

CASLV Windmill Congressional Debate (House) Docket

April 18, 2026

1. A Bill to Create a Four-Day School Week
2. A Bill to Remove Troops from South Korea
3. A Resolution to Abolish the Practice of Trying Children as Adults in the Criminal Justice System
4. The AI Accountability and Academic Integrity Act

Note: This is a “set” docket, meaning that students will debate the legislation in order. Students will debate as many of the pieces of legislation as possible as time allows.

A Bill to Create a Four-Day School Week

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2. **SECTION 1.** The United States federal government shall make all
3. public school weeks Monday through Thursday.
4. Each individual state will decide how to designate the rest of the
5. required time based on their own education requirements.
6. Any schools or school districts already practicing a four-day
7. school week will be exempt from this bill.
8. **SECTION 2.** Public school shall be defined as an institution for educating
9. children that is funded by the federal government.
10. **SECTION 3.** The United States Department of Education shall oversee the
11. implementation of this bill. Any schools who are found in
12. violation of this legislation will lose federal funding indefinitely.
13. **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect at the beginning of the 2026-2027
14. school year.
15. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null
16. and void.

A Bill to Remove Troops from South Korea

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2. **SECTION 1.** The United States will withdraw all of its remaining military
3. personnel from South Korea effective immediately.
4. Military support will still be available for South Korean use,
5. if needed.
6. **SECTION 2.** Military support shall be defined as military aid and U.S. military
7. operations in conjunction with South Korean forces.
8. **SECTION 3.** The Department of Defense (DoD) and the U.S. Department of
9. State will oversee implementation of this legislation.
10. A. The U.S. Department of State will authorize distribution of
11. military aid if needed.
12. B. The U.S. Department of State will conduct yearly audits to
13. ensure proper use of military aid, if distributed.
14. C. U.S. military operations shall not be offensive, except in the
15. case of aggression from South Korean adversaries such as
16. North Korea, China, and Russia.
17. **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect in FY 2026.
18. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null
19. and void.

A Resolution to Abolish the Practice of Trying Children as Adults in the Criminal Justice System

1. **WHEREAS**, the United States is one of the few countries in the world where
2. children can be tried as adults and sentenced to life in prison
3. without the possibility of parole; and
4. **WHEREAS**, Neuroscience and psychological research consistently show that
5. adolescent brains are still developing, particularly in areas related
6. to impulse control, decision-making, and understanding
7. long-term consequences; and
8. **WHEREAS**, the U.S. Supreme Court has recognized that children are
9. categorically less culpable than adults due to their diminished
10. capacity for judgment and maturity in *Roper v. Simmons* (2005)
11. and *Graham v. Florida* (2010); and
12. **WHEREAS**, Research indicates that children tried as adults face higher rates
13. of abuse, violence, and isolation in adult correctional facilities,
14. which can lead to greater recidivism and hinder rehabilitation;
15. and
16. **WHEREAS**, the goal of the criminal justice system should be rehabilitation
17. and reintegration of offenders into society, which is more
18. achievable through the juvenile justice system than through adult
19. court processes; now, therefore, be it
20. **RESOLVED**, That the Congress here assembled should abolish the practice of
21. trying children as adults, and instead, ensure that minors who
22. commit criminal offenses are adjudicated in the juvenile justice
23. system, where they can receive age-appropriate treatment,
24. rehabilitation, and support for their reintegration into society.

The AI Accountability and Academic Integrity Act

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2. **SECTION 1.** The use of artificial intelligence (AI) tools in educational settings
3. shall be prohibited for students below the high school level.
4. High schools shall be required to implement a mandatory AI
5. ethics course, and the Department of Education shall develop
6. AI-assisted cheating detection software with age verification
7. measures.
8. **SECTION 2.** 'AI tools' shall be defined as any software or application that
9. generates, modifies, or completes academic work without
10. human input. 'Age verification measures' shall refer to
11. government-approved digital verification systems ensuring
12. individuals under 14 cannot access AI tools for educational use.
13. **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of Education shall oversee the
14. enforcement of this policy.
15. A. Schools failing to comply with the AI ban or ethics course
16. mandate shall be subject to federal funding reductions.
17. B. The Department of Education shall receive \$500 million to
18. distribute grants to support high schools in implementing AI
19. ethics courses and detection software.
20. **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2026.
21. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null
22. and void.