

A Bill to Tax Carbon Emissions

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The government shall enforce a carbon tax on companies with high levels of carbon emissions and to put these funds towards renewable energy programs in the United States.

SECTION 2. Carbon emissions are defined as the release of carbon and other harmful greenhouse gasses into the atmosphere. In this case, a high level of emission is considered 10,000 metric tons of carbon or more annually.

SECTION 3. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) will track and measure carbon pollution from companies, while The Department of the Treasury will collect levied tax.

A. An initial tax of \$35 per metric ton of carbon dioxide equivalent (CO₂e) shall be levied on applicable entities with scaled rates determined by company size. This rate shall increase by 5% plus the rate of inflation annually to ensure continued efficacy.

B. Companies must file quarterly emission reports to the EPA. Failure to file accurate reports or pay the tax within 90 days of the fiscal year's end will result in a civil penalty equal to 150% of the unpaid tax obligation, in addition to the original tax owed.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Reagan High School.

A Bill to Establish Algorithmic Due Process Protections

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The use of automated decision-making systems in housing, employment, credit, insurance, and education shall require due process protections for individuals affected by such decisions within the United States and all territories subject to its jurisdiction.

SECTION 2. For the purposes of this Act, the term “*automated decision-making system*” is defined as any computer system, algorithm, or artificial intelligence tool that uses personal data to make or substantially influence decisions. The term “*significant decision*” is defined as any decision that results in the approval, denial, revocation, reduction, or conditional change of housing, employment, credit, insurance, or educational opportunities.

SECTION 3. The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) shall implement the provisions of this Act. Any public agency, educational institution, or private entity that uses an automated decision-making system for a significant decision shall be required to provide the affected individual with a clear explanation of the main factors used in the decision and allow the individual to request a human review of the decision.

The Federal Trade Commission shall establish regulations within 180 days of ratification to ensure compliance with this Act. Penalties for violations of this Act may include civil fines of up to \$50,000 per violation and up to two years in prison, as determined by the FTC.

SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on January 1, 2027.

SECTION 5. All laws, regulations, or provisions in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Brookfield East High School.

A Bill to Establish a Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism to Reduce Global Greenhouse Gas Emissions

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The United States shall establish a Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism (CBAM) to apply a fee on certain imported goods based on the amount of greenhouse gas emissions generated during their production, preventing carbon leakage.

SECTION 2.

- A.** Carbon Border Adjustment Mechanism (CBAM) refers to a tariff or fee imposed on imported goods equivalent to the domestic cost imposed on U.S. producers for carbon emissions.
- B.** Carbon Leakage refers to the relocation of production to countries with weaker environmental regulations, resulting in no net reduction in global Emissions.
- C.** Covered Goods shall include, but are not limited to, steel, aluminum, cement, fertilizer, and other emissions-intensive industrial products as determined by the Department of Commerce.

SECTION 3.

- A.** The Department of Commerce, in coordination with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), shall calculate the average carbon intensity of covered goods produced domestically.
- B.** Imported covered goods shall be subject to a fee equivalent to the carbon cost that would have been incurred if the goods were produced within the United States.
- C.** Countries with equivalent or stronger carbon pricing mechanisms may be exempted from the fee.
- D.** Revenue generated from this fee shall be allocated toward domestic clean energy investment, climate mitigation programs, and assistance for impacted industries.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall take effect at the beginning of FY 2027.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by BEHS.

A Bill to Ban Tiktok

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The Global company bytedance will be prohibited from operating in the US

SECTION 2 The Federal Trade Commission as well as the Department of Justice, will oversee the ban as the company bytedance will be prohibited from operating in the US.

- A. US based companies will receive tax benefits
- B. Bytedance employees who will soon be unemployed will a six month severance pay
- C. All TikTok user data will be transferred to US based servers overseen by the Department of Commerce.

SECTION 3. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027

SECTION 4. All laws in conflict with legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Marquette University High School.

A Bill to Dissolve the CIA

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1.** The Central Intelligence Agency will cease all operations and be disbanded permanently.
- SECTION 2.** The CIA's functions shall be transferred to the following agencies.
- A. The Department of Homeland Security shall assume all duties of foreign political and intelligence monitoring.
 - B. The CIA's jurisdiction over covert action shall be transferred to the military Joint Chiefs of Staff under the direction of the POTUS.
 - C. Any ongoing foreign CIA action and intervention operations shall cease upon the passage of this bill.
- SECTION 3.** The House Oversight Committee and House Select Committee on Intelligence shall oversee the implementation of this bill.
- SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2028. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Marquette University High School.

A Bill to Reinstate the United States Department of Education

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1.** The Department of Education is hereby re-established as an executive department of the United States Government
- SECTION 2.** The Department of Education will thereby be responsible for the following:
- A.** Administering federal financial aid programs, including Pell Grants and federal student loans.
 - B.** Enforcing federal educational laws regarding civil rights and privacy, such as Title IX and FERPA.
 - C.** Collecting and disseminating data on American schools to track national educational progress.
 - D.** Distributing supplemental funding to K-12 schools to support low-income students and families (Title 1) and special education (IDEA).
- SECTION 3.** The Department shall be overseen by a Secretary of Education, appointed by the President with the advice and consent of the Senate.
- SECTION 4.** There are hereby authorized to be appropriated such sums as may be necessary to carry out the provisions of this Act, provided that total annual outlays do not exceed 0.5% of the previous fiscal year's Gross Domestic Product.
- A.** No more than 5% of the total budget may be used for the internal operations and salaries of the Department.
 - B.** To receive supplemental funding under Section 2D, a State or local educational agency shall not reduce its own non-federal spending for elementary and secondary education below the level of such spending for the preceding fiscal year.
- SECTION 5.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027.
- A.** Upon passage, a 180-day transition period shall commence to allow for the transfer of relevant educational records and personnel.
 - B.** All laws or portions of laws in conflict with the provisions of this Act are hereby declared null and void to the extent of such conflict.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by BEHS.

A Bill to Establish a Nationwide Nap Class

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Primary and Secondary Schools must allot forty-five minutes of the school day to a dedicated nap class.

SECTION 2. Nap class shall be treated like a normal class, and an educator must be present to supervise students.

A. Students shall be graded on a pass/fail basis.

B. Students without diagnosed sleep disorders who are unwilling to participate for the majority of the academic year must fail the class.

C. The nap class must begin between 12 and 1 pm local time.

SECTION 3. The United States Department of Education will oversee the enforcement of this legislation.

A. The ED shall allocate \$10,000,000 of its annual budget to enforce the provisions of this legislation.

SECTION 4. Any institution found in violation of this legislation after its implementation shall have its federal funding revoked.

A. Federal funding shall be reinstated upon compliance with this legislation.

SECTION 5. This legislation will take effect on August 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Marquette University High School

A Bill to Reinstate the Strategic Defense Initiative

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The U.S. Department of Defense (Department of War) will reinstate the Strategic Defense Initiative to pursue a comprehensive, layered missile defense shield for intercepting large-scale ballistic missile attacks

SECTION 2. The SDI (Strategic Defense Initiative) aims to replace the doctrine of Mutual Assured Destruction by using a combination of space-based and ground-based weapons, including lasers, particle beams, and small satellite interceptors, to track and destroy incoming missiles before they reach American soil.

SECTION 3. The Department of Defense will oversee the reestablishment of the SDI

A. It is thereby authorized to be appropriated to the Department of Defense the sum of \$25 billion for Fiscal Year 2027 for the purpose of reinstating and operating the Strategic Defense Initiative, to remain available until expended.

B. Of the amount authorized in Section 3A, no less than \$10 billion shall be allocated toward research, development, testing, and evaluation of missile defense technologies

C. Funding authorized under this section is supplemental to and shall not be drawn from existing Department of Defense (Department of War) operational or personnel budgets without express congressional approval.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on June 7, 2026 All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Amend Funding in the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The McKinney–Vento Homeless Assistance Act is amended to increase
3 authorized appropriations to \$250,000,000, and for other purposes. This
4 will be overseen and implemented through the U.S. Department of
5 Education (ED).

6 **SECTION 2.** INCREASE IN AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATION

7 (a.) Amendment.— Section homeless education subtitle of the
8 McKinney–Vento Homeless Assistance Act (42 U.S.C. 11431 et seq.)
9 is amended by striking the current authorization of appropriations
10 and inserting the following:

11 a. “There are authorized to be appropriated \$250,000,000 for
12 each fiscal year to carry out this subtitle.”

13 (b.) Use of Funds.— Funds appropriated under this Act shall support:

- 14 a. The identification, enrollment, and retention of homeless
15 children and youth;
- 16 b. Academic support services, transportation assistance, and
17 liaison staffing;
- 18 c. Local educational agency subgrants and statewide initiatives
19 improving educational stability
- 20 d. Any other activities permitted under the McKinney–Vento
21 Homeless Assistance Act.

22 **SECTION 3.** This legislation will take effect on at the beginning of the first fiscal year
23 following the date of enactment of this Act. All laws in conflict with this
24 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by St. Augustine Preparatory Academy.

A Bill to Permanently End Certain United States Aid to Israel

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. TITLE

Defunding Israel Completely.

SECTION 2. TERMINATION OF AID

All non-humanitarian United States aid to Israel is hereby permanently terminated.

SECTION 3. EXCEPTION

Humanitarian assistance may continue only if directly administered by the United States or approved international organizations.

SECTION 4. EFFECTIVE DATE

This Act shall take effect immediately upon enactment.