbyists entirely.
6 Furthermore, the Federal Election Campaign Act of 1971 is hereby
7 amended to prohibit registered lobbyists and lobbying entities from making
8 campaign contributions exceeding \$1,000 per election cycle to any federal
9 candidate, party, or committee, and to apply individual contribution limits
10 (\$3,300 per election to candidates, \$41,300 annually to national parties) to
11 all persons, organizations, corporations, unions, non-profits, and other
12 entities not currently subject to such limits. Any government official who
13 willfully engages in official acts primarily motivated by undue influence
14 from lobbyists shall be guilty of a felony punishable by a fine of no less than
15 \$10,000, imprisonment for no more than 5 years, and permanent
16 disqualification from holding federal office.

17 **SECTION 2.** “Government official” shall be defined as any individual elected or
18 appointed to federal office, including Members of Congress, executive
19 branch officials, and judicial officers under applicable oath provisions.
20 “Undue influence” shall be defined as any quid pro quo arrangement,
21 financial incentive, or promise of future benefit from a registered lobbyist
22 that motivates an official act where the act conflicts with objective public
23 interest standards such as majority constituent polling or independent
24 expert analysis.

25 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice shall oversee enforcement and prosecution of
26 violations in federal courts.

27

29

- 30 a. The Federal Bureau of Investigation will be in charge of investigating
31 alleged violations, gathering evidence, and referring cases to the
32 Department of Justice.
- 33 b. Cases may be initiated by referrals from congressional ethics committees,
34 the Office of Government Ethics, or credible, evidence-based complaints,
35 with initial review by the Department of Justice for merit and with
36 penalties for knowingly submitting false reports under 18 U.S.C. § 1001. C.
37 The Department of Justice shall submit annual reports to Congress on
38 registrations, investigations, prosecutions, and convictions under this Bill
39 for complete transparency.
- 40 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with
41 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Alexander Irigoyen by Crater High School.

A Bill to Ban ICE Agents from Wearing Masks During Immigration Enforcement.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** Seeing as Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) Agents regularly conduct
2 immigration enforcement actions in public spaces, the wearing of masks by
3 federal agents obscures identity and undermines transparency and accountability
4 within law enforcement. Masked enforcement officers increase fear and confusion
5 among civilians and immigrant communities. Whereas, clear identification of law
6 enforcement officers is essential to prevent impersonation and abuse of authority.
7 Whereas, trust and accountability between communities and law enforcement
8 agencies is vital to public safety and democratic governance.
- 9 **SECTION 2.** ICE may be defined as the United States Immigration and Customs Enforcement.
10 Law Enforcement may be defined as government authorized agencies responsible
11 for upholding order, enforcing laws, and ensuring compliance. Public Safety may
12 be defined as the prevention of, and protection from, events that could endanger
13 the safety and security of the public. Democratic Governance may be defined as a
14 system where power is vested in the people, exercised either directly or through
15 freely elected representatives, and operating under the rule of law.
- 16 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) will oversee the enforcement of this
17 legislation. DHS will issue a department wide directive requiring ICE agents to
18 remain unmasked during immigration enforcement.
- 19 A. ICE Agents will also have mandatory forms of identification including the
20 agents full face being visible, Agency insignia, and Badge Number
- 21 B. Violations will result in graduated discipline including, suspension without pay,
22 Loss of field assignment privileges, and termination.
- 23 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect immediately upon passing. All laws in conflict with
24 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE

MARCH 2026
LEGISLATION DOCKET



MARCH 2026 DOCKET

A Bill to Ban Guns at Protests	3
A Bill to Reclaim Congressional War Powers	4
A Bill to Delineate the Rights of the Press to Enter Places of Worship	5
The Cryptocurrency Limitation against Executive Abuse and Nefariousness (CLEAN) Act	6
A Bill to Ban Handleless Car Doors	7
A Bill to End the U.S. Military Presence in Okinawa	8
A Bill to Enforce the TikTok Ban	9
A Resolution to Call for a Sphere-of-Influence World Order	10
A Resolution to Recommend the Abandonment of Snow-Day Makeups	11
A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Nationalize Federal Elections	12

A Bill to Ban Guns at Protests

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

2 **SECTION 1.** Firearms are hereby banned at all protests, regardless of whether an individual possesses
3 licensing or permits that would otherwise enable them to carry.

4 **SECTION 2.** Each state and territory is directed to regard protests as “sensitive places” (as defined in
5 the Supreme Court decision *District of Columbia v. Heller* and reaffirmed in *New York State*
6 *Rifle & Pistol Association v. Bruen*) and to apply penalties for violation of this legislation
7 accordingly.

8 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall be overseen by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and
9 Explosives (ATF).

10 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.

11 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Reclaim Congressional War Powers

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
 - 2 **SECTION 1.** The Authorization for Use of Military Force of 2001 (AUMF; Pub. L. 107–40, 115 Stat. 224) is
 - 3 hereby repealed.
 - 4 **SECTION 2.** The President shall once again require the consent of Congress in order to use military
 - 5 force preemptively.
 - 6 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.
 - 7 **SECTION 4.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
-

A Bill to Delineate the Rights of the Press to Enter Places of Worship

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
 - 2 **SECTION 1.** No person, including any journalist or other member of the press, may enter a private place
 - 3 of worship without the consent of the legal owner or an authorized representative.
 - 4 **SECTION 2.** Should a journalist or other member of the press violate this legislation, they shall be held
 - 5 liable to relevant trespassing statutes the same as any other person would be.
 - 6 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall be overseen by the Department of Justice.
 - 7 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.
 - 8 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
-

The Cryptocurrency Limitation against Executive Abuse and Nefariousness (CLEAN) Act

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

2 **SECTION 1.** The President, Vice President, and all Executive cabinet members are prohibited from
3 acquiring, holding, accessing, soliciting, accepting, and otherwise interacting with their own
4 digital assets while holding Executive office.

5 **SECTION 2.** Any digital assets held by any such Officers at the time of implementation must be placed
6 into a qualified blind trust. The same shall be expected of any such assets of newly elected
7 or appointed Executive Officers henceforth. Failure to comply shall be deemed an
8 impeachable offense.

9 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall be overseen by the U.S. Office of Government Ethics (OGE).

10 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.

11 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Ban Handleless Car Doors

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

2 **SECTION 1.** All automobiles sold or manufactured in the United States shall henceforth be required to
3 have mechanical handles on all doors.

4 **SECTION 2.** An automobile is defined as a self-propelled passenger vehicle manufactured for use on
5 public roads, and a mechanical handle is defined as a hand-operated implement that opens
6 a door on an automobile through mechanical means alone (without requiring electricity).

7 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall be overseen by the U.S. Office of Government Ethics (OGE).

8 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.

9 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to End the U.S. Military Presence in Okinawa

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

2 **SECTION 1.** Congress shall defund all U.S. military operations in Japan's Okinawa Prefecture over a
3 period of two (2) years.

4 **SECTION 2.** The Department of Defense is directed to begin closing all Okinawa bases and reassigning
5 all personnel currently stationed in Okinawa immediately in order to conclude operations
6 prior to the end of this funding.

7 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall be overseen by the Department of Defense.

8 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect at the start of the next fiscal year.

9 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Enforce the TikTok Ban

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

2 **SECTION 1.** Per the Protecting Americans from Foreign Adversary Controlled Applications Act (Pub. L.
3 118–50, 138 Stat. 955), the prohibition on the following is reaffirmed: “a foreign adversary
4 controlled application [...] directly or indirectly operated by (1) ByteDance, Ltd. or TikTok
5 (including subsidiaries or successors that are controlled by a foreign adversary); or (2) a
6 social media company that is controlled by a foreign adversary and has been determined by
7 the President to present a significant threat to national security.”

8 **SECTION 2.** The January 2026 deal to avert this ban by divesting TikTok’s U.S. operations to the newly
9 created TikTok USDS Joint Venture LLC is declared to have been a fake divestiture since
10 ByteDance continues to code the application. Only a divestiture that totally divorces
11 ByteDance from TikTok shall suffice if the app is to evade this ban.

12 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall be overseen by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC).

13 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect 30 days from passage.

14 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Resolution to Call for a Sphere-of-Influence World Order

1 **WHEREAS** Modern geopolitical history has made it clear that the world contains but three distinct and
2 viable great powers: the People’s Republic of China, the Russian Federation, and the United
3 States of America; and

4 **WHEREAS** The momentum of recent global events indicates a trend toward a world order where each
5 of these great powers acts as steward of its own third of the globe, together ensuring a
6 balanced, safe, and harmonious world order; now, therefore be it

7 **RESOLVED** by the Congress here assembled that the United States should move toward consolidating
8 greater influence and power over its corner of the globe in order to support a new world
9 order based on spheres of influence; and be it

10 **FURTHER RESOLVED** that the President is encouraged to organize a conference with the heads of state
11 of China and Russia for the purpose of developing a detailed map of each great power’s
12 sphere of influence and a productive plan for this new world order.

A Resolution to Recommend the Abandonment of Snow-Day Makeups

- 1 **WHEREAS** Safety should be the top and sole priority when a school district is determining whether to
2 cancel school due to inclement weather; and
- 3 **WHEREAS** Stress about a school year extending into summer vacation can cause administrators to
4 hesitate to make the safe call; and
- 5 **WHEREAS** Educators are masters of adaptation and flexibility and can adjust their curricula as
6 necessary even should there be an unusual number of snow days; and
- 7 **WHEREAS** A true snow day, in which school is fully canceled and students are temporarily liberated
8 from academic expectations, is a time-honored tradition and a legitimate silver lining of life
9 in the colder and snowier parts of our country; now, therefore be it
- 10 **RESOLVED** by the Congress here assembled that departments of education throughout the United
11 States and its territories are encouraged to remove requirements that snow days be made
12 up, whether that be through remote learning days or by extending the school year in any
13 manner.

