

2026 Montana West NSDA Senate Docket	
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A Resolution to Make the United States Party to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 14.

A Bill to Impose National Right to Repair Protections

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 SECTION 1. The Federal Trade Commission will enact the national right to repair
2 protections for all consumers for all technical, electronic, or automotive
3 products.

4 SECTION 2. Right to repair: a user's right to freely repair technical, electronic, or
5 products without access to software, mechanics, or parts are being barred.

6 SECTION 3. This legislation will be overseen by the Federal Trade Commission.

7 A. Hereby make it illegal for companies to impose restrictions on a
8 consumers' right to repair their own equipment.

9 B. Companies found in violation will be fined \$25,000 per offense.

10 SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect upon passage.

11 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 20.

A Bill to Require the Use of Body-Worn Cameras by Immigration and Customs Enforcement Officers During Enforcement Activities

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** All Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) officers engaged in
2 immigration enforcement activities shall be required to wear and activate
3 body-worn cameras during enforcement encounters conducted in public
4 settings or in any location where members of the public are present.

5 **SECTION 2.** Body-worn camera means a small audio and video recording device worn
6 by a person which records and stores interactions.

7 Enforcement encounter means an arrest, detention, transfer of custody, or
8 similar interaction related to enforcing federal immigration law.

9 Public settings include streets, residences, workplaces, vehicles, and any
10 other location where members of the public are present.

11 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) shall oversee enforcement of
12 this legislation.

13 A. DHS shall mandate the use of body-worn cameras, which shall be
14 activated prior to the initiation of an enforcement action and remain
15 active until the conclusion of the encounter. ICE officers who fail to
16 comply with body-worn camera requirements shall be subject to
17 disciplinary measures.

18 B. DHS shall establish uniform national standards governing the storage,
19 retention, and accessibility of body-worn camera footage.

20 C. Funding for the procurement, maintenance, data storage, and training
21 associated with body-worn cameras shall be provided through an
22 increase in the DHS budget.

23 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect six months after passage. All laws in
24 conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

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Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 13.

A Bill to Reduce Non-Candidate Advertisement

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** Political Action Committees, Super PACs, or independent expenditure
- 2 groups may not purchase or run broadcast advertising during the 60 days
- 3 preceding a general election or 45 days preceding a primary election.
- 4 **SECTION 2.** Broadcast advertising shall be defined as advertisements distributed through
- 5 radio or television.
- 6 **SECTION 3.** This bill shall be enforced by the Federal Communications Commission.
- 7 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall go into effect at the beginning of the next fiscal year. All laws
- 8 in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 12.

A Bill to Regulate Phosphorus Fertilizer

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Enact a nationwide ban on all water-soluble synthetic phosphorus fertilizers and manure used as fertilizer.

5 SECTION 3. The Environmental Protect Agnecy will oversee this legislation:

6 A. A federal license will be required for fertilizer manufacture and retail.
7 No fertilizer manufacturer may produce or distribute water-soluble
8 phosphorus fertilizers in the United States as of January 1, 2032.

9 B. Violations of this law will incur a fine of \$10,000. A second violation
10 will result in a \$50,000 fine. A third violation will result in the
11 temporary revocation of the violator's license and a fine of \$1,000,000.

12 C. \$100 million per fiscal year will be allotted

13 D. Manufacturing and retail emissions will be reduced by 20% in 2028,
14 40% in 2030, and 60% in 2031, with full enforcement by 2032.

15 **SECTION 4.** This law will be enacted in FY 2027. All laws in conflict with this
16 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

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Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 11.

A Bill to Invest in Lithium Battery Recycling

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 2. Pilot Program: A pilot program is a small-scale, short-term experiment that tests the feasibility of a large-scale project. It serves as a strategic tool for organizations to evaluate the potential success and effectiveness of new initiatives before full-scale implementation.

8 **SECTION 3.** This legislation will be enforced by the US Department of Energy.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect at the start of fiscal year 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 16.

A Bill to Expand Access to Transportation for Students Participating in Extracurricular Activities

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** Public secondary schools that offer interscholastic athletics or
2 extracurricular activities shall be required to provide reasonable
3 transportation options for students who would otherwise be unable to
4 participate due to lack of after-school transportation.

5 **SECTION 2.** Extracurricular activities include school-sponsored athletics, academic
6 competitions, fine arts programs, and other interscholastic or co-curricular
7 programs offered outside the regular school day.

8 Reasonable transportation options include late bus routes, activity buses,
9 shared transportation services, or other school-approved transportation
10 arrangements.

11 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of Education shall oversee enforcement of this
12 legislation and administer federal grants to assist school districts in
13 providing transportation for extracurricular participation.

14 A. Priority grant awards and additional funding shall be made available to
15 districts classified as rural or low income by the U.S. Department of
16 Education.
17 B. Funding for this program shall be provided through federal
18 appropriations to the Department of Education and may be used for
19 vehicle operation, fuel, staffing, contracted transportation services, or
20 other related costs.

21 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect one fiscal year after passage. All laws in
22 conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for congressional debate by School 13.

A Bill to Ban Semiautomatic Assault Weapons

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. It shall be unlawful for a person to import, sell, manufacture, transfer, or purchase, in or affecting interstate or foreign commerce, a semiautomatic assault weapon.

SECTION 2. A semiautomatic assault weapon shall be defined as any of the following:

- A semiautomatic rifle with the capacity to accept a detachable ammunition feeding device and has any 1 of the following:

- A pistol grip.
- A forward grip.
- A stock operates to reduce the length, size, or any other dimension, or enhances the concealability, of the weapon.

- A semiautomatic pistol that has a non-fixed ammunition feeding device and has any 1 of the following:
 - A threaded barrel.
 - A second pistol grip.
 - Any component designed or redesigned to allow or facilitate the firearm to be fired from the shoulder.

SECTION 3. This legislation shall be enforced by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives. Section 1 shall not apply to:

- the importation for, manufacture for, sale to, transfer to, or possession by a department or agency of the United States.
- parties authorized by the attorney general for the purpose of research, experimentation, or historical preservation.
- the possession of any lawfully obtained semiautomatic assault weapon obtained prior to enactment.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect 30 days after passage. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 12.

A Bill to Fund The Research and Development of Oil-Eating Microbes

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration shall be allocated \$53.7 million annually for five years to fund a program to develop the use of *Alcanivorax borkumensis* in oil spill remediation.

4 **SECTION 2.** *Alcanivorax Borkumensis* is defined as an alkane-degrading marine
5 bacterium that naturally propagates and becomes predominant in
6 crude-oil-containing seawater when nitrogen and phosphorus nutrients are
7 supplemented.

8 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of State and the National Oceanic and Atmospheric
9 Administration will oversee this legislation.

10 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect upon the fiscal year 2027. All laws in
11 conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 20.

A Bill to Allow Access to Medical Assistance in Dying

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** The United States Department of Health and Human Services shall establish
2 that as a condition of participation in the Medicare and Medicaid programs,
3 a State, hospital, or health care provider shall not unreasonably restrict
4 access or prohibit access to Medical aid in dying for eligible patients, as
5 stated in this act. Within 10 months after the enactment, final regulations
6 will be carried out, and by 18 months, this will apply to all states and health
7 care providers, after which penalties will be imposed unless there is a good
8 faith effort to comply, where then assistance will be provided.

9 **SECTION 2.** “Medical assistance in dying” is defined as a terminally ill, mentally
10 competent adult patient, who is likely to die within six months, takes
11 prescribed medicines, which must be self-administered, to end suffering and
12 achieve a peaceful death.

13 “Eligible patient” means an individual who is 18 years of age or older, and
14 United States resident or citizen, has been diagnosed with a terminal illness
15 and is in reasonable medical judgment of death within 6 months in the
16 judgment of the attending physician and a consulting physician, has the
17 capabilities to make a voluntary, informed request.

18 “Decision-making capability” means the ability to understand nature and
19 consequences, appreciate alternative options including hospice, reason for
20 the options, and communicate a clear expression of choice.

21 **SECTION 3.** This legislation will be enforced by the US Department of Health and
22 Human Services.

23 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect at the start of fiscal year 2027. All laws in
24 conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 16.

A Bill to Authorize the Research and Development of Tactical Nuclear Artillery

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** The Department of Energy, in coordination with the Department of Defense,
2 shall issue a request for proposals (RFP) for the research, development, and
3 production of tactical nuclear artillery capabilities and associated tactical
4 radiation shielding.

Tactical Radiation Shielding shall be defined as protective devices used in battlefield or tactical settings that shield from nuclear radiation.

11 **SECTION 3.** The National Nuclear Security Administration (NNSA), in coordination
12 with the Department of Defense, shall oversee the development, security,
13 and implementation of this legislation.

14 A. Funding for this legislation shall be allocated through the Department of
15 Energy's existing nuclear weapons research, development, and
16 modernization budget.

18 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect at the beginning of Fiscal Year 2028.

19 All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 13.

A Bill to Ban the Use of Generative Artificial Intelligence in Healthcare Facilities for 10 Years

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. All forms and uses of generative artificial intelligence be banned under penalty of fine for all healthcare facilities.

3 **SECTION 2.** A. Generative artificial intelligence (AI) shall be defined as a deep-learning
4 algorithm that can produce output normally requiring human intelligence.
5 This includes large language models (LLMs) for speech and generative
6 adversarial networks (GANs) for images.

7 B. Healthcare facilities shall be defined as any location that provides
8 medical
9

or healthcare-related services.

SECTION 3. The Department of Health and Human Services (DHHS) shall oversee the implementation and enforcement of this legislation.

12 A. Any healthcare facility in breach of this legislation will be fined a
13 minimum of \$5 million USD.

14 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on October 1st, 2027, and lose effect on
15 October 1st, 2037. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby
declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 14.

A Bill to Keep Funding the Forest Service in the Event of a Government Shutdown

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** During a government shutdown, a trust fund will be used to support the
2 Forest Service and park rangers to prevent environmental damage.

3 **SECTION 2.** Furlough: A mandatory, temporary suspension or reduction of work hours
4 and payment.

5 Mitigation: The act of lessening the severity, seriousness, or harmful
6 effects of something, like a disaster, risk, or punishment, by taking actions
7 to reduce its impact, damage, or likelihood.

8 Reduction: Can refer to a general decrease in something, a specific
9 administrative procedure, or a philosophical/critical concept used in
10 political analysis.

11 **SECTION 3.** The Department of the Treasury will oversee this legislation.

12 A. Funds will be earmarked from yearly funding.

13 B. Money can be pulled from the trust fund in emergency scenarios.

14 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on FY 2027.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 11.

A Bill to Ban Privatized Standardized Testing

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** No public or private school may require any student to take a standardized
2 test administered by a testing corporation.

3 **SECTION 2.** A. Standardized testing will be defined as any form of test that requires all
4 test takers to answer the same questions, or a selection of questions from
5 a common bank of questions and that is scored in a standardized or
6 consistent manner that makes it possible to compare the relative
7 performance of individual students or a group of students.

8 B. Testing corporations will be defined as any organization separate from the
9 Department of Education or a school that offers standardized tests.

10 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Education (ED) shall be tasked with overseeing the
11 implementation and enforcement of this legislation

12 A. Any school in violation of this legislation may have federal funding
13 revoked or decreased.

14 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on October 1st, 2027. All laws in conflict
15 with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 14.

A Bill to Limit Lumbering

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** All major lumbering on trees will be prohibited until the trees reach an age
2 of at least 40 years. (Not including regular trimmings already done by
3 timbering groups.)

4 **SECTION 2.** Major lumbering will hereby be defined as any lumbering operation,
5 cultivation of forests, the felling and trimming of timber, the cutting,
6 hauling, and transportation of timber, logs, lumber, and like products, the
7 sawing of logs into lumber or the conversion of logs into ties, posts, and
8 similar products, and similar operations.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Agriculture will oversee the implementation of this bill.
10 A. Fines will be allocated to violators by the Forest Service and the Bureau
11 of Land Management.

12 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect at the beginning of 2040. All laws in
13 conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 16.

A Bill to Prohibit Sanctions

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Introduced for Congressional Debate by School 12.