

1       RESOLVED, That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the  
2       Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part  
3       of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states  
4       within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

6 SECTION 1. An empowered and respected labor force being necessary to the prosperity  
7 and integrity of a free state, the right of the people to unionize shall not be infringed.  
8 SECTION 2. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate  
9 legislation.

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:  
2 SECTION 1. Congress shall apportion \$30 billion to the Department of Defense and the  
3 Department of Energy for the immediate initiation of the AI Manhattan Project.  
4 SECTION 2. The term AI Manhattan Project shall refer to the government consolidation  
5 of all relevant private and public sector resources to develop Artificial General  
6 Intelligence capabilities as soon as possible. As a matter of national defense, such a  
7 project would receive top priority and be executed with the strictest confidentiality to  
8 protect against foreign espionage.  
9 SECTION 3. The Congressional Budget Office shall be tasked with bringing about the  
10 economic feasibility of such an expensive undertaking. All funding options shall be open  
11 for consideration, including significant reallocation of the current budgets of the  
12 Department of Defense and the Department of Energy.  
13 SECTION 4. This legislation shall be jointly overseen by the Department of Defense  
14 and the Department of Energy.  
15 SECTION 5. This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.  
16 SECTION 6. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

**BILL C**  
**A BILL REMOVE THE SOCIAL SECURITY CAP**

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:  
2 SECTION 1. All payroll earnings shall henceforth be subject to the Social Security  
3 payroll tax, regardless of how much those earnings total each year.  
4 SECTION 2. This legislation shall be jointly overseen by the Internal Revenue Service  
5 (IRS) and the Social Security Administration (SSA), with the latter organization  
6 specifically tasked with determining appropriate rates for those income levels that were  
7 not covered before this point.  
8 SECTION 3. This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2026.  
9 SECTION 4. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

**RESOLUTION D**  
**A RESOLUTION TO PRIORITIZE MEDICAL TREATMENT FOR INDIVIDUALS WITH NON-  
SELF-INFLICTING HEALTH CONDITIONS**

- 1 WHEREAS, Hospitals, clinics, and emergency care systems across the United States  
2 face increasing shortages of medical personnel, hospital beds, and critical care  
3 resources, resulting in triage decisions that heavily strain healthcare providers; and  
  
4 Non–self-inflicted health conditions including genetic disorders, sudden illnesses,  
5 congenital diseases, and unavoidable medical emergencies place individuals at risk  
6 through no fault of their own, yet often receive delayed treatment due to competing  
7 demand from preventable or self-inflicted conditions; and  
  
8 WHEREAS, Self-inflicted medical conditions such as those caused by preventable  
9 lifestyle choices, intentional harm, or prolonged neglect of medical advice significantly  
10 burden public healthcare systems, consume limited resources, and lead to  
11 disproportionate increases in avoidable expenditures; and  
  
12 Prioritizing treatment for individuals with non–self-inflicted health issues promotes  
13 fairness, more efficient resource allocation, and restores trust in the medical triage  
14 system; and  
  
15 RESOLVED, By this Student Congress here assembled that:  
  
16 IT IS NECESSARY to direct the Department of Health and Human Services to issue  
17 federal guidelines requiring publicly funded medical institutions to prioritize treatment of  
18 patients whose health conditions are determined to be non–self-inflicted when medical  
19 resources are scarce, provided that such prioritization does not violate existing  
20 emergency medical care laws or ethical obligations regarding life-threatening conditions.