# SESSION ONE
# LEGISLATION

# November 2026

# A Bill to implement universal background checks for all firearm transfers to increase public safety.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1**. All firearm transfers---including transfers between unlicensed individuals and private sales---shall be subject to a National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS) verification.

**SECTION 2**. "Transfer", in the context of firearms, is defined as selling, assigning, pledging, leasing, loaning, giving away, or otherwise disposing of (a firearm) as defined by 26 U.S.C. § 5845(j).

**SECTION 3.** The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives (ATF) shall oversee the enforcement of this act.

A. All private transfers must be processed through Federal Firearms Licensees (FFL), who shall manage the background checks and maintain records as required by law.

B. Failure to meet the requirements of transfer through an FFL shall result in federal penalties. This includes fines and potential withdrawal of firearm ownership privileges.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect January 31, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Deep Run High School.*

# A Bill to Suspend the Fuel and Energy Embargo Against Cuba

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1**. The United States government will suspend the ongoing fuel and energy embargo and blockade against Cuba. This will entail ending all fuel restrictions and coercive pressure against foreign suppliers.

**SECTION 2**. The ongoing fuel and energy blockade can be defined as the escalation of tensions with Cuba occurring after January 1, 2026 including Executive Order 14380, Executive Order 14404, and other actions in conjunction with these orders.

**SECTION 3.** The department of the Treasury and Department of State will oversee the ending of the ongoing fuel and energy blockade within 30 days of the passage of this bill. Failure to comply within 30 days will be a direct violation and considered as such.

Subsection A) The Coast Guard and other armed forces currently enforcing the embargo against Cuba will immediately cease all armed incursions in Cuba's territory and surrounding international waters. This will allow uninterrupted free trade and humanitarian aid such as medical supplies and energy imports.

Subsection B) The U.S. will end all sanctions against Cuba enacted after January 1, 2026 to allow its economy to recover and free trade to prevail. All sanctions enacted as retaliation for foreign nations trading with Cuba will immediately be revoked.

Subsection C) The US will return all Cuban assets that were illegally seized during the blockade, such as the $3,000,000 worth of oil from October 2026.

Subsection D) The executive branch has no authority to restart the blockade or restart sanctions without direct and explicit congressional approval.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Richmond Community High School.*

# A Bill to Require Liability Insurance for Firearm Owners

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1**. All individuals who purchase or own a firearm will be required to obt firearm liability insurance. Proof of insurance must be presented befc any firearm transactions or sales can be finalized.

**SECTION 2**. "Firearms" can include, but are not limited to: handguns, rifles, shotg This bill does not apply to firearms used for recreational activities or guns that can include, but are not limited to: foam darts, water guns, laser tag guns, and model guns with no ability to shoot.

**SECTION 3.** The Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives (ATF) will implement all provisions of this bill, alongside the Department of Just (DOJ). Violation of this policy can result in a 400 dollar fine sent to th ATF.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on August 1, 2027. All laws in conflict v this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Cosby High School.*

# SESSION TWO
# LEGISLATION

# November 2026

# A Resolution to Expand Federal Support for Speed and Red-Light Cameras to Reduce Traffic Deaths and Injuries

**WHEREAS**, Speeding contributed to 11,288 deaths in 2024, 29 percent of all U.S. traffic deaths; and

**WHEREAS**, Research finds that speed cameras cut fatal and serious injury crashe 11 to 44 percent near camera sites, and that red-light cameras reduc fatal red-light-running crashes in large cities; and

**WHEREAS**, Fatal red-light-running crashes rose 30 percent in cities that turned th cameras off, showing the safety gains are lost when programs end; ar

**WHEREAS**, Poorly designed camera programs have placed heavy fine burdens or low-income drivers, so safeguards are needed; now, therefore, be it

**RESOLVED,** That the Congress here assembled direct the Department of Transportation to make federal highway safety funds available for spe and red-light cameras in school zones, work zones, and high-crash are in states where they are lawful; and, be it

**FURTHER RESOLVED,** That funded programs ban per-ticket vendor pay, require warr signs and human review of every citation, scale fines to income, limit camera data to traffic enforcement, and report crash and ticket data neighborhood each year.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Matoaca High School.*

# A Bill to Ban Federal Employees and Officials from using Prediction Markets

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HEREIN ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1**. Should it be enacted, this bill will prohibit all federal employees of any federal agency, as well as any members of Congress the executive branch, or staffers thereof, from wagering money or any of value on a prediction market.

**SECTION 2**. **Prediction Market** - open markets that enable the prediction of specifi outcomes using financial incentives

**Federal Employee** - any person employed by any part of the US federa government

**Federal Agency** - any department, governmental corporation, indepen establishment, or any other agency operated by the federal governme

**Staffer** - Employees of a government official who support that official i their duties

**Wager** - something risked on an uncertain outcome or event

**Item of Value** - an item that can be used to gain cash, credit, property, services, etc.; worth something to an individual.

**SECTION 3.** The implementation and enforcement of this legislation will be overse the Commodity Futures Trading Commission

**SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Manchester High School.*

**A Bill to set up a permanent repository to**
**Reduce Radioactive waste produced by nuclear power plants**

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Article I: The United States shall enact this bill in order to establish a new repository for radioactive waste and spent nuclear fuel produced by commercial nuclear power plants.

Article II: A permanent repository is a long-term facility used for the dumping of hazardous materials. In this case it is all waste products from nuclear power plants.

Article III: This bill shall take effect forty-five days after its enactment.

Article IV: The Department of Energy (DOE) shall oversee construction and operation of this bill. The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) shall oversee licensing and safety regulatory enforcement. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) shall ensure the public's health and safety for the repository.

A. The DOE shall immediately terminate all previous repository activities at the Yucca Mountain to reroute federal resources toward this new project.
B. Violations to comply with the NRC shall result in fines and punishment depending on severity.

Article V: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Midlothian High School.*

# SUPER SESSION LEGISLATION

# November 2026

# A Resolution Calling for International Nuclear Disarmament

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

WHEREAS, nuclear weapons possess capabilities to cause mass civilian casualties, economic, infrastructural, and social devastation of a nation;

WHEREAS, the maintenance, repair, technological advancement, construction, and rapid expansion of nuclear warheads casts an immense financial burden on the taxpayers of all nations, especially taxpayers living under the leading powers in nuclear warfare technology;

WHEREAS, the United States must maintain the most advanced and destructive defensive weapons, including nuclear warheads so long as hostile, foreign adversaries possess nuclear warheads and therefore, the United States will not engage in any international nuclear disarmament initiatives under such circumstances;

WHEREAS, the Russian Federation, the United States of America, the People's Republic of China, the French Republic, and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland are the world's leading powers in the possession and maintenance of nuclear warheads and therefore bear a unique responsibility to spearhead international nuclear disarmament;

WHEREAS, Article VI of the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons calls upon nations to pursue negotiations in good faith toward nuclear disarmament under strict international control;

BE IT RESOLVED, the United States calls upon Russia, China, France, and the United Kingdom to negotiate a responsible and structured program for nuclear disarmament;

BE IT RESOLVED FURTHER, participating nations should implement a nuclear disarmament incentive program to encourage international cooperation.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Atlee High School*

# A Bill to Mandate Community Benefit Agreements Prior to the Construction of Hyperscale Data Centers

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1**. A fully transparent community benefit agreement (CBA) must be issued and made publicly available before the construction of any hyperscale data center in the United States.

**SECTION 2**. For the purposes of this legislation,

A. "Fully transparent" shall be defined as lacking any redaction of information regarding energy requirements, water usage, cost-sharing, and infrastructure enhancements.

B. "Community benefit agreement" shall be defined as a formal document that articulates the costs and benefits of a given data center for specific communities and details areas for cooperation and is subject to legal safeguards.

C. "Hyperscale data center" shall be defined as a facility with a minimum of 5,000 servers, 10,000 feet of floor space, and 100 megawatts of power consumption built to scale compute resources on demand.

**SECTION 3.** The Environmental Protection Agency and the Department of Energy shall be responsible for enforcing the implementation of this bill. State and local governments and judiciaries shall be responsible for keeping record of and making public the CBA(s) for each community in which a hyperscale data center is, or is intended to be, constructed.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Collegiate School.*