2025 MINNEAPPLE CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE

LEGISLATIVE DOCKET



RELEASED OCTOBER 17, 2025

In compiling this legislation packet, we strived to balance submissions from schools and a variety of topic areas, while streamlining the amount of preparation contestants must do ahead of the tournament. Given the size of chambers, we assume two items will be debated each round, so there are 8 items for prelims (a buffer of 2 additional items in case debate wraps up sooner); 3 items for semis; and 2 items for finals.

Students from schools who advance to semis/finals who wrote legislation are entitled to authorship speeches in the same fashion (author first, same school second); otherwise, anyone in the chamber may claim sponsorship.

Rules, procedures, and online competition protocols are posted in a Google Doc linked to from the MinneApple Tabroom.com website (Congress page).

Prelims

A Bill to Tax Beef Products

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The sale and import of all beef products into and within the
2	United States	of America will hereby be subject to an additional tax of 20%.
3	The revenue g	enerated by this taxation will be redistributed evenly
4	between the	Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP) and
5	environmenta	I protection research initiatives.
6	SECTION 2.	Beef products are defined as any commercial product that is
7	derived from a	any part of a cow, including cow's milk.
8	SECTION 3.	The Internal Revenue Service will oversee the
9	implementation	on of this bill. The delegation of the funds provided to
10	environmenta	l protection research will be at the discretion of the
11	Environmenta	l Protection Agency.
12	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on FY 2026. All laws in conflict
	with this legis	lation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Evelyn Jordan of Bloomington Kennedy.

A Bill to Remove Insurers Abilities to Deny Claims for Non-Addictive Prescription Drugs

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The ability of private insurers to deny claims for
2	non-addictive	prescription drugs will hereby be removed.
3	SECTION 2.	Non-addictive prescription drugs will be defined as medicine
4	which doesn't	cause compulsive drug seeking behavior, being unlikely to
5	lead to a psycl	nological and physical dependency.
6	A. Only Scheo	dule V drugs per the US Drug Enforcement Administration
7	Drug Sche	dules will be included.
8	B. Any other	Prescription drugs unclassified by the USDEA Drug Schedules
9	shall also b	oe included under the legislation.
10	SECTION 3.	The US Department of Treasury will undergo the
11	implementation	on of this legislation. Specifically the Federal Insurance Office
12	will focus on c	oversight.
13	C. Any insure	r who continues to deny claims will be fined \$100 per
14	individual	denial. If companies are continually denied they will be at
15	risk of losi	ng their national accreditation.
16	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2026. All laws in
17	conflict with t	his legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bloomington Jefferson High School.

A Bill to Eliminate Homeschooling in the United States

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGI	RESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Homeschooling will no longer be recognized as a legal form
3	of education in	the United States.
4	SECTION 2.	Homeschooling: The practice of educating a child at home,
5	typically by a p	arent or a hired tutor, rather than in a traditional public or
6	private school	setting.
7	SECTION 3.	Once passed the Department of Education will oversee the
8	enforcement o	f this legislation.
9	A. Truancy Lav	ws will be enforced on parents who are homeschooling
10	children.	
11	B. An amount	of 2.3 billion dollars will be allocated in order to build
12	programs i	n schools to help students who have been in a homeschool
13	setting as v	vell as students who need extra help to be on the same
14	learning lev	vel as their peers.
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on June 1st, 2028. All laws in
16	conflict with th	is legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Dowling Catholic.

The Urban Climate Resilience Act

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

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A Bill to Reopen Economic Participation in Central America (REPCA)

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The trade embargo on the state of Cuba will be lifted.
2	a. To furt	ther increase economic participation, 10% of the U.S
3	Depar	tment of Commerce's discretionary spending fund will be
4	taken	to invest in economic development in Central American
5	count	ries, focusing particularly on Cuba.
6	SECTION 2.	An embargo is defined as a trade restriction adopted as an
7	economic san	ction.
8		Economic development will be defined as development
9	aimed at deve	eloping an individual state's economy.
10	SECTION 3.	The Office of Foreign Assets Control will oversee this bill in
11	coordination	with the Committee on Foreign Investment in the United
12	States.	
13	A. The CFIUS	will regulate investment in economic development in foreign
14	countries	while OFAC will focus on enforcing the lift of Cuban embargo
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on FY 2027. All laws in conflict
	with this legis	lation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Iowa City West High School.

A Bill to Promote Artificial Intelligence Education in Schools

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States Department of Education shall establish a national
3		initiative to integrate Artificial Intelligence (AI) education into K–12 public
4		school curriculum.
5	SECTION 2.	A. Artificial Intelligence can be defined as the application of computer
6		systems able to perform tasks or produce output normally requiring human
7		intelligence, especially by applying machine learning techniques to large
8		collections of data.
9		B. Development of standardized AI literacy modules covering fundamentals
10		of machine learning, ethical considerations, and responsible use.
11		C. Funding for teacher training programs to equip educators with the skills to
12		teach Al-related topics.
13		D. Partnerships with universities, research institutions, and private sector
14		organizations to provide resources and materials.
15	SECTION 3.	The program shall be administered by the Department of Education in
16		consultation with the National Science Foundation (NSF). An annual
17		appropriation of \$500 million shall be allotted to fund this program.
18		A. Should program demand exceed initial allocations, the Department of
19		Education may request supplemental appropriations from Congress, not to
20		exceed an additional \$250 million annually.
21		B. Congress will conduct a review every two years to ensure effectiveness
22		and proper allocation of funding. If not, the parameters of today's
23		legislation will be revisited.
24	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect with the 2026-2027 academic year. All laws in
25		conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Northland Christian School.

The Stop Trading on Congressional Knowledge Act 2.0

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Members of the United States Congress shall be prohibited from trading
2		individual stocks during their term in office.
3	SECTION 2.	Members of Congress shall be prohibited from trading individual stocks
4		during their term in office.
5	SECTION 3.	The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) shall oversee enforcement.
6		Members shall disclose all investments within 30 days of any transaction
7		that occurs.
8	SECTION 4.	Any violations shall result in fines equal to the profits earned or losses
9		avoided, plus \$100,000. Repeated offenses may result in referral to the
10		House or Senate Ethics Committees for disciplinary action.
11	SECTION 5.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.
12	SECTION 6.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by East Ridge High School.

A Bill to Expand Free School Meals

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Free school meals shall be provided to all students enrolled
2	in public K-12	schools throughout the United States, regardless of
3	household inc	come
4	SECTION 2.	
5	A. The U.S. De	epartment of Agriculture (USDA) shall oversee the expansion
6	of the Nationa	al School Lunch Program (NSLP) and the School Breakfast
7	Program (SBP) to ensure universal access.
8	B. Funding sha	all be allocated through federal education and nutrition
9	budgets, with	supplemental grants provided to states based on student
10	population an	d need.
11	C. Schools ma	y not charge students for any standard breakfast or lunch
12	provided duri	ng the school day.
13	SECTION 3.	
14	A. The USDA s	shall work with local school districts to improve nutritional
15	standards and	food quality, prioritizing locally sourced and healthy options.
16	B. The Govern	ment Accountability Office (GAO) shall submit annual reports
17	to Congress e	valuating cost efficiency, participation rates, and nutritional
18	outcomes.	
19	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2029. All laws in
20	conflict with t	his legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Semis

A Bill to Improve Education

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States federal government will assist all public K-12 schools by
3		offering increased financial support to those in need.
4	SECTION 2.	Public school districts with documented students that score below the state's
5		proficiency mandates will be offered aid to improve academic performance.
6	SECTION 3.	Scoring will be calculated through the mean average of state required testing
7	SECTION 4.	Aid eligibility will reset annually after a state-wide test is conducted. Aid shall
8		include, but is not limited to: extra teachers, tutors, online learning
9		programs, grading websites, and physical supplies by request.
10	SECTION 5.	The Department of Education will oversee the implementation of this bill.
11		A. \$10,000,000,000 will be set aside for this bill from the general fund, to be
12		utilized once the Department of Education requirements are met for said
13		funding.
14		B. The Department of Education will create a tool only accessed by school
15		districts to request aid and ensure all government accountability policies
16		are followed for the distribution of said funds.
17	SECTION 6.	This legislation will take effect on July 1st, 2025. All laws in conflict with this
18		legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bettendorf High School.

A Bill to Ban Fracking in the United States

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	An indefinite moratorium will now be placed on all fracking
2	permits issued	by the federal government. All existing permits that have
3	already been i	issued are set to be rescinded on December 31, 2027.
4	SECTION 2.	"Fracking" refers to a technique where large quantities of
5	water, chemic	als, and sand are blasted into impermeable rock formations
6	to access trap	ped gas and oil.
7	SECTION 3.	The Department of the Interior's Bureau of Land
8	Management	(BLM) will oversee the implementation of this legislation.
9	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on FY 2026. All laws in conflict
10	with this bill a	re hereby declared null and void.
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A Bill to Prohibit Arms Sales to Human Rights Violating Nations

1	BE IT ENACTE	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	The United States shall fully prohibit the sale, transfer, or export of
3		military grade weapons, equipment, and technology to any nation
4		committing or intending to commit gross human rights violations.
5	SECTION 2.	For the purposes of this legislation:
6		A. "Gross human rights violations" shall be defined as acts including, but
7		not limited to, genocide, ethnic cleansing, torture, political repression,
8		unlawful detention, or systematic suppression of civil liberties, as
9		determined by annual U.S. State Department Human Rights Reports and
10		verified findings by international bodies such as the United Nations.
11		B. "Military weapons, equipment, and technology" includes firearms,
12		ammunition, surveillance systems, military aircraft, drones, vehicles, and
13		defense-related technology, whether lethal or non-lethal.
14	SECTION 3.	This policy shall be enforced by the U.S. Department of State in
15		coordination with the Bureau of Political-Military Affairs and the
16		Department of Commerce.
17		A. An annual review shall be conducted to determine which nations
18		qualify under this restriction, based on current and credible human
19		rights reporting.
20		B. Any violation of this restriction shall result in an automatic suspension
21		of defense export licenses to the country in question and possible
22		legal penalties or prosecution for violating contractors and
23		corporations.
24		C. This bill will not require funding.
25	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on November 1, 2025. All laws in conflict

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ansh Bhatia from Lakeville North.

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with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Finals

A Bill to Mandate Audible Camera Shutter Noises

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	All covered devices must have audible camera shutter noises. The camera
3		shutter noise cannot be disabled or muted by the user.
4	SECTION 2.	For the purposes of this legislation:
5		A. "Covered devices" shall be defined as any mobile phone or personal
6		data assistant capable of capturing a digital photographic image.
7		B. "Camera shutter noises" shall be defined as an audible sound emitted
8		from a covered device upon the capture of a photograph. The mandated
9		camera noise shall have a volume of no less than 90 decibels and no more
10		than 100 decibels at the time of sound emission.
11	SECTION 3.	Funding and Enforcement:
12		A. The FCC shall be tasked with the enforcement of this legislation.
13		B. The penalty for non-compliance shall be a fine of \$30,000, paid by the
14		manufacturer, for each shipment of non-compliant devices.
15		C. This legislation shall take effect at the start of the 2027 Fiscal Year.
16	SECTION 4.	. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Math and Science Academy.

A Bill to Institute a Universal Healthcare System

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Due to excessive medical bills and the inability to access treatment in
3		underprivileged and rural communities, a universal healthcare coverage
4		system will be implemented.
5	SECTION 2.	Universal Healthcare Coverage, or UHC, can be defined as accessibility to a
6		full range of quality healthcare services that will be non-discriminatory
7		towards age, race, gender, income, employment, location, and pre-existing
8		conditions.
9	SECTION 3.	This legislation will be funded by the Department of Health and Human
10		Services with an annual allocation of \$100 million, along with additional
11		funding from a 10% increase in income tax from the top 1%.
12		A. The Department of Health and Human Services will conduct checks
13		specifically targeting low-income and rural communities to ensure proper
14		quality care for these individuals.
15		B. If funding towards this program isn't feasible after 5 years, 5% of the
16		Department of Defense's Annual Budget will go towards this program.
17	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on February 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with
18		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Northland Christian School.