

# 2025 TCFL Fall Congress Legislation

## **A Bill to Redirect ICE Funding Towards Legal Support and Language Support for Immigrants**

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** 10% of Immigration and Customs Enforcements discretionary  
2 operational budget will be used for translators and immigration  
3 lawyers to facilitate the immigration process on the border. This  
4 will first be limited to California, Texas, and Arizona but will  
5 expand yearly.

6 **SECTION 2.** A. “Translators” are defined as people who can speak one of the  
7 languages commonly used by immigrants (e.g. Spanish,  
8 Portuguese, etc.) and are professionally trained to facilitate  
9 communication between English and non-English speakers.

10 B. “Immigration lawyers” are defined as people who have a law  
11 degree in immigration law for defense as well as possessing at  
12 least 2 years of legal experience.

13 **SECTION 3.** This will be allocated and overseen by the Department of  
14 Homeland Security.

15 A. The budget will solely be used for the purpose of translators  
16 and immigration lawyers.

17 B. If not complied ICE will lose 5% of its yearly discretionary  
18 budget from the fiscal year, pending congressional review.

19 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on November 1, 2025.

20 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null  
21 and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Valencia High School*

## A Bill to Regulate Medical Spas

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** Medical, or Med, Spas shall be required to have a licensed medical  
2 doctor on site for any surgical or non-surgical medical procedures  
3 including, but not limited to injections, intravenous (IV)  
4 treatments, laser procedures, or prescription medications.
- 5 **SECTION 2.** **A.** Medical spa shall be defined as a place that provides spa  
6 treatments and cosmetic procedures that are meant to improve a  
7 person's appearance.  
8 **B.** On site shall be defined as on the physical premises.  
9 **C.** Medical procedure is defined as a series of steps for doing  
10 something in medicine, such as a surgical operation or a  
11 diagnostic test.  
12 **D.** Medical doctor is defined as a medical professional who is a  
13 licensed MD or DO.
- 14 **SECTION 3.** This legislation will be overseen by the Department of Health and  
15 Human Services and the Federation of State Medical Boards.
- 16 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect immediately upon passage.
- 17 **SECTION 5.** All legislation in conflict will be considered null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by William S. Hart High School*

# A Bill to Regulate the Environmental Impact of Data Centers

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** New data centers (not currently under operation) will be  
2 required to use carbon-free renewable electricity as a condition  
3 to begin operation.
- 4 **SECTION 2.** Existing data centers will need to demonstrate compliance  
5 with this carbon-free renewable electricity requirement by July  
6 1st, 2027.
- 7 **SECTION 3.** All data centers in operation will be required to demonstrate  
8 water-positive compliance with recycling, use of reclaimed  
9 wastewater and other methods and technologies by December 31,  
10 2030. The Secretary of the Interior and the Secretary of Energy  
11 will oversee implementation and enforcement.
- 12 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2026. All laws in conflict  
13 with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Arroyo Grande High School*

## **A Bill to Ban Military Recruitment in High Schools**

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** Military recruitment efforts shall be prohibited on all public and private high school campuses.

**SECTION 2.** **A.** Military recruitment efforts are defined as any member or representative of a branch of the United States Armed Forces, or any state's National Guard, whose sole or primary presence on a high school campus is to recruit current students to enlist in a branch of the United States Armed Forces or National Guard. **B.** Any branch of the United States Armed Forces found to be conducting military recruitment efforts shall have its budget reduced by not less than \$1,000,000 per infraction. **C.** Any school found to be willfully permitting military recruitment efforts on their campus shall forfeit all federal funding for the year in which the infraction occurred.

**SECTION 3.** The Department of Defense and the Department of Education shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Burbank High School*

# A Bill to Establish a Standardized Exam-Based College Admissions Process

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** The U.S. Department of Education shall establish a national, standardized exam as the primary criterion for college admissions to federally funded universities and colleges.

**SECTION 2.** **A.** "Standardized Exam" shall refer to a uniform, national assessment that evaluates core academic and intended major-related competencies. The exam shall be free to take, and students shall have 3 chances to take the exam during their final year of high school, with the highest score being kept.

**B.** "College admissions" shall refer to the process through which students apply for entrance into undergraduate programs at colleges and universities within the United States.

**SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of Education will oversee the creation, administration, and scoring of the exam in collaboration with a council of educational experts. The exam will assess academic competencies in math, science, reading comprehension, and analytical writing, as well as subjects specific to the test-taker's intended major. Enforcement mechanisms include:

**A.** Mandating all federally funded and private colleges and universities to incorporate the exam as the primary basis for admission decisions.

**B.** Institutions that fail to make the standardized exam the primary basis for admissions will face fines calculated as a percentage of their total annual operating budget or endowment. Initial fines will start at 0.5% of the institution's annual operating budget or endowment, whichever is greater, with the penalty increasing by 0.5 percentage points for each repeated or prolonged violation, up to a maximum of 50%.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

# **A Bill to Require Independent Redistricting Committees to Abolish Gerrymandering**

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** The United States hereby establishes Independent Redistricting Commission in each of the 50 states to redraw congressional district lines every 12 years following the U.S. Census Demographic shift. This Independent Redistricting Commission will be created by the state.

**SECTION 2.** **A.** The Independent Redistricting Commission will have its members selected to reflect the state's geographical, racial, gender, and political diversity. The commission will require 8 members, with 2 chosen from the two major political parties respectively, and four independents. Any map will have to pass with eight members in favor of the map to pass.

**B.** Each state will create its own independent redistricting commission. State legislatures shall only reject the district map if they are found to violate the state Constitution or the Constitution of the United States.

**C.** The independent commission will be established every 10 years according to the U.S. Census demographic survey.

**D.** In the case that these maps violate the constitution, redistricting will be done repeatedly until a map is approved.

**SECTION 3.** The Federal Election Commission will work alongside states to implement this bill. The Federal Election Commission will intervene if it's observed that there exist any discrepancies in any of the terms listed above.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.