

2015 Legislative Docket*Initial Release - April 3, 2015*

Each session will have its own theme. Chambers may only debate on legislation designated for that session. Any student may speak to introduce (sponsor) legislation, since bills were written by alumni. Sponsors will be selected on the basis of recency, become responsible for the mechanics of the legislation, and must yield to two minutes of questioning following the speech.

Congress procedures, schedule, and other information will be at toc.tabroom.com by April 15.

Session and Theme	Title
Session 1 – Morning Hour	Individual Morning Hour Speeches
Session 2 – Health	2A A Bill to Fairly Tax Health Insurance Benefits 2B A Bill to Prevent Epidemics Through Herd Immunity 2C A Bill to Provide Medicare for All
Session 3 –Foreign Policy	3A A Bill to Offer Aid to the Venezuelan Government 3B A Bill to Cooperate with China on Space Exploration 3C A Bill to Strengthen the U.N. Arms Embargo on Lybia
Session 4 - Agriculture	4A A Bill to Update the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program 4B A Bill to Expand the Farm to School Grant Program 4C A Bill to Increase Funding to the Disaster Relief Fund of the Federal Emergency Management Agency for the Relocation of Farms
SF Session 1 - Education	SF1A A Bill to Boost Funding for Critical Language Study SF1B A Bill to Close the School to Prison Pipeline SF1C A Bill to Fairly Measure Adequate Yearly Progress
SF Session 2 - Environment/Energy	SF2A A Bill to Ban Fracking on Public Lands SF2B A Bill to Clean the Air and Embrace Civilian Nuclear Power SF2C A Bill to Incentivize Energy Efficient Infrastructure
Finals – Homeland Security	FA A Bill to Create a National Domain Awareness Network FB A Bill to Enhance America’s Cybersecurity FC A Bill to Repeal the Cuban Adjustment Act

In the interest of offering an invigorating docket, the TOC solicits legislation from former competitors under the direction of a committee of coaches. This year’s “Select Committee for TOC Legislation” is comprised of:

Adam J. Jacobi, Wisconsin

Jeff Hannan, Illinois

Dr. Alexandra Sencer, North Carolina

Jason Warren, Texas

Authors this year included:

Christina Baworowsky, Illinois

Luke Kupscznk, Florida

Ben Berkman, Illinois

Tushar Madden, Texas

Lauren Blonde, Florida

Elliott Mamet, Colorado

Emma Collins, Illinois

Chad Meadows, Kentucky

Dixie Forcht, Iowa

Dalton Reilly, Kansas

Jonathan Fried, Pennsylvania

Michael Vigers, North Carolina

Barbra Garner, Texas

Ben Walker, Florida

Kyle Hendrix, Washington

Sarah Wible, Washington, D.C.

Eric Katz, New York

A Bill to Fairly Tax Health Insurance Benefits

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** 26 USC Section 106 is hereby repealed. For purposes of taxation, gross
3 income of an employee shall henceforth include the value of employer-
4 provided coverage under an accident or health plan.

5 **SECTION 2.** 26 USC Section 49801 is hereby repealed. The excise tax on high cost
6 employer-sponsored health coverage, or "Cadillac tax", imposed by the
7 Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, is therefore repealed.

8 **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service, in conjunction with the Department of
9 Health and Human Services, shall enforce the provisions of this law.

10 **SECTION 4.** This law shall go into effect on January 1, 2025.

11 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Prevent Epidemics Through Herd Immunity

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The Secretary of Health and Human Services shall reduce the Federal
3 Medical Assistance Percentage for Medicaid by five percent for any State
4 that does not require the vaccination of United States citizens under the
5 age of eighteen.

6 **SECTION 2.** Proper vaccination shall be defined as adherence to the latest
7 immunization schedule recommended by the Centers for Disease Control
8 and Prevention (CDC) Advisory Committee on Immunization Practices
9 (ACIP).

10 **SECTION 3.** For the purposes of this legislation, to require vaccinations means a State
11 must provide civil or criminal penalties against parents, legal guardians,
12 healthcare practices, or health insurance plans for the failure to provide
13 vaccinations to citizens under the age of eighteen.

14 **SECTION 4.** States may allow for medical exemptions from vaccination schedules, and
15 may determine the degree and severity of the civil and criminal penalties
16 referenced in Section 3.

17 **SECTION 5.** The Secretary of Health and Human Services will be responsible for
18 enforcing the provisions of this law.

19 **SECTION 6.** This law shall go into effect on May 1, 2016.

20 **SECTION 7.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Provide Medicare for All

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** All United States citizens will be covered under the Medicare for All
3 Program.

4 **SECTION 2.** The Medicare for All Program entitles all citizens to benefits available
5 through any health care clinician anywhere in the U.S. that is legally
6 qualified to provide the benefits. Each citizen will receive a unique
7 identification number to manage their benefits.

8 **SECTION 3.** Enforcement will be through the Department of Health and Human
9 Services. The Secretary will work with state governments for the purpose
10 of distributing funds to care providers.

11 A. Only public or not for profit institutions may participate. Licensed
12 clinicians who accept payments from Medicare may not bill any
13 patient for a covered service. Private health care providers may
14 continue to operate.

15 B. Health care benefits provided by this program will cover all medically
16 necessary services including, but not limited to: primary and
17 preventative care, emergency care, prescription drugs, mental health
18 care, dental care, vision and hearing, and substance abuse treatment.
19 Patients shall have free choice of participating physicians and other
20 clinicians, hospitals, and inpatient care facilities.

21 C. The Secretary of Health and Human Services will work in conjunction
22 with the Internal Revenue Service and relevant Congressional actors
23 to determine appropriate revenue increases to pay for any additional
24 costs incurred through this program.

25 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall take effect one year following enactment.

26 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Offer Aid to the Venezuelan Government

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States will use assets seized from Venezuelan government
3 officials to deliver aid to the Venezuelan people.

4 **SECTION 2.** All funds frozen or seized from Venezuelan officials will be converted into
5 an economic aid package and offered to the Venezuelan government. Aid
6 would be available for projects in the following areas: infrastructure,
7 education, health, prison conditions, and the environment.

8 **SECTION 3.** The United States Agency for International Development will be
9 responsible for overseeing this economic aid.

10 **SECTION 4.** One half of the funds described will be made available immediately, and
11 the remaining funds will become available three months after passage of
12 this bill and subject to the approval of the Secretary of State.

13 **SECTION 5.** This legislation will take effect three months after passage.

14 **SECTION 6.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Cooperate with China on Space Exploration

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** All language or regulation preventing the National Aeronautics and Space
3 Administration (NASA) or the White House Office of Science and
4 Technology Policy from engaging in bilateral activities with China on civil
5 space cooperation, including the “Wolf Clause”, is hereby repealed.

6 **SECTION 2.** NASA is directed to conduct bilateral activities with China on space
7 exploration.

- 8 **A.** Within six months, NASA shall engage the China National Space
9 Administration (CNSA) in direct talks to establish common goals and
10 objectives.
- 11 **B.** Within one year, NASA shall develop, in concert with the CNSA, long-
12 term human exploration scenarios.
- 13 **C.** Within three years, NASA shall participate in exploration activities
14 with the CSNA under the framework of the Global Exploration
15 Roadmap.

16 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall be enforced by NASA, the State Department, the
17 United States Department of Commerce, and all other relevant agencies.

18 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will be implemented immediately upon passage.

19 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Strengthen the U.N. Arms Embargo on Libya

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States military is authorized to use all necessary means short
3 of deploying ground forces in Libyan territory to enforce U.N. Resolution
4 1970 (2011), U.N. Resolution 2144 (2014), U.N. Resolution 2146 (2014),
5 and U.N. Resolution 2174 (2014).

6 **SECTION 2.** The primary mandate of this authorization is to effectuate an arms
7 embargo and travel and asset ban on certain individuals as defined by the
8 aforementioned U.N. resolutions.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Defense, working in conjunction with the Department
10 of State, will oversee the implementation of this bill.

11 **SECTION 3.** This authorization will take effect immediately upon passage, and will
12 expire automatically two years afterwards, unless otherwise extended by
13 the Congress.

14 **SECTION 4.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Update the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Section 4006 of the Agricultural Act of 2014 shall be repealed.

3 Notwithstanding the provisions of the Personal Responsibility and Work
4 Opportunity Reconciliation Act of 1996 (the “Welfare Reform Act”), a
5 Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program applicant shall be deemed
6 eligible if he or she maintains a good faith effort to search for work
7 during a period of unemployment in addition to meeting all other
8 specified criteria.

9 **SECTION 2.** “Good faith effort to search for work” shall be defined by states, provided
10 there can be no imposition of an obligation to search or prepare
11 (including education training programs) for employment more than ten
12 hours a week.

13 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Agriculture shall be responsible for enforcing the
14 provisions of this act.

15 A. Violations of Section 1 of this Act shall be punishable by a two-year
16 disqualification from eligibility in the first instance and a lifetime ban
17 on eligibility in the second instance.

18 B. States shall be authorized to implement statewide requirements that
19 beneficiaries provide photo identification upon purchase of eligible
20 goods with an Electronic Benefits Transfer card, provided that such
21 states shall provide exceptions or alternatives in the case of the a
22 beneficiary without photo identification or where immediate family
23 members shall also make eligible purchases with the same Electronic
24 Benefits Transfer card.

25 **SECTION 4.** This act shall take effect within 90 days of becoming law.

26 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Expand the Farm to School Grant Program

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Funding for the Farm to School Grant Program shall be increased from \$5 million to \$25 million
3 per year for training, support operations, planning, purchasing equipment, developing school
4 gardens, developing partnerships, and implementing farm to school programs.

5 **SECTION 2.** A. "Support service grants" shall be intended for state and local agencies, Indian tribal
6 organizations, agricultural producers, and non-profit entities that work with schools or school
7 districts to develop and provide broad reaching support services for farm to school initiatives.

8 B. "Implementation grants" shall be intended to help schools or school districts scale or further
9 develop existing farm to school initiatives.

10 C. "Planning grants" shall be intended to help schools or school districts organize and structure
11 their efforts for maximum impact by embedding known best practices into early design
12 considerations.

13 D. "Training grants" are intended for state and local agencies, Indian tribal organizations,
14 agricultural producers and groups of agricultural producers, and non-profit entities to support
15 trainings that strengthen farm to school supply chains, or trainings that provide technical
16 assistance in the area of local procurement, food safety, culinary education, and/or integration of
17 agriculture-based curriculum.

18 E. Planning awards shall range from \$40,000 - \$65,000; implementation and support awards shall
19 range from \$85,000 - \$120,000; training awards range from \$35,000 - \$70,000.

20 **SECTION 3.** The Food and Nutrition Service of the Department of Agriculture will be responsible for
21 implementing this legislation.

22 A. Grant awards up to \$50,000 will require a 25% match of the total project cost.

23 B. Grant awards between \$50,000 - \$100,000 will require a 40% match of the total project cost.

24 C. Funding shall be provided by levying a \$0.05 per unit tax on the sale of fountain beverages.

25 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.

26 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Increase Funding to the Disaster Relief Fund of the Federal Emergency Management Agency for the Relocation of Farms

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall increase funding to the Federal Emergency
3 Management Agency's (FEMA) Disaster Relief Fund by \$1 billion dollars.

4 **SECTION 2.** A. This funding shall be earmarked specifically to pay for relief efforts put
5 forth by FEMA in the aftermath of a natural disaster in order to relocate
6 impacted farms and famers in rural areas.

7 B. Funding shall not be used to rebuild or replant on impacted land.

8 C. Relocation efforts shall include subsidies and/or low-interest loans for
9 the purchase of new land and seeds for agricultural purposes.

10 D. Relocation efforts shall be done in conjunction with the general
11 relocation efforts for all families impacted by the natural disaster.

12 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Homeland Security in cooperation with the
13 Department of Agriculture will be responsible for the administration of
14 these funds.

15 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall go into effect upon the start of the next fiscal year,
16 October 1, 2015.

17 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Boost Funding for Critical Language Study

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The Critical Language Scholarship (CLS) Program shall hereby be extended
3 to all American citizens enrolled in an accredited undergraduate or
4 graduate program in which the academic focus is one of the specified
5 Critical Languages through the creation of the Stateside Critical Language
6 Scholarship (SCLS) Program.

7 **SECTION 2.** The SCLS Program will provide funding to those American citizens
8 completing an undergraduate or graduate degree program in which at
9 least 36 credit hours will be in one of the specified Critical Languages.
10 The Critical Languages are: Arabic, Azerbaijani, Bangla, Cantonese, Hindi,
11 Indonesian, Japanese, Korean, Mandarin, Persian, Punjabi, Russia,
12 Turkish, and Urdu.

13 **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service and the Department of State shall be jointly
14 responsible for the implementation of the bill. Funding shall be derived
15 from a two dollar and fifty cent increase in the U.S. International
16 Transportation Tax.

17 A. The Internal Revenue Service shall enforce and oversee the collection
18 of the tax specified above.

19 B. The Department of State will oversee the disbursement of funds to
20 eligible students, which shall not exceed \$25,000 per calendar year
21 per student.

22 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect January 1, 2016. Additional funds will be
23 available to students beginning August 1, 2016.

24 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this Act shall be deemed null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Close the School to Prison Pipeline

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Public schools and public school employees are hereby prohibited from
3 referring student misconduct to law enforcement authorities, unless the
4 misconduct consists of sexual assault or life-threatening violence.

5 **SECTION 2.** Public schools may externally suspend or expel no more than .5% of their
6 student body each school year.

7 **A.** In lieu of expulsion and external suspension, public schools and public
8 school districts must develop in-school educational and/or
9 interventionary programs designed to reduce misconduct.

10 **B.** In June of each year, each public school district must submit a plan in
11 accordance with Section 2 of this legislation to the Department of
12 Education for approval.

13 **SECTION 3.** Federal matching funds shall be provided to public schools and school
14 districts that establish programs designed to provide low-income
15 students with summer employment.

16 **SECTION 4.** This legislation extends to all public schools and school districts receiving
17 federal funding. The term “public schools” includes charter schools
18 receiving federal funding, either directly or indirectly through a school
19 district.

20 **SECTION 5.** Failure to comply with this legislation shall result in a termination of 20%
21 of existing federal education funding to the non-compliant entity. Non-
22 compliant entities shall also be ineligible for any additional federal
23 funding arising from programs established subsequent to this legislation’s
24 passage, until such time that those entities comply with this legislation.

25 **SECTION 6.** This legislation shall take effect beginning January 1, 2016, with
26 anticipated compliance by school districts by the 2016-2017 school year.

27 **SECTION 7.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Fairly Measure Adequate Yearly Progress

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Student scores on academic assessments shall measure academic growth
3 for students over time. Assessments will be used to:

4 A. Compare data on any assessment against data on that same
5 assessment for any student over the course of the student's academic
6 career.

7 B. Compare data for any grade level of students only to a matched
8 cohort of students attending schools in a given education system over
9 time.

10 **SECTION 2.** A "matched cohort" is a group of students that have attended school in a
11 district or building at the same grade level over time.

12 **SECTION 3.** States may choose or design assessments to determine Adequate Yearly
13 Progress (AYP) as required by the Elementary and Secondary Education
14 Act (ESEA) of 2001.

15 **SECTION 4.** Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) guidelines will be recalibrated to reflect
16 grade level and ability level expectations for student growth and
17 achievement over time.

18 **SECTION 5.** The Department of Education shall develop appropriate rules and
19 guidelines for States, local education agencies, and schools to comply
20 with this legislation.

21 **SECTION 6.** This legislation shall become effective upon passage with compliance
22 mandated for schools beginning in the 2016-2017 school year.

23 **SECTION 7.** All laws in conflict with this Act shall be deemed null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Ban Fracking on Public Lands

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** A. Hydraulic fracturing shall be banned on all lands deemed crucial to the
3 protection of the public good.

4 B. This ban shall be imposed on all federal, local and privately owned,
5 land located within all city limits and 5 miles of any community drinking
6 water supply or natural aquifer.

7 **SECTION 2.** "Hydraulic fracturing" shall be defined as the process of drilling and
8 injecting fluid into the ground at a high pressure in order to fracture shale
9 rocks to release natural gas. Such fluids include chemicals, sand, and
10 water.

11 **SECTION 3.** The Bureau of Safety and Environmental Enforcement (BSEE) shall
12 oversee the implementation of this legislation.

13 A. Permanent suspension of all drilling permits and a fine in the
14 amount of \$1,000,000 will be levied against any company
15 found in violation.

16 B. Modification to this mandate can occur if drilling companies
17 disclose all chemicals to be used during the fracking process,
18 demonstrate safe water recycling procedures, and application
19 of minimum air and surface pollution prevention measures. All
20 requirements must be verifiable.

21 **SECTION 4.** Prohibition of any new drilling permits in violation of this bill shall take
22 effect immediately. No lease, currently in effect, shall be renewed.
23 Companies will be responsible for removal of all equipment and
24 construction facilities.

25 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Clean the Air and Embrace Civilian Nuclear Power

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** This legislation shall authorize the licensing and grant full water and land
3 rights to the Yucca Mountain Nuclear Waster Repository, the
4 reprocessing of used nuclear fuel shall be declared legal, the MOX facility
5 will be fully funded based on the FY2015 Department of Energy (DOE)
6 request, the DOE will be granted \$10 billion over ten years to assist with
7 loan guarantees specifically for the construction of new nuclear power;
8 the Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) budget will no longer receive
9 90% fee recovery from nuclear power plants, but instead will recover
10 40% of their fees from operating plants, and all subsidies currently going
11 to coal plants will be equally allocated to the DOE and NRC to expedite
12 the licensing and building of new plants.

13 **SECTION 2.** The Nuclear Regulatory Commission shall define any and all terms as
14 pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 as amended and the Nuclear
15 Waste Policy Act of 1984 as amended.

16 **SECTION 3.** The Nuclear Regulatory Commission, the Department of Energy, and the
17 Federal Energy Regulation Commission shall coordinate in order to see to
18 the effective implementation of this legislation.

19 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall go into effect for FY2016.

20 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Incentivize Energy Efficient Infrastructure

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The federal government will establish a \$5 billion dollar state revolving
3 fund to be used for improving the energy efficiency of infrastructure.

4 **SECTION 2.** A. "State revolving" fund shall be defined as a low-interest loan provided
5 from the federal government to state governments.

6 B. "Infrastructure" shall include, but not be limited to roads and bridges,
7 public transit, drinking water, and wastewater treatment facilities.

8 **SECTION 3.** The Environmental Protection Agency will determine the appropriate
9 energy efficient goals based on the project as well as conduct national
10 needs assessment and allocate funds to each state.

11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall go into effect for FY2016.

12 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Create a National Domain Awareness Network

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** A federal centralized system for the integration of local surveillance
3 databases shall be established. The centralized system will be managed
4 solely at the federal level for the purpose of conducting counter-
5 terrorism activities.

6 **SECTION 2.** “Local surveillance database” shall be defined as any law enforcement
7 technology that aggregates and analyzes existing public safety or
8 surveillance data.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) will oversee the enforcement of
10 this bill and will report regularly to the U.S. House Judiciary Committee in
11 connection to activities authorized under this bill.

12 **SECTION 4.** The provisions of this bill will take effect on June 01, 2015 and will
13 replace Section 215 and Section 206 of the USA PATRIOT Act.

14 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Enhance America's Cybersecurity

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** **A.** Federal law enforcement authority to deter the sale of spyware and
3 other software used to commit identity theft, denial of service attacks,
4 and other cybercrimes will be expanded.

5 **B.** The Department of Homeland Security will create and maintain a
6 national data breach reporting system and require companies that have
7 suffered a cyber-intrusion to notify customers and employees in a timely
8 manner.

9 **SECTION 2.** **A.** The Category of "cybercrime" shall include, but is not limited to, the
10 domestic and foreign sale of stolen financial information, such as credit
11 card and bank account information.

12 **B.** All cyber-attacks on private sector information systems must be
13 immediately disclosed to the Department of Homeland Security's
14 National Cybersecurity and Communications Integration Center (NCCIC).
15 Federal funds will be allocated to subsidize information sharing and
16 technologies developed by relevant government agencies and the private
17 sector for the purpose of combatting cybercrime.

18 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Homeland Security will oversee the implementation
19 of this bill.

20 **SECTION 4.** The Racketeering Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act (RICO) may
21 be applied to prosecute cybercrimes.

22 **SECTION 5.** This bill will go into effect 90 days after passage.

23 **SECTION 6.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee

A Bill to Repeal the Cuban Adjustment Act

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The Cuban Adjustment Act of 1966 is hereby repealed.

3 **SECTION 2.** The Department of Homeland Security will oversee the enforcement of
4 this bill.

5 **SECTION 3.** This bill will go into effect in one year upon passage.

6 **SECTION 4.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Legislative Drafting Committee