

A Bill to Demilitarize Police

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The Department of Defense shall no longer sell or transfer Surplus Military Equipment to State or local law enforcement, firefighting, homeland security, or emergency management agencies.

SECTION 2. “Surplus Military Equipment” is defined as any equipment transferred under 10 U.S. Code § 2576.

SECTION 3.

A. The Defense Logistics Agency must cease the approval of any new transfers of Surplus Military Equipment.

B. The Defense Logistics Agency is directed to create a plan for alternate ways to use or dispose of Surplus Military Equipment, which shall be submitted to Congress upon its completion, and which shall become law upon Congress’s approval.

C. The Law Enforcement Support Office, tasked solely with managing Surplus Military Equipment transfers, shall terminate two months after this legislation’s enactment.

SECTION 4. This law will take effect immediately upon passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Enact Sectoral Bargaining and End the Minimum Wage

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The national minimum wage, as established in the Fair Labor Standards Act, is hereby abolished. Separate national minimum wages in each industry may be established through sectoral bargaining.

SECTION 2. Sectoral bargaining shall be defined as one or more labor unions negotiating with groups of employers, with the involvement of a government agency, in a particular industry at the national level to reach a collective agreement that applies to both union and nonunion workers.

SECTION 3. The National Labor Relations Board (NLRB) will be tasked with the implementation of this legislation.

- A. The NLRB will be allocated an additional \$250 million annually.
- B. The NLRB will be given the power to directly impose monetary penalties on businesses that violate or refuse to negotiate sectoral bargaining agreements.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on May 1, 2027, aligning with International Workers' Day.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Withdraw from NATO

SECTION 1. The United States hereby withdraws from the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO).

SECTION 2. Upon passing of this legislation, the Department of State shall submit to NATO a formal withdrawal notice under Article 13 of the North Atlantic Treaty.

SECTION 3. This act shall go into effect upon passage of this legislation by two-thirds of the Senate as stipulated in Section 1250A of the NDAA for Fiscal Year 2024.

SECTION 4. All funds previously appropriated by Congress or any executive department for the use of NATO or a program or body it operates which have not yet been distributed shall be withheld.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Cap Prescription Drug Prices

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS ASSEMBLED:

SECTION 1. A person or company may not charge a price for a prescription drug that exceeds 125% of the international average price of the same drug.

SECTION A: Pharmaceutical companies shall be required to disclose pricing methodologies and rates to all international countries for all FDA-approved medications publicly.

SECTION 2. A person or company who the Secretary of Health and Human Services decides, after written notice and an opportunity for a hearing, has violated this statute, is liable to the United States Government a sum equal to two times the additional earnings collected by charging in excess of the price cap.

SECTION 3. The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) is directed to:

A: Oversee compliance with this Act.

B: Establish a Prescription Price Oversight Board to review and recommend adjustments for life-saving medications.

SECTION 4. Pharmaceutical companies may apply for temporary exemptions for breakthrough medications, as the Department of Health and Human Services shall define or determine, contingent on demonstrable evidence of substantial research and development costs.

SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2027.

SECTION 6. All laws or parts of laws in conflict with this act are null and void.

A Bill to Abolish Plea Bargaining

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The practice of plea bargaining in criminal cases is hereby abolished.

SECTION 2. Plea bargaining shall be defined as an arrangement between a prosecutor and a defendant whereby the defendant pleads guilty to a lesser charge in exchange for a more lenient sentence.

SECTION 3. The Department of Justice will oversee the implementation of this bill.

SECTION 4. This Bill will go into effect on January 1, 2028.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation shall hereby be declared null and void.

A Bill to Eliminate the Filibuster

RESOLVED, By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

ARTICLE --

SECTION 1: Filibustering is hereby prohibited in either chamber of Congress.

SECTION 2: Neither chamber of Congress may require more than a simple majority to move to previous question or otherwise close debate on a bill.

SECTION 3: Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

**A Resolution to Expand Membership of the USMCA to Countries in Central America,
South America, and the Caribbean**

WHEREAS, The United States is in the USMCA (United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement);
and

WHEREAS, The United States-Mexico-Canada Agreement (USMCA) brings economic and
environmental benefits to all three nations; and

WHEREAS, The regions of Central America, South America, and the Caribbean are currently
facing economic and environmental challenges; and

WHEREAS, Nations in those regions often look to other countries like China for trade and
support;

THEREFORE BE IT RESOLVED, That this Congress here assembled encourages the
governments of Canada and Mexico to allow the expansion of other nations into the USMCA, or
to create an equivalent agreement that allows the membership of all nations in North, Central and
South America.

A Bill to Ban Homeschooling to Ensure Quality Education

BE IT ENACTED BY CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Homeschooling is hereby classified as truancy, meaning it shall not be considered a valid justification for a student's absence from an accredited educational institution.

A: Students identified as truant due to homeschooling shall be subject to state truancy procedures and interventions against both students and their parents.

B: All federal and state funding previously allocated to homeschooling programs, tax credits, or subsidies shall be reallocated to public schools.

SECTION 2. "Homeschooling" shall mean any primary or secondary education or instruction delivered primarily by a parent, guardian, or tutor in substitution of state or federal education, and which does not meet state or federal educational authorities' curricula, staffing, locational, or assessment-related requirements.

SECTION 3. The Department of Education shall oversee the implementation and enforcement of this legislation.

SECTION 4. This bill will take effect on August 1st, 2027.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Remove Physical Borders

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

SECTION 1. All walls and other fortifications owned by the government of the United States along the United States' international land borders and between ports of entry must be dismantled within three years of this legislation's enactment.

A: Any existing plans to expand fortifications and walls must be immediately halted. All funding for such projects shall be redirected to fund this bill.

B: To minimize unemployment and underemployment in the affected areas, the Department shall contract the demolition and removal of such fortifications to local companies or companies employing individuals in affected areas, as the Department shall itself determine.

SECTION 2. This legislation shall be implemented by the Department of Homeland Security.

SECTION 3. This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.

SECTION 4. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Prohibit Racial Profiling in Immigration Enforcement

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1: All Immigrations and Customs Enforcement officers are hereby prohibited from using the following factors as the sole or main reason for a stop, detention, or other enforcement action:

A: Presence at particular locations such as bus stops, car washes, day laborer pickup sites, agricultural sites, or other workplaces typically associated with immigrant communities and type of work conducted by the laborer.

B: Speaking a foreign language or speaking English with an accent; or

C: Physical appearance such as race, ethnicity, or national origin.

SECTION 2: All immigration and customs enforcement actions undertaken by the Department of Homeland Security, including but not limited to raids, stops, and detentions, shall be required to abide by the legal protections of the Fourth Amendment.

SECTION 3: To ensure transparency, the Department of Homeland Security shall require all Immigration and Customs Enforcement to keep reports on all stops with details including but not limited to the specific reason and outcome of the stop or detention. Before any stop or other immigration and customs enforcement action an officer shall be designated who shall be required to complete such a report either at the scene or at the end of their shift.

SECTION 4: The Department of Justice shall be responsible for enforcement of this legislation. Any agent who fails to comply with the requirements may be terminated or suspended without pay.

SECTION 5: This legislation will take effect 120 days after passage. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.