



CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE

FEBRUARY 2026
LEGISLATION DOCKET



A Bill to Declare War on Iran

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

2 **SECTION 1.** To safeguard civil rights and democratic values around the globe and to protect the safety
3 and interests of the U.S. and its allies in the region, Congress hereby declares a state of war
4 to exist between the United States of America and the Islamic Republic of Iran.

5 **SECTION 2.** Accordingly, Congress authorizes the use of military force by the President, who is invested
6 with his full wartime powers that victory may be achieved against Iran for the United States
7 as soon as possible. The President is further authorized to utilize military force to establish
8 a stable democratic republic in Iran before withdrawing.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Department of State is called upon to leverage support from our allies in this conflict.

10 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.

11 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Invalidate Tattoos as Legal Evidence

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

2 **SECTION 1.** Tattoos and all other superficial skin markings are hereby declared to be inadmissible as
3 evidence in a court of law.

4 **SECTION 2.** Any persons currently serving a sentence on the basis of tattoo evidence shall have their
5 cases reopened and retried with such evidence left out. When such a retrial results in a
6 verdict of not guilty, such persons shall be fully exonerated of their previous conviction.

7 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall be overseen by the Department of Justice.

8 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.

9 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Increase Taxation on Private Jets

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:

2 **SECTION 1.** The federal excise tax for fuel sold to be used in a luxury private aircraft shall be increased
3 to \$2.00 per gallon.

4 **SECTION 2.** The 49 USC § 80503(a)(1) definition of private aircraft shall be utilized, namely: “a civilian
5 aircraft not being used to transport passengers or property for compensation.” A private
6 aircraft shall be classified as luxury when its estimated value exceeds \$1 million.

7 **SECTION 3.** Proceeds raised through this tax increase shall be diverted to the Office of Energy Efficiency
8 and Renewable Energy (EERE) to be used to fund existing tax incentives for the
9 development and use of renewable energy in transportation, as well as to create new ones.

10 **SECTION 4.** Should a customer be found to have bypassed or attempted to bypass this tax increase by
11 using fuel purchased for other purposes in a luxury private aircraft, they shall be fined an
12 amount equal to ten (10) times the total value of the fraudulently purchased fuel.

13 **SECTION 5.** This legislation shall be overseen by the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), with the
14 Internal Revenue Service (IRS) responsible for the excise tax.

15 **SECTION 6.** This legislation shall take effect one month from passage.

16 **SECTION 7.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

RESOLVED, That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

SECTION 1. United States courts shall henceforth only have jurisdiction over criminal defendants whose presence before the court has been lawfully secured.

SECTION 2. Any criminal trial in violation of Section 1 that is active at the time of ratification shall be immediately ended, and any existing criminal sentencing resulting from a trial that would have violated Section 1 shall be immediately overturned. Those who were being illegitimately tried or serving illegitimate sentences shall be fully exonerated and, to the greatest degree safe and practicable, restored to their location and status prior to their unlawful seizure.

SECTION 3. Pursuant to Section 2, those who were being illegitimately tried or who were serving illegitimate sentences shall be fully exonerated and, to the greatest degree safe and practicable, restored to their location and status prior to their unlawful seizure.

SECTION 4. The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.