# A Bill to Extend and Strengthen Affordable Care Act (ACA) Subsidies to Improve Health Care Access and Economic Stability

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** The federal government shall extend the enhanced premium tax credits established under the Affordable Care Act (ACA) for an additional five years to ensure continued affordability of health insurance for low- and middle-income Americans.

**SECTION 2.** A. "Premium tax credits" shall be defined as refundable credits provided to eligible individuals and families to reduce the cost of monthly health insurance premiums purchased through the ACA marketplaces.

B. "Eligible individuals" shall include households earning up to 400% of the federal poverty level, with expanded assistance for those below 250%.

**SECTION 3.** This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2027.

**SECTION 4.** A. The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) shall oversee the administration and enforcement of this Act.

B. HHS shall submit annual reports to Congress detailing enrollment rates, affordability impacts, and reductions in uncompensated emergency care costs.

**SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

# A BILL TO PROTECT THE CIVIL LIBERTIES AND MERIT-BASED STATUS OF FEDERAL EMPLOYEES

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** The United States federal government shall be prohibited from implementing or enforcing any employment classification that converts career civil service positions into at-will employment or otherwise removes due process protections from such employees. This includes, but is not limited to, any "Schedule Policy/Career" employment category.

**SECTION 2.** For the purposes of this legislation:

A. "Career civil service employee" shall be defined as any federal employee hired through a merit-based process and entitled to statutory employment protections, including due process rights.

B. "At-will employment" shall be defined as any federal employment classification that permits termination without cause, notice, or procedural review.

**SECTION 3.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.

**SECTION 4.** A. The Office of Personnel Management (OPM) shall be responsible for enforcing this legislation.

B. No future changes to federal civil service employment classifications that remove due process protections may take effect without explicit Congressional approval.

**SECTION 5.** All other laws in conflict with this bill shall hereby declared null and void.

# A Bill to Require Congressional Oversight When Adjusting the Expedited Removal Process

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** 8 U.S.C. § 1225(b)(1) shall be amended in clause (iii), subclause (I) by striking the phrase "Such designation shall be in the sole and unreviewable discretion of the Attorney General" and in its place inserting the phrase "Such designation shall be under the discretion of the Attorney General with congressional approval for the given change."

**SECTION 2.** A) "8 U.S.C. § 1225(b)(1)" shall refer to United States Code Title 8, Section 1225.

B) "Congressional approval" shall refer to concurrent simple majority votes in both the Senate and the House of Representatives. Such approval must be obtained prior to the implementation of the adjustment.

**SECTION 3.** The provisions of this bill shall take effect on June 1, 2026.

**SECTION 4.** The Department of Justice, subject to judicial review, shall be tasked with the implementation of this bill.

**SECTION 5.** All other laws in conflict with this new policy shall hereby be declared null and void.

**A Bill to Establish the FCPA Task Force to Combat Foreign Corruption**

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** The Foreign Corruption Prevention & Accountability (FCPA) Task Force shall be established to identify, investigate, and prevent foreign corruption practices targeting the United States, including bribery, illicit funding, and the use of intermediaries to influence U.S. political or economic systems.

**SECTION 2.** For the purposes of this legislation, the following definitions shall apply:

A. "Foreign corruption" shall include bribery, embezzlement, illicit financial transactions, or covert influence conducted by foreign governments or their agents.

B. "Task Force" shall refer to the FCPA Task Force, a multi-agency body coordinating anti-corruption efforts.

C. "Congressional oversight" shall require briefings and reports submitted to the House and Senate Committees on Intelligence, Judiciary, and Foreign Affairs.

**SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice (DOJ) shall administer the task force under Congressional supervision.

A. The FCPA Task Force shall investigate political donations, financial flows, and lobbying activities linked to foreign actors or corrupt intermediaries.

B. Criminal penalties shall apply to individuals knowingly facilitating or

acting as intermediaries for foreign corruption in the U.S.

C. Quarterly reports shall be submitted to the appropriate Congressional committees.

D. Funding for the implementation of this legislation shall be drawn from existing Department of Justice operational budgets.

**SECTION 4.** This bill shall take effect on January 1, 2028.

**SECTION 5.** All laws or executive actions in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

# A Resolution to Re-enter the JCPOA to Monitor Nuclear Relations and Facilitate Future Agreements

**WHEREAS**, The United States has withdrawn from the 2015 Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA) in which the P5+1 states regulate Iran's nuclear arms development; and

**WHEREAS**, Congress must re-evaluate this decision and re-enter the United States into the JCPOA to attempt to re-establish formal regulation by the P5+1 states China, France, Germany, Russia, the United Kingdom, and the United States on Iran's nuclear arms. Re-establishing this formal regulation shall aid diplomacy efforts with Iran by directly confronting international nuclear discontent rather than continuing current indirect communications with Iran; and

**WHEREAS**, The United States' withdrawal resulted in the withdrawal of Iran from JCPOA, and thus the re-entry of the United States shall encourage Iran's re-entry; and

**WHEREAS**, The United States' interest in rejoining shall improve nuclear relations with the other P5+1 states by staying true to predetermined limits on nuclear arms, setting a precedent for the stability of future U.S. nuclear agreements with other nations; now, therefore, be it

**RESOLVED,** That the Congress here assembled re-enter the United States into the JCPOA to encourage Iran's re-entry into the agreement; and, be it

**FURTHER RESOLVED,** that the Congress here assembled shall support continued international collaboration with the P5+1 states to maintain direct nuclear agreements with Iran in the future.

# A Bill to Establish a Pathway to Citizenship for Undocumented Immigrants

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** All undocumented immigrants residing in the United States before January 1, 2025, shall be eligible to apply for Registered Provisional Immigrant (RPI) Status, granting temporary legal residency, work authorization, and protection from deportation. After five years of maintaining RPI status, individuals may apply for lawful permanent residency, and after three additional years, may apply for U.S. citizenship.

**SECTION 2.** A. "Undocumented immigrant" shall refer to any non-citizen residing in the United States without lawful immigration status as defined by the Department of Homeland Security (DHS).

B. "Registered Provisional Immigrant (RPI) Status" shall refer to a temporary legal status requiring background checks, proof of continuous residence, payment of a fine, and payment of owed federal taxes.

C. "Continuous residence" shall mean physical presence in the United States for at least five consecutive years before January 1, 2025, with reasonable exceptions for travel.

D. "Serious criminal offense" shall refer to any felony or violent misdemeanor as defined by federal law.

**SECTION 3.** This policy shall take effect on January 1, 2027, with a five-year transition period.

**SECTION 4.** The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) shall oversee the implementation and enforcement of this legislation.

A. U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) shall create and manage the RPI application system, including digital processing, background checks, and verification of employment and residence.

B. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) shall suspend deportation proceedings for individuals who are actively applying for RPI status, unless they pose a national security or public safety threat.

**SECTION 5.** All other laws in conflict with this new policy shall hereby declared null and void.

# A Bill to Repeal The Foreign Corrupt Practices Act

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** The Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (FCPA) shall be repealed in its entirety.

**SECTION 2.** "In its entirety" shall be defined as the original act, passed in 1977, and all other amendments introduced to the FCPA since.

**SECTION 3.** This bill shall go into effect on July 1, 2026.

**SECTION 4.** The Department of Justice shall halt all enforcement of the FCPA and dismiss all ongoing cases against businesses impacted by the FCPA.

**SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation shall hereby be declared null and void.

# A BILL TO IMPOSE CONGRESSIONAL TERM LIMITS

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** An individual Congressperson may only serve a maximum of six 2-year terms in the House of Representatives. An individual Senator may only serve a maximum of two 6-year terms in the Senate.

**SECTION 2.** A term is defined as a fixed period of time during which someone holds office. Once a candidate has fulfilled their maximum term limits, they will be prohibited from holding the same office again.

**SECTION 3.** This bill shall be enacted on January 1, 2028.

**SECTION 4.** The Federal Election Commission will oversee enforcement of this bill.

**SECTION 5.** All other laws in conflict with this new policy shall hereby be declared null and void.