

MDTA Jamboree Docket

Saturday, September 27, 2025

Session I

- A Bill To Address Student Loan Debt
- A Bill to Enforce Mandatory Military Service
- A Bill to Raise Taxes to Fund Public Transportation
- A Resolution to Abolish Charter Schools

Session II

- A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Change the Electoral Process for President of the United States
- A Bill to Mandate Body Cameras
- A Bill to Subsidize the Production of Electric Vehicles
- A Bill to Tax Wealth

A Bill To Address Student Loan Debt

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Each student loan holder in the United States will be eligible for loan
3 forgiveness up to \$40,000 for undergraduate studies.

4 **SECTION 2.** Eligible loans include: Direct Subsidized Stafford Loans, Direct
5 Unsubsidized Stafford Loans, and Direct Consolidation Loans. The loan
6 forgiveness will not be counted as direct income and, therefore, will not
7 be taxable.

8 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Education will oversee this program. The Department
9 of the Internal Revenue Service will be tasked with identifying corporate
10 tax loopholes to fund this program.

11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on September 1, 2026. All laws in conflict
12 with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Minnesota Debate Teachers Association.

A Bill to Enforce Mandatory Military Service

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The purpose of this bill is to enforce mandatory military service for all
3 Selective Service Eligible individuals.

4 **SECTION 2.** Mandatory Military Service shall be defined as a period during which a
5 person must enroll in the military.

- 6 a. The period of mandatory service is two (2) years; and
7 b. A person must enroll for service before the age of 30; and
8 c. Individuals exempt from the Selective Service Registration do not
9 need to complete mandatory service; and
10 d. All individuals aged 18 at the time of the implementation of this
11 legislation are exempt from mandatory service.

12 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Defense will be responsible for overseeing the
13 implementation of this legislation.

14 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on September 1, 2026. All laws in conflict
15 with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Minnesota Debate Teachers Association.

A Bill to Raise Taxes to Fund Public Transportation

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The federal government will raise the federal excise tax on gasoline to
3 fund public transportation. The United States federal excise tax on
4 gasoline will be raised to \$0.35 per gallon and \$0.40 per gallon for diesel
5 fuel.

6 **SECTION 2.** Public transportation is defined as buses, trains, subways, and light rail
7 services. All money from this gasoline excise tax will be used as grants
8 given to individual states that have initiatives to increase public
9 transportation.

10 **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service will oversee the implementation of this bill.

11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on September 1, 2026. All laws in conflict
with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Minnesota Debate Teachers Association.

A Resolution to Abolish Charter Schools

- 1 **WHEREAS,** Charter schools are negatively affecting the educational quality of all
2 students; and
- 3 **WHEREAS,** Charter schools operate independently of the government, with few
4 regulations, while still accepting government funding; and
- 5 **WHEREAS,** Financial motives encourage charter schools to prey on students; and
- 6 **WHEREAS,** To reduce the financial burden created by charter schools, public schools
7 are forced to cut budgets, reduce salaries, eliminate classes, and close;
8 and
- 9 **WHEREAS,** Attempts to reform charter schools in the past have failed; and
- 10 **WHEREAS,** Charter schools have had a negligible effect on overall academic
11 performance at best, while harming the schools around them; therefore,
12 be it
- 13 **RESOLVED,** By the Congress here assembled, that a Department of Education
14 commission be established to create a plan to effectively abolish charter
15 schools by the 2027-2028 school year.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Minnesota Debate Teachers Association.

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Change the Electoral Process for President of the United States

1 **RESOLVED,** By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is
2 proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States,
3 which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution
4 when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states
5 within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

ARTICLE --

SECTION 1: The Electoral College of the United States of America is abolished.

9 **SECTION 2:** The President and Vice President shall be elected as a
10 ticket into their respective offices by way of a National
11 Popular vote.

12 **SECTION 3:** The Congress shall have the power to enforce this article
by appropriate legislation.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Minnesota Debate Teachers Association.

A Bill to Mandate Body Cameras

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Police Officers on duty are required to wear recording devices turned on
3 at all times, whose recordings will be available on a public database.

4 **SECTION 2.** The following terms are defined:

5 a. Recording devices shall be defined as devices worn on the person
6 capable of recording audio and video for transmitting the
7 recording to a public database.

8 b. A public database shall be a searchable government website
9 containing all these recordings.

10 c. Local law enforcement may restrict access to recordings for
11 ongoing investigations until they are complete and associated
12 legal proceedings are concluded.

13 d. Local law enforcement may restrict access to sensitive material for
14 personal privacy.

15 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice is responsible for the implementation of this
16 legislation.

17 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on September 1, 2026. All laws in conflict
18 with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Minnesota Debate Teachers Association.

A Bill to Subsidize the Production of Electric Vehicles

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The federal government shall divert \$50 billion in subsidies to fund public
3 electric vehicle production.

4 **SECTION 2.** Grants will be provided to auto companies that produce vehicles in the
5 United States to help accelerate the production of electric vehicles and
6 the related parts needed to create electric vehicles.

7 **SECTION 3.** The funding for this legislation shall be taken from the Department of
8 Defense's budget for the coming year. The U.S. Department of Energy
9 shall oversee this bill.

10 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on September 1, 2026. All laws in conflict
11 with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Minnesota Debate Teachers Association.

A Bill to Tax Wealth

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Two additional tax brackets will be added to the existing Federal Income
3 Tax Brackets.

4 a. 45% for annual incomes over \$5,000,000 (\$7,000,000 for married
5 couples filing jointly); and

6 b. 55% for annual incomes over \$15,000,000 (\$18,000,000 for
7 married couples filing jointly).

8 **SECTION 2.** These additional tax brackets are in addition to the existing set of tax
9 brackets as defined by tax law.

10 **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) will be responsible for the
11 implementation and enforcement of this legislation.

12 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on September 1, 2026. All laws in conflict
13 with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Minnesota Debate Teachers Association.