2025 STATE CONGRESS LEGISLATION DOCKET



NSCTA Congress 2025 Procedures

Prelim Sectioning

Students will compete in different, randomly assigned preliminary chambers for each session. Rationale:

- Like other debate events, students will compete against a variety of students, rather than the same students in all preliminary competition. (This will minimize the impact of "stacked houses.")
- 2. House chambers will have approximately 12-15 students
- 3. Houses chambers will have one parliamentarian and two point recorders for each session.
- 4. Judges are encouraged to rank student presiding officers on their final ballots
- 5. Precedence will be randomly preset and a new PO will be elected for each session.
- 6. There will be three prelim sessions.

In each of the three sessions, students from each school will be divided randomly. If there are three houses, there will be a maximum of three students per house from a school. If there are four houses, there will be a maximum of two students per house from a school. The intent is to keep one house "clean" so we can use all of our judges.

Prelim Tabulation:

- 1. The number of students in finals will be determined by the number of entries based on rankings. The number of finalists will be announced after entries have closed.
- 2. All ranks from prelim judges will be cumulated:
 - a. Lowest overall ranks (after all ranks are truncated to 9)
 - b. Highest total reciprocals (1/ranks, after all ranks are truncated to 9)
 - c. Lowest overall ranks, dropping the highest and lowest (after all ranks are truncated to 9)
 - d. Judges' preference
 - e. Lowest parliamentarian ranks (after all ranks are truncated to 9)
 - f. Lowest prelim overall ranks
 - g. Strength of competition (average competitor rank after all ranks are truncated to 9)

Final Round

- 1. Precedence will be randomly preset for each session.
- 2. Final placement will be tabulated as follows:
 - a. Lowest final round ranks (after all ranks are truncated to 9)
 - b. Highest final round total reciprocals (1/ranks, after all ranks are truncated to 9)
 - c. Judges' preference
 - d. Lowest total overall ranks from all rounds (after all ranks are truncated to 9)
 - e. Lowest final round parliamentarian rank

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1. Prelim Session 1: A Bill to Provide Juvenile Drug Counseling

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. Juveniles convicted of nonviolent; first offense; possession, consumption, or use drug
- 3 offenses will be required to participate in individual and family drug rehabilitation counseling at no cost.
- 4 Upon completion of program, juveniles will have the conviction expunged from their criminal records.
- 5 **SECTION 2**.
- 6 A. Juveniles shall be anyone who has not reached the age of 18.
- 7 B. Nonviolent offenses shall include any possession, consumption, or use of a controlled substance
- 8 that does not include contemporaneous charges of (1) manufacture or distribution of drugs, (2)
- 9 possession of any weapon, or (3) assault, battery, or homicide.
- 10 C. Families will consist of the convicted juvenile and any adult deemed to have legal control of the
- juvenile (parent, step-parent, legal guardian, etc.).
- 12 **SECTION 3.** The Office of National Drug Control Policy will oversee the development of counseling
- 13 content and the implementation of this legislation.
- 14 A. Individual counseling will consist of 20, one-hour counseling sessions with a certified Licensed
- 15 Alcohol and Drug Counselor.
- 16 B. Family counseling will consist of 10, one-hour counseling sessions with a certified family counselor.
- 17 Families that are within 150% of the federal poverty level will be reimbursed at a rate of \$100 per
- 18 family session.
- 19 C. Funding will come from a \$0.005 increase in federal excise taxes per standard drink (According to
- 20 U.S. Dietary Guidelines for Americans). Each state will create implementation jurisdictions at the
- city, urban, or county level. Individual jurisdictions will be responsible for verifying and reporting
- 22 program costs.
- 23 D. Jurisdictions that do not develop and report program participation will not be eligible for grants
- through the Department of Justice.
- 25 **SECTION 4.** States will have 6 months to create jurisdictions after the legislation is passed. Individual
- 26 jurisdictions will have 6 months to implement the legislation.
- 27 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

SUBMITTED BY NORFOLK

2. Prelim Session 1: A Bill to Re-Regulate the Airline Industry

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Whereas the deregulation of the airline industry which occurred in the 1970's led to
2		the deterioration of service quality, increased effective monopolization, and made
3		flying more of a burden and hassle then was absolutely necessary, this Congress finds
4		it necessary and does mandate that the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) once
5		again entirely regulates airline pricing, consumer protection, service quality, and
6		environmental impacts. The FAA shall also be responsible for introducing a new
7		"Passenger Bill of Rights" within 90 days of passage of this legislation which shall be
8		legally binding on all commercial operators of aircraft within, into, or out of the
9		airspace of the United States of America.
10	SECTION 2.	Definitions for this legislation shall be under 49 U.S.C. § 40102. Airline shall be
11		synonymous with "air carrier," or whichever word or phrase under 49 U.S.C. § 40102
12		gives the greatest breadth for passenger protection as decided by the FAA. Regulation
13		of Pricing and Fair shall be such that the FAA has the authority to review base fares for
14		both domestic and international flights to ensure that those prices are fair for the end
15		consumer. No airline shall charge more than a set percentage above the average cost
16		of operation per seat for any flight route, with the percentage being determined by
17		the FAA on a per route basis. Airlines hereby prohibited from imposing fees for
18		services such as carrying luggage, seat selection, and must provide a full meal
19		according to the standards to be set by the United States Department of Agriculture
20		on any flight scheduled to last in duration longer than 2 hours and 30 minutes.
21	SECTION 3.	The Federal Aviation Administration, the United States Department of Agriculture, and
22		the Department of Justice (DOJ) shall enforce this legislation.
23		A. Failure to comply with this legislation shall result in mandatory forfeiture of the
24		airline's "Air Carrier" certificate.
25		B. The DOJ is encouraged to investigate other violations as it sees fit.
26		C. The FAA Shall receive appropriate apportionment of funds as they request at the
27		beginning of the next fiscal year in order to successfully accomplish these tasks.
28	SECTION 4.	This Legislation shall take effect upon the next January 1st after passage.

SUBMITTED BY LINCOLN MILLARD NORTH

3. Prelim Session 1: A Bill to End Oligarchy

- 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2. SECTION 1. The following measures shall be implemented to curtail the spread of oligarchy in the federal
- 3. government:
- 4. A. No person with a net worth over \$250 million can serve or be employed in the federal government in any
- 5. capacity. If a person with a net worth over \$250 million wants to be employed by the federal government, they
- 6. must first donate enough of their wealth to one of the following charities so they are under \$250 million net
- 7. worth: St. Jude Children's Research Hospital, Feeding America, United Way, The Humane Society, or The Sierra
- 8. Club. They must provide proof that their net worth has been donated to one or more of these charities and has
- 9. not been redistributed in any other way.
- 10. B. In order to be the head of an executive cabinet, a person must either have a PhD in the field, or must
- 11. have at least 20 years of experience in the field.
- 12. C. Campaign contributions for any candidate for the President, Senate, or House are limited to \$500 per
- 13. individual. Presidential and Congressional campaigns are not allowed to accept money from Political Action
- 14. Committees or businesses. Only individuals can contribute to campaigns. Any candidate found in violation of this
- 15. law cannot be elected, or if they have already been elected, they will be removed from office.
- 16. D. The Department of Government Efficiency (DOGE) will immediately cease to exist and be stripped of power.
- 17. Access to governmental buildings and databases will be revoked for anyone affiliated with DOGE.
- 18. **SECTION 2.**
- 19. A. This bill shall be overseen by the Department of Justice.
- 20. B. If anyone serving or employed by the federal government in any capacity is found to lack the qualifications
- 21. specified in Section 1, they shall be removed from the position, and a new person who fits the qualifications shall
- 22. be appointed or elected.
- 23. C. Any individual found in violation of 1C or 1D of this bill shall be sentenced to 10 years in prison.
- 24. **SECTION 3.** Section 1D of this bill shall be enacted immediately after passage. All other sections shall be
- 25. enacted one year after passage.
- 26. **SECTION 4.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

SUBMITTED BY MARRIAN

4. Prelim Session 1: A Bill to Popularize the Popular Vote

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. SECTION 1 .	A. All states that implement, or have implemented, the
2.	National Popular Vote Interstate Compact shall
3.	receive a financial grant. This grant will be the
4.	equivalent to what that state spends on
5.	infrastructure or education—at each state's
6.	discretion—each year.
7.	B. These grants will continue on an annual basis in
8.	perpetuity or will sunset 5 years if one or both of
9.	the following occurs: (1) states representing 270
10.	or more electoral votes have agreed to the
11.	compact, or (2) a national popular vote law is
12.	enacted.
13. SECTION 2.	Congress shall delegate the funding for this legislation at
14.	the time of forming the fiscal budget each year.
15. SECTION 3.	This legislation will take effect in FY2026. All laws in
16.	conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and
17.	void.

SUBMITTED BY LINCOLN EAST

5. Prelim Session 1: A Bill to Implement The Bamboo Industry Incentive Act

1.	BE II ENACI	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2.	SECTION 1.	The United States shall promote bamboo as a sustainable alternative to
3.		traditional materials by providing incentives to farmers and businesses
4.		involved in bamboo production. At the same time, an excise tax will be
5.		placed on non-sustainable materials that bamboo products can replace.
6.	SECTION 2.	Definitions -
7.		A. Bamboo farming means growing bamboo to use in construction,
8.		textiles, paper, biofuel, and biodegradable plastics.
9.		B. Non-sustainable materials are wood from slow-growing trees or forests
10.	•	that are not replanted, plastics made from petroleum that do not break
11.		down easily, and cotton that uses and excessive amount of water and
12.		pesticides.
13.	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) shall oversee implementation
14.		through:
15.		A. A 15% tax credit for farmers who grow bamboo and a 10% tax credit
16.		for manufacturers that use bamboo-based products;
17.		B. A requirement that at least 10% of all materials used in federally
18.		funded projects be sourced from bamboo-based products by 2030;
19.		C. A 10% excise tax on non-sustainable materials, with the revenue
20.		funding grants and projects to support bamboo farming and production.
21.	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall go into effect on January 1, 2026.
22.	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

SUBMITTED BY HASTINGS

6. Prelim Session 2: A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Elect the President by Popular Vote

1	RESOLVED,	By two-thirds	of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is
2		proposed as a	an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which
3		shall be valid	to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
4		ratified by the	e legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within
5		seven years f	rom the date of its submission by the Congress:
			ARTICLE
6		SECTION 1:	Article II. Part I, Paragraphs 1-4 will be amended
7			The executive Power shall be vested in a President of the
8			United States of America. He shall hold his Office during the
9			Term of four Years, and, together with the Vice President,
10			chosen for the same Term, be elected, as follows:
11			By the popular vote of all persons lawfully residing within
12			the United States.
13			"Lawfully Residing" shall be defined as: All people with
14			permanent residence in the United States and Citizens of
15			the United States.
16		SECTION 2:	The remainder of Article I. Section 2 shall remain
17			unchanged.
18		SECTION 3:	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by
19			appropriate legislation.

SUBMITTED BY LINCOLN SOUTHWEST

7. Prelim Session 2: A Bill To Promote Access To Education For Girls And Women In Afghanistan

- 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2. SECTION 1. The United States shall help promote access to education and schooling
- 3. To Afghan girls and women.
- 4. **SECTION 2.** The United States Federal Government (USFG) shall provide \$50 million
- 5. annually to the International Rescue Committee (IRC) to promote girls' and womens'
- 6. education in Afghanistan.
- 7. If the provided funds are not used for their intended purpose, further funding will stop.
- 8. **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall take effect as soon as it is passed. All laws in conflict
- 9. with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

SUBMITTED BY MILLARD WEST

8. Prelim Session 2: A Bill to Reuse and Recycle Restaurant Resources

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. Any packaging, utensils, plates, or cups used to serve or deliver food to
- 3 customers at restaurants must be either reusable or 100% recyclable after contact with
- 4 food.
- 5 **SECTION 2**. All products, whether food is consumed on premises or packaged for
- 6 take-out, must meet the reuse or recycle requirements.
- 7 **SECTION 3.** The United States Environmental Protection Agency and the Department
- 8 of Agriculture will jointly oversee the enforcement of this legislation by conducting at
- 9 least two, unannounced inspections per calendar year.
- 10 A. Restaurants that violate this requirement will receive a \$1,000 fine and be given
- 11 30 days to ensure compliance for a first offense. Restaurants that have not
- ensured compliance by 30 days will receive a \$250,000 fine per day until
- 13 compliance is demonstrated.
- B. Restaurants that violate the requirement a second time within 5 years will have a
- 15 \$1,000,000 fine and will have 30 days to ensure compliance.
- 16 C. Restaurants that violate the requirement three or more times within 5 years will
- have a \$5,000,000 fine for each violation.
- D.For the purposes of this legislation, each physical restaurant location will be
- 19 considered a separate legal entity.
- 20 **SECTION 4.** Legislation will go into effect on January 1, 2026.
- 21 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

SUBMITTED BY NORFOLK

9. Prelim Session 2: A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Protect the Right of Privacy

1	RESOLVED,	By two-thirds	of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is
2		proposed as a	n amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which
3		shall be valid	to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
4		ratified by the	e legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within
5		seven years fr	om the date of its submission by the Congress:
6			ARTICLE
7		SECTION 1:	The right of the people to privacy shall not be infringed but
8			upon a warrant issued based upon probable cause; and such
9			a warrant cannot invade the veil of privacy beyond that
10 11			which is absolutely necessary. The right of privacy is one
12			which applies not to objects but to people, such that the
13			decisions people make which have limited to no effect on at
14			least another whole person are not privy to the government
15			in any capacity. The right of privacy extends beyond those
16			already enumerated in this document.
17		SECTION 2:	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by
18			appropriate legislation.

SUBMITTED BY MILLARD NORTH

10. Prelim Session 2: A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Allow States to Secede from the Union

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

RESOLVED, By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

ARTICLE --

- 1. **SECTION 1**: When in the Course of human events, it becomes necessary for one
- 2. people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another. If a
- 3. State(s) decides to secede from the United States of America, they are allowed to freely
- 4. do so.
- 5. **SECTION 2**: The process by which a State dissolves their bands shall be such:
- 6. A Statewide referendum shall be conducted. If over 66% of the statewide eligible voting
- 7. population, vote for the dissolution of their statehood from the United
- 8. States, they will be seen as a foreign entity and gain their own autonomy.
- 9. Section 3: After the secession, the Union and the State that has seceded will allow free
- 10. migration across the border for at least 10 years.
- 11. Section 4: The seceded States shall no longer be under the jurisdiction of the United
- 12. States government.

SUBMITTED BY MILLARD SOUTH

11. Prelim Session 3: A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Ensure Fair Lawsuits Against States

- 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2. **RESOLVED**, By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following
- 3. article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States,
- 4. which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
- 5. ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven
- 6. years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

7. ARTICLE

- 8. SECTION 1: A citizen of the United States shall have the right to bring suit against
- 9. their state government in federal court when:
- The state court system presents a clear conflict of interest in ruling on the case.
- 11. The case involves a breach of contract or financial dispute with the state,
- 12. The case involves the denial of a fundamental constitutional right, where federal
- 13. review is necessary to ensure impartiality.
- 14. **SECTION 2:** The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate 15. legislation.

SUBMITTED BY HASTINGS

12. Prelim Session 3: A Bill to Send a Direct Message to Big Tech

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1**. Section 230 of the Communications Decency Act of 1996 is
- 2 hereby repealed in order to encourage corporate accountability.
- 3 **SECTION 2.** The Federal Communications Commission will oversee the
- 4 enforcement of all relevant laws following repeal.
- 5 **SECTION 3.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.
- 6 **SECTION 4.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null
- 7 and void.

SUBMITTED BY LINCOLN EAST

13. Prelim Session 3: A Bill to Establish Parenting and Childcare Curriculum in Public Schools

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All public high schools shall establish curriculum and coursework teaching
2		the principles and fundamentals of parenting and childcare.
3	SECTION 2.	Course subjects and content shall include, but shall not be limited to:
4		A. New parenting skills and care for the basic needs of infants and
5		toddlers, including sleep, nutrition, and first aid.
6		B. Child development, including the different stages of biological,
7		psychological, and emotional change from birth through adolescence.
8		C. Skills and strategies to promote positive mental, emotional, and social
9		growth, health, and well-being in children and adolescents.
10	SECTION 3.	These courses shall be required for completion of high school coursework
11		and reception of a high school diploma.
12	SECTION 4.	The Department of Education shall oversee the implementation of this
13		legislation, and shall cooperate with child development and educational
14		experts to develop national standards and guidelines for this curriculum.
15	SECTION 5.	The Department of Education shall receive \$20 million in additional funding
16		to generate and disseminate this curriculum.
17	SECTION 6.	This legislation will take effect on July 1st, 2026. All laws in conflict with this
18		legislation are hereby declared null and void.

SUBMITTED BY LINCOLN SOUTHEAST

14. Prelim Session 3: A Bill to Expand the Supreme Court

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Section 1 of Title 28, United States code shall be amended by striking "a
2		Chief Justice of the United States and eight associate judges, any six or
3		whom shall constitute a quorum" and inserting "A Chief Justice of the
4		United States and and 12 associate judges, any 8 of whom will constitute a
5		quorum."
6	SECTION 2.	Four additional judges will be added over a span of eight years. Presidents
7		will nominate one justice in the first 120 days of the first and third years of
8		their presidential term. The judiciary committee will have 30 days to call
9		the judiciary hearing. If the judiciary does not present a nominee to the
10		full senate within 60 days from receiving the nomination from the
11		president, the nomination will automatically be added to the Senate
12		calendar.
13		A. If a nominee fails to be confirmed, the president will have 120 days to
14		bring a new nominee to congress.
15		B. If a permanent vacancy occurs within a president's term, the president
16		will appoint a new justice, by and with the advice and consent of the
17		Senate per usual.
18		C. Once the court has been filled to capacity, presidents will only appoint
19		justices when a permanent vacancy opens.
20	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 21, 2029. All laws in conflict with
21		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

SUBMITTED BY LINCOLN SOUTHWEST

15. Prelim Session 3: A Bill to Conserve The Natural Wonder of The United States

1.	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2.	SECTION 1. NEW NATIONAL PARK DESIGNATIONS
3.	The following sites shall be designated as national parks under the jurisdiction of
4.	the National Park Service (NPS):
5.	- Cascadia Glaciers National Park (Washington & Oregon)
6.	- Red Desert National Park (Wyoming)
7.	- Bodie Hills National Park (California & Nevada)
8.	- Permian Basin National Park (Texas)
9.	- Channeled Scablands National Park (Washington)
10.	- Lostwood Badlands National Park (North Dakota)
11.	- Adirondack Highlands National Park (New York)
12.	- Klamath-Siskiyou National Park (California & Oregon)
13.	- Pecos River Gorge National Park (New Mexico & Texas)
14.	- Front Range National Park (Colorado)
15.	- Ocmulgee Mounds National Park (Georgia)
16.	SECTION 2.EXPANSION OF EXISTING PROTECTED AREAS
17.	- Big Thicket National Preserve (Texas) shall be redesignated as a
18.	national park.
19.	- Missouri Breaks National Monument (Montana) shall be redesignated
20.	as a national park.
21.	- Bighorn Canyon National Recreation Area (Montana & Wyoming) shall
22.	be redesignated as a national park.
23.	- Buffalo National River (Arkansas) shall be redesignated as a national
24.	park.
25.	- Gulf Islands National Seashore (Mississippi & Florida) shall be
26.	redesignated as a national park.
27.	SECTION 3. ADMINISTRATION AND FUNDING
28.	The National Park Service (NPS) shall oversee the new and expanded parks. \$15
29.	billion will be allocated over ten years for land acquisition, conservation efforts,
30.	and park infrastructure improvements. Funds shall be sourced from a 0.75%
31.	increase in excise taxes on luxury outdoor recreational equipment, visitor fees,
32.	and reallocation of unused federal land maintenance funds.
33.	SECTION 4. IMPLEMENTATION AND ENFORCEMENT
34.	Designations and expansions shall take effect within 180 days of passage. No
35.	private or commercial development shall occur within designated national parks
36.	except for federally approved conservation efforts.
37.	SECTION 5. This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2026. All laws in conflict
38.	With this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

SUBMITTED BY MILLARD WEST

1. SUPER: A Bill to Create The Investment in Line Infrastructure and track Expansion (ILIKE) Trains Act

- 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2. **SECTION 1**. An annual investment of \$5 billion shall be allocated to the Department
- 3. of Transportation's Federal Railroad Administration for the construction of high-speed
- 4. passenger railways across the United States. This funding shall be designated for two
- 5. purposes: the construction of new railroads capable of high-speed travel, including
- 6. those that are compatible with magnetic levitation ("maglev") trains, and for investment
- 7. in high-speed train research and development.
- 8. **SECTION 2**. For the purposes of this legislation, "high speed rail" and "high-speed
- 9. travel" shall be defined as the travel by passenger train exceeding speeds of 155 miles
- 10. per hour.
- 11. **SECTION 3.** The Federal Railroad Administration, through the Department of
- 12. Transportation, shall be responsible for the enactment and enforcement of this
- 13. legislation, ensuring that these funds go solely to the construction and investment
- 14. purposes mentioned in Section 1 of this legislation.
- 15. A. The Department of Transportation shall be given the appropriate authority to
- 16. grant portions of this funding to American-based companies and organizations that
- 17. research and manufacture trains with top speeds ranging from 155 to 255 miles per
- 18. hour.
- 19. **SECTION 4.** This bill shall go into effect for Fiscal Year 2025, starting on October 1,
- 20. 2025. The final investment shall be in Fiscal Year 2031, unless extended through further
- 21. Congressional legislation.
- 22. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

SUBMITTED BY MILLARD SOUTH

2. SUPER: A Bill to Restore USAID

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All pre-existing funding amounts, staffing levels, operations, and activities
2		of the United States Agency for International Development (USAID) are
3		hereby re-authorized and re-established to match those that were in place
4		on January 19, 2025.
5	SECTION 2.	This legislation will take effect immediately. All laws in conflict with this
6		legislation are hereby declared null and void.

SUBMITTED BY LINCOLN SOUTHEAST

3. **SUPER:** A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to End Presidential Pardons

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2. RESOLVED,	By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article
3.	proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States,
4.	which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution
5.	when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states
6.	within seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:
	ARTICLE
7.	SECTION 1 : In Article II Section 2 Clause 1 of the United States
8.	Constitution, the phrase "and he shall have the Power to
9.	grant Reprieves and Pardons for Offences against the United States,
10.	except in Cases of Impeachment" shall be removed.
11.	SECTION 2 : The President of the United States shall no longer have the
12.	power to issue pardons or reprieves for federal, state, or local offenses,
	nor can the President issue preemptive pardons or reprieves.
13.	SECTION 3 : Congress shall have the power to enforce this article by
14.	appropriate legislation.

SUBMITTED BY MARIAN