

Congress Docket for Tournaments on November 8, 2025

Session I

- A Bill to Take Shares of Millionaires' Companies
- A Bill to Establish Screen Time Controls in Classrooms
- The American Worker Automation Compensation Act (AWACA)

Session II

- A Bill to Extend the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA)
- A Bill to Ban All Imported Beauty Products
- A Bill To Ban Single-Use Plastics To Reduce Pollution And Protect Public Health

Finals

- A Bill to Establish the Department of Gun Violence Prevention
- A Bill to Cap Pharmaceutical Drug Markups

A Bill to Take Shares of Millionaires' Companies

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** Individuals holding over \$1,000,000 in non-retirement investments
2 (including stocks, shares, and other withdrawable funds) shall contribute
3 20% of those investments' value to the federal government. The
4 government may liquidate these assets at their assessed market value.
- 5 **SECTION 2.** Definitions:
- 6 A. Investment value shall be determined using the most recent market sell
7 price.
- 8 B. Significant investment is defined as holdings valued at \$10,000 or more
9 in a single company or fund.
- 10 C. Retirement funds are defined as accounts that cannot be accessed
11 without penalty before age 59½ and are exempt from this legislation.
- 12 D. Investments deposited into retirement accounts after individuals reach
13 withdrawal age shall not qualify for exemption under this Act.
- 14 **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) shall enforce this legislation, collect
15 proceeds, and receive the first \$1,000,000 in revenue and one-third of all
16 revenue thereafter for administrative costs.
- 17 A. Publicly traded companies with a net worth exceeding \$1,000,000 must
18 disclose the value of all significant shareholders' investments to the IRS.
- 19 B. Individuals who fail to comply will face a \$10,000,000 fine and
20 suspension from investment activity.
- 21 C. Stock exchanges that refuse to provide required data shall forfeit their
22 legal authorization to operate within the United States.
- 23 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect in FY 2027.
- 24 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Establish Screen Time Controls in Classrooms

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1.** To promote the growth of students' personal relationships, learning, and communication abilities, students shall not be allowed to use screens for academic or personal purposes in school, with the exception of an optional daily hour of technological-based instruction.
- SECTION 2.** Screens shall be defined as devices with an electronic visual display that students can personally use, including but not limited to smartphones, smartwatches, tablets, and laptops. This legislation shall not impact the electronic devices used by teachers to facilitate learning.
- A. Exceptions shall be made for students with disabilities, medical needs, the need for translations, and other cases that require the use of electronic devices.
 - B. Technological-based instruction may be in any subject with the use of screens to prepare students for a digital future.
- SECTION 3.** The Department of Education shall oversee the implementation of this legislation by conducting annual checks a year after this bill's passage. Schools that do not comply shall receive a formal warning, followed by the revocation of federal funding. If necessary, any funding to facilitate curriculum changes or additional resource needs resulting from this legislation, shall be provided from the Department of Defense's budget.
- SECTION 4.** This bill will be implemented on January 1, 2026.
- SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Eagan High School

The American Worker Automation Compensation Act (AWACA)

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** Companies that automate positions resulting in layoffs shall provide
2 affected employees with severance pay equal to 30% of the worker’s
3 previous annual wages, distributed in monthly installments over a
4 12-month period.
- 5 **SECTION 2.** Jobs lost to automation shall refer to the permanent elimination of a job
6 function primarily replaced by automated machinery, artificial intelligence,
7 or software systems capable of performing the same essential duties
8 without human labor. This Act applies only to companies with 50 or more
9 employees.
- 10 **SECTION 3.** Companies that create retraining or redeployment programs for displaced
11 workers may apply for a federal tax credit equal to 10% of the program’s
12 total cost, capped at \$500,000 per company per year.
- 13 **SECTION 4.** Companies found in violation shall be fined an amount equal to twice the
14 unpaid compensation owed to displaced workers, or 10% of annual net
15 profits, whichever is greater.
- 16 **SECTION 5.** The Department of Labor shall oversee and implement this policy.
- 17 **SECTION 6.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.
- 18 **SECTION 7.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

This legislation is open to sponsorship by any competitor.

A Bill to Extend the African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA)

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The African Growth and Opportunity Act (AGOA), which expired on
3 September 30, 2025, shall be reauthorized and extended to September 30,
4 2027.

5 **SECTION 2.** The following sections will be removed from the current agreement:

6 A. SEC. 104 (B) pertaining to government stability.

7 B. SEC. 104 (D) pertaining to the economic policies of member nations.

8 **SECTION 3.** The Office of the United States Trade Representative (USTR) will oversee
9 the compliance of this legislation. No country will be deemed eligible to
10 receive AGOA benefits until its eligibility is verified by the USTR.

11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage.

12 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bloomington Jefferson High School.

A Bill to Ban All Imported Beauty Products

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** The United States will regulate beauty products by banning the import of
2 beauty products into the United States.
- 3 **SECTION 2.** Beauty products are defined as any products that are applied to the human
4 body to alter a person's appearance.
- 5 A. This legislation excludes packaging components that are manufactured
6 outside of the United States.
- 7 **SECTION 3.** Funds from the Department of Defense will be allocated to the FDA to
8 enforce this regulation.
- 9 A. The FDA will enforce this regulation by inspecting factories and
10 packages entering the United States.
- 11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1st, 2026.
- 12 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Edina High School

A Bill To Ban Single-Use Plastics To Reduce Pollution And Protect Public Health

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** The production, sale, and distribution of single-use plastics, such as plastic
2 bags, straws, utensils, and packaging, will be banned in the United States.
- 3 **SECTION 2.** The following definitions will be used:
- 4 A. “Single-use plastics” are plastic products that are only intended to be
5 used once and then thrown away. Examples include straws, bags, cups,
6 or wrappers.
- 7 B. “Biodegradable alternatives” are items made from natural materials
8 that can break down safely in the environment.
- 9 **SECTION 3.** The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) shall oversee the enforcement
10 of this legislation.
- 11 A. The EPA will establish national guidelines for phasing out single-use
12 plastics by 2030.
- 13 B. The EPA will work with state governments and businesses to promote
14 and certify biodegradable alternatives.
- 15 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026
- 16 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by East Ridge High School.

A Bill to Establish the Department of Gun Violence Prevention

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** A cabinet-level Department of Gun Violence Prevention (DGVP) is hereby
2 created. The DGVP shall coordinate federal programs to decrease gun
3 violence, fund school and community safety initiatives, and conduct
4 research on prevention strategies.
- 5 **SECTION 2.** Gun violence shall be defined as any injury, death, or threat of harm by the
6 use of a firearm in public or private spaces, including schools, places of
7 worship, and community areas.
- 8 **SECTION 3.** Implementation of this policy shall be overseen by the Department of
9 Justice and the ATF until the DGVP becomes operational.
- 10 A. Upon becoming operational, the DGVP shall coordinate federal gun
11 violence prevention programs and report annually to Congress on their
12 effectiveness.
- 13 B. The DGVP shall be funded through annual appropriations by Congress
14 and may receive transfers from existing agencies as necessary.
- 15 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.
- 16 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Cap Pharmaceutical Drug Markups

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

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| 1 | SECTION 1. | Pharmaceutical drug companies shall hereby be required to cap their |
| 2 | | markups on drugs at 15%. |
| 3 | SECTION 2. | A markup shall be defined as extra costs added onto drug prices to |
| 4 | | generate profit and to distribute the drug, in addition to the cost of |
| 5 | | production. |
| 6 | SECTION 3. | The Department of Health and Human Services will be responsible for |
| 7 | | implementing this legislation. |
| 8 | SECTION 4. | This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. |
| 9 | SECTION 5. | All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. |

Introduced for Congressional Debate by John Marshall High School.