

FINALS LEGISLATION

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A - A Bill to Enforce the Right to Repair

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	SECTION 1 .	Manufacturers of the covered equipment must provide owners and
2		independent repair providers with the necessary tools, parts, software, and
3		documentation for repair, maintenance, or diagnostics.
4	SECTION 2.	Covered Equipment refers to consumer electronics, automotive equipment,
5		machinery, and farm equipment. This includes, but is not limited to,
6		consumer electronics such as smartphones, laptops, home appliances, and
7		powered wheelchairs; automotive equipment, including motorized vehicles
8		and machinery used for transportation or heavy-duty operations; machinery
9		encompassing equipment used in industrial, construction, or manufacturing
10		settings; and agricultural equipment, including machinery, vehicles, and
11		tools used in farming activities.
12	SECTION 3.	A) The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) will oversee the enforcement of
13		this bill and investigate complaints about non-compliance.
14		B) Manufacturers will be fined \$10,000 for every day they are in
15		non-compliance. Also, for repeated or severe violations, the FTC may
16		recommend suspending the manufacturer's business license.
17	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2026. All laws in conflict
18		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ridgevue High School.

B - A Bill to Ban Conversion Therapy for Minors

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 SECTION 1 .	Conversion therapy for minors is now outlawed in the United States.
2 SECTION 2.	Conversion therapy shall be defined as the use of any of various methods
3	(such as aversive stimulation or religious counseling) in an attempt to
4	change a person's sexual orientation to heterosexual or to change a
5	person's gender identity to correspond to the sex the person was identified as
6	having at birth.
7 SECTION 3.	The United States Department of Health and Human Services shall oversee
8	enforcement.
9	A. Failure to comply will result in a \$50,000 fine towards the conversion therapy
10	organization and a \$10,000 fine towards the guardians of the victim(s) of
11	conversion therapy. All professional licenses possessed by individuals
12	running the organization will be revoked.
13 SECTION 4	1. This legislation will take effect on July 1st, 2025. All laws in conflict with this
14	legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Highland High School.

C - A Bill to Require Border Control Sanitary Requirements

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1	SECTION 1 .	Border patrols will be required to provide sanitary conditions for detainees.
2	SECTION 2.	Sanitary requirements will be objects and places used to maintain health and
3		cleanliness: these objects include, but are not limited to, toothbrushes, hair
4		brushes, and soap. These places include, but are not limited to, places to
5		shower and sleep.
6		Detainees are people who have been detained or held by border control.
7	SECTION 3.	The Department of Health and Human Services will oversee enforcement.
8		A. Detention facilities who fail to procure these sanitary requirements will
9		have to pay a fine of \$100,000.
10	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with
11		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Canyon Ridge High School.

D - A Bill to Reestablish the Construction of Psychiatric Hospitals Across the United States

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1	SECTION 1.	The United States will implement affordable planning for the construction
2		and upkeep of psychiatric hospitals in the United States.
3	SECTION 2.	This bill will be tasked to redefine the mental health industry. In the past
4		Psychiatric hospitals violated human rights and failed to care for patients.
5		This bill will establish higher ethical and moral standards for psychiatric
6		hospitals.
7	SECTION 3.	The Department of Health and Human Services will spearhead the
8		implementation of this bill and ensure past violations will not occur again.
9	a.	Punishments for violations of these higher standards will be determined on
10		a case by case basis.
11	b.	This bill will lead to the writing of rules and regulations for these mental
12		facilities as determined necessary by the aforementioned department and
13		reviewed by the President and his cabinet.
14	SECTION 4.	The Department of Health and Human Services will oversee the
15		development, implementation and enforcement of this bill.
16	a.	This bill will be funded by Federal Grants specific to mental health,
17		Medicaid reimbursement, state, and local government funds for mental
18		health, as well as private philanthropists.
19	b.	The funding currently saved in the court and prison systems will be
20		redirected back into funding this bill.
21	SECTION 5.	This legislation will take effect on January 1st 2027. All laws in conflict
22		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	Congressional Debate by Snake Piver High School

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Snake River High School.

E - A Bill to Disassemble Prior Authorization

1 SECTION 1 .	Prior Authorization shall be disassembled. Congress shall accomplish this by
2	mandating fast response from Insurance directly.
3 SECTION 2.	Prior Authorization shall be defined as a health plan process that requires
4	providers to get approval from a health plan before providing a service to a
5	patient. Health insurers shall be defined as private insurance companies,
6	Medicare Advantage plans, Medicaid Managed Care plans, and other third-party
7	payers. Urgent care refers to any healthcare service required to prevent a serious
8	deterioration of a patient's health or address a medical emergency.
9 SECTION 3.	The Department of Health and Human Services shall oversee the passing and
10	execution of this bill.
11	A. The funding for this bill will come from Health insurers found in violation of
12	this Act. They will be fined \$50,000 per violation then be put under a mandatory
13	corrective action plan. Patients who suffer harm due to delays caused by
14	non-compliance may pursue civil action for damages.
15	B. If prior authorization is retained for any services: Health insurers must
16	implement a standardized electronic prior authorization system. Requests must
17	be reviewed and responded to within: 24 hours for urgent care. 72 hours for
18	non-urgent care. Health insurers shall not require prior authorization for the
19	following: Emergency medical services, Preventive care services recommended
20	by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force, Medications deemed essential by
21	the World Health Organization (WHO) and Services and treatments with
22	established medical efficacy, as determined by [appropriate medical board or
23	regulatory body].
23	C. Health insurers must provide automatic approval for prior authorization
24	requests if they fail to respond within the timeframes specified above.
25	D. Providers who have a 90% or higher approval rate over the previous year
26	shall be exempt from prior authorization requirements for relevant services.
27 SECTION 4	1. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.
	5. All laws in conflict with Sections 1 through 4 of this legislation are
29	hereby declared null and void.
Introduced for (Congressional Debate by Madison High School.

F - A Bill to Enhance ADA Accessibility Features Within Educational Institutions

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1 .	Educational Institutions shall be required to add more ADA accessibility
2		features to allow for more accessibility to schools.
3	SECTION 2.	Accessibility Features shall be defined as any architectural development for
4		Physical disabilities or mental impairments.
5		Physical disabilities shall be defined as any condition of the body or mind
6		(impairment) that makes it more difficult for the person with the condition
7		to do certain activities.
8		Public educational institutions shall be defined as any school, college, or
9		university that receives government funding.
10		ADA shall be defined as the American Disability Act of 1990.
11	SECTION 3.	The Department of Education and The Department of Health and Human
12		Services shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.
13 14		A. States shall be required to adopt and implement this legislation in its
		entirety and will receive funding directly proportional to the size and
15		quantity of public educational institutions located within the state.
16 17		B. The construction shall take place only when students and teachers are
18		not present within the educational institution. Chair lifts along with
19		more elevators and ramps shall be included within the construction.
20		C. Both The Department of Education and The Department of Health and
21		Welfare shall fund schools to include ramps, chair-lifts, and elevators
22		based on the size and needs of the Educational Institutions.
23		D. Funding shall come and be split between both the Department of
2 <i>3</i>		Education and The Department of Health and Welfare based on what
2 - 25		each school needs. If schools do not follow suit they shall be fined based
26		on how much they were supposed to get to add the resources.
27		This legislation will take effect on June 3, 2025.
28	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and
_0		void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Century High School.

G - A Bill to Better Dispose Medications to Slow Mutating and Evolving Viruses

- SECTION 1. Any prescription or over-the-counter antivirals, antiseptics or antibiotics must be accompanied with a drug mail-back envelope as well as a medication bottle deposit similar to the German Pfand. Additionally all prescriptions must be tracked through their pharmacies Electronic Prescription Service.
- **SECTION 2**. A. Antivirals shall be defined as drugs used to fight viruses.
 - B. Antiseptics shall be defined as drugs used to fight bacteria and infections.
 - C. Antibiotics shall be defined as drugs used to fight bacteria.
 - D. A drug take-back site refers to DEA Authorized Collectors providing year round drop off locations to the public to dispose of unwanted pharmaceuticals.
 - E. A Pfand is referred to a deposit-refund system, also known as deposit-return system, advance deposit fee or deposit-return scheme, is a surcharge on a product when purchased and a rebate when it is returned.
- **SECTION 3.** The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) will oversee the enforcement and funding of this legislation.
 - A. Pharmacies failure to comply will result in a penalty. Penalties for non-compliance would vary depending on the severity and scope of the violation.
 - B. Penalties include but are not limited to incarceration, fines, and dissolution.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on 1 January, 2026.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. *Introduced for Congressional Debate by Mountain Home High School.*

H - A Bill to Mandate Restaurants to Pay Employees Fair Wages

- **SECTION 1**. Any and all restaurants in the United States of America will be required to pay their employees the minimum wage per each individual state's law as a base pay. Meaning restaurants can no longer claim the "Tip Credit."
- SECTION 2. Tip Credit is defined as, "A rule that allows employers to pay tipped employees less than the federal minimum wage."

 Restaurant will be defined as, "A business establishment where food and drinks can be purchased."
- **SECTION 3.** The Department of Labor will oversee the implementation of this legislation.
 - A. Any establishment found violating this legislation will be fined up to \$100,000 per instance.
- **SECTION 4.** This bill will take effect on March 2, 2026.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. *Introduced for Congressional Debate by Columbia High School.*

I - A Bill to Implement a Carbon Tax

1 SECTION 1.	This bill shall implement a carbon tax of \$50 per ton of carbon dioxide
2	emitted by for-profit companies that emit more than 40 metric tons of
3	carbon dioxide per year.
4 SECTION 2.	Carbon dioxide emitted shall be defined as all emissions, direct or indirect,
5	of carbon dioxide that come from the production or operations of for-profit
6	companies.
7 SECTION 3.	The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and the United States Department of Energy
8	will oversee the implementation of this legislation.
9	A. Any companies found not paying the fine that comes from this
10	legislation shall be fined \$5,000 for the first offense and increasing by \$10,000
11	for every additional offense.
Introduced for C	Congressional Dehate by Richon Kelly High School

J - A Bill to Establish the Department of The North-Star

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 SECTION 1.	The Department of The North-Star, a new federal agency, will be established
2	as a cabinet position to oversee United States interests in the Arctic region
3	belonging to the United States.
4 SECTION 2.	Definitions are as follows:
5	1. Arctic region : All the territory north and west of the boundary formed by
6	the Porcupine, Yukon, and Kuskokwim Rivers; all the contiguous seas,
7	including the Arctic Ocean and the Beaufort, Bering, and Chukchi Seas; and
3	the Aleutian chain.
9	2. Establish : to institute permanently by enactment.
10	3. Federal Agency: Includes any department, independent establishment,
11	commission, 10 administration, authority, board or bureau of the United States
12 SECTION 3	3. The Congress here assembled will oversee the creation and implementation of
13	The Department of The North Star.
14	A. This includes appointing the Secretary of North-Star as a cabinet member,
15	who will be chosen by the president. This new agency will have the same
16	power as the other cabinet members which is found in section 3 U.S. Code §
17	302.
18	B. The Secretary of The North Star will be immediately assisted by four
19	committee heads: Director of Economic Policies, Director of Ecological and
20	Scientific Research, Director of International Cooperation, and Director of
21	Military Operations. All employees will be selected through a new application
22	process which shall be developed cooperatively by the President, Congress, and
23	newly appointed Secretary of the North Star.
24	C. Allocating the responsibilities and duties of this new position, including but
25	not limited to, cooperating with other Arctic nations, strategically positioning
26	military forces, redefining trade routes, preserving the environment and
27	ecosystems, harvesting natural resources, and developing a plan to safely
28	unlock the region's immense potential.
	The budget for this new department will be allocated from a 2% deduction
30 21 SECTION 5	from the total annual amount subsidizing the oil industry.
	5. This legislation will be enacted in the beginning of the next presidential term,
32	all laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rigby High School.

K - A Bill to Grant Legal Personhood to Whale

- **SECTION 1**. Upon passage, all species and subspecies of whales shall now be given legal personhood when in the United States territorial sea. Personhood will protect whales from poachers and give them rights such as the right to not be cruelly treated or abused.
- SECTION 2. A whale shall be defined as any of various very large, aquatic, marine mammals (order Cetacea) that have a torpedo-shaped body with a thick layer of blubber, paddle-shaped forelimbs but no hind limbs, a horizontally flattened tail, and nostrils that open externally at the top of the head. Legal personhood will be defined as a human or a non-human legal entity that is treated as a person for legal purposes. Territorial sea shall be defined as the maritime zone over which the United States exercises sovereignty.
- **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of Justice shall conjunctly enforce this bill along with the assistance of the Environmental Protection Agency.
 - A. The act of killing or poaching a whale will be treated with the same legal process and severity as a normal murder case.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void. *Introduced for Congressional Debate by Renaissance High School.*

L - A Resolution to Condemn the International Community for its Failure to Aid Myanmar

1	WHEREAS,	The Myanmar military, known as the Tatmadaw, has overthrown the
2		democratically elected government and engaged in systematic oppression,
3		including the targeting of ethnic minorities such as the Rohingya; and
4	WHEREAS,	Over 1.5 million people in Myanmar have been displaced due to conflict
5		and violence, and hundreds of thousands have fled to neighboring countries,
6		straining regional stability; and
7	WHEREAS,	The international community, including the United Nations and ASEAN,
8		has failed to provide meaningful intervention or coordinated aid to address
9		the ongoing humanitarian crisis; and
10	WHEREAS,	The lack of action has enabled the continued persecution of civilians,
11		widespread human rights abuses, and the stagnation of democracy in
12		Myanmar; and
13	WHEREAS,	Nations with significant geopolitical influence have prioritized economic
14		and political interests over addressing these atrocities; now, therefore, be it
15	RESOLVED,	That the Congress here assembled condemns the international community
16		for its inadequate response to the crisis in Myanmar and calls for the United
17		States to spearhead an international coalition to provide humanitarian aid,
18		enforce sanctions against the Tatmadaw, and support democratic movements
19		within the country; and, be it
20	FURTHER R	RESOLVED, That the United States shall urge ASEAN and other regional
21		organizations to adopt a more proactive stance in addressing the Myanmar
22		crisis, including diplomatic efforts to restore civilian governance.
	Introduced for	· Congressional Debate by Skyline High School.

M - A Bill to Ban Alcohol Sales After 10 pm to Reduce Drunk Driving

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All alcohol sales will be prohibited after 10pm at both public and private
2		Businesses.
3	A.	This bill relates to alcohol for human consumption. It excludes medical
4		alcohol, including rubbing alcohol and gasoline.
5	SECTION 2.	Alcohol is defined as a colorless volatile flammable liquid that is produced
6 7		by the natural fermentation of sugars and is the intoxicating constituent of
, 8		wine, beer, spirits, and other drinks.
9	SECTION 3.	Law enforcement agencies will be tasked with upholding this bill. Anyone
10		found selling alcohol after 10 pm will be fined \$5,000 or sentenced to a
11		minimum of one year in prison.
12		A. Anyone caught violating this law will either be written a ticket or set a
13		court date.
14		B. Tickets and court dates will be decided by the amount of alcohol being
15		sold.
16	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with
17		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Idaho Falls High School.

N - A Bill to Establish a National Student Loan Forgiveness Program

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1	SECTION 1	A national program shall be created to forgive federal student loan debt for
2	SECTION.	eligible borrowers.
3	SECTION 2	A. Eligible borrowers are defined as individuals who have federal student
4	SECTION 2.	loans and meet one of the following criteria:
5		<u> </u>
		1. Have made at least ten years of consistent payments under a low
6		income-driven repayment plan.
7		2. Work in public service professions including but not limited to
8		education, healthcare and government for a minimum of five years.
9		3. Earn below \$50,000 annually and have been repaying loans for at
10		least five years.
11		4. Forgiveness will cover up to \$50,000 in federal student loan debt per
12		eligible borrower.
13	SECTION 3.	The department of Education shall oversee the administration of the
14		program.
15		A. Borrowers must apply through an online portal providing documentation
16		of eligibility employment and repayment history.
17		B. The program shall include an outreach initiative to educate borrowers
18		about their eligibility and the application process.
19	SECTION 4.	A. Funding for the program will com from a 0.3% increase in federal
20		income taxes for individuals earning over \$1million annually and
21		corporations generating over \$1billion in annual revenue .
22		B.Additional funds will be reallocated from the federal discretionary budget
23		allocated to lower priority spending categories.
24	SECTION 5.	This legislation will take effect on October 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with
25		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
	Introduced for	· Congressional Debate by American Falls High School .

O - A Bill to Regulate Public Libraries to Establish Adults-Only Sections for Restricted Materials

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1. All public libraries shall be required to establish a designated "Adults-Only
2	Section" to house materials deemed harmful to minors while ensuring access
3	for adult patrons.
4	SECTION 2.
5	1. "Public Library" refers to any government-funded institution providing public
6	access to books and other materials.
7	2. "Harmful to minors" refers to materials that contain sexually explicit content,
8	excessive graphic violence, or other content unsuitable for minors as defined by
9	federal standards.
10	3. "Adults-Only Section" refers to a separate, enclosed area within a public library,
11	restricted to patrons 18 years or older and requiring valid government-issued ID for
12	entry.
13	4. Materials within the "Adults-Only Section" must remain on library premises and
14	may not be checked out for external use.
15	SECTION 3. The Department of Education shall oversee enforcement of this legislation.
16	Libraries found in violation shall have 90 days to comply before facing
17	review by the appropriate state authorities. Federal grants shall be made
18	available to assist libraries in creating or expanding "Adults-Only Sections."
19	SECTION 4. This legislation shall take effect on FY 2027. All laws in conflict with this
20	legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lake City High School.

P - A Bill to Ban the Use of Artificial Intelligence in Art Museums

1 SECTION 1	. The purpose of this bill is to protect the authenticity and integrity of art by
2	prohibiting the use of artificial intelligence (AI) in art creation, curation,
3	and displays in museums. The bill seeks to preserve human creativity and
4	ensure that art remains a space for human expression and 6 cultural
5	dialogue.
7 SECTION 2	-
8	A. Artificial Intelligence (AI): A system or machine that mimics human
9	intelligence, including but not limited to, the creation of art, analysis,
10	curatorial decisions, and the use of algorithms in generating artwork or
11	interpreting artistic works.
12	B. Art Museums: Institutions dedicated to the collection, preservation,
13	exhibition, and education of art, including painting, sculpture,
14	photography, and digital art.
15	C. Artistic Authenticity: The quality or state of being created by a human
16	artist, reflecting their unique perspective, emotions, and techniques.
17	D. AI-Generated Art: No artwork generated or produced by AI shall be
18	displayed in any art museum.
19	E. AI Art Interpretation: Museums shall not use AI systems to analyze,
20	interpret, or provide descriptions of art pieces. All information and
21	analysis of artworks must come from human experts, curators, or artists
22	themselves.
23 SECTION	3. This bill will be overseen by the Institute of Museums and Library
24	Services under the Department of Education. Failure to comply will result
25	in a complete loss of federal funding and/or grants.
26 SECTION	4. This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with
27	this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
Introduced for	Congressional Debate by Kimberly High School.

Q - A Bill to Limit Lumen Count on Vehicle Headlights to Mitigate Hazards on the Road

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- **SECTION 1**. All manufactured motor vehicles after the passing of this legislation in the United States shall not have headlights that exceed a lumen count of 2,000 lumens per headlight for low beams, and 3,000 lumens per headlight for high beams.
- **SECTION 2**. For this legislation the following terms are defined:
 - A. "Lumen" shall be defined as a measure of the perceived power of visible light emitted by a source.
 - B. "Motor Vehicle" shall be defined as a road vehicle powered by an internal combustion engine or other motor.
 - C. This bill will exclude emergency response vehicles, including but not limited to police cars, ambulances, and fire trucks.
- **SECTION 3.** The National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) will oversee enforcement of this bill.
 - A. Auto makers will need to ensure compliance before manufacturing motor vehicles in the United States. Failure to comply with this mandate will result in a fine of \$10,000-\$20,000 per incident.
 - B. Motor vehicle owners will have 3 years after the effective date of this legislation to replace the lumen count on headlights. Failure to comply with this mandate will result in a fine per offense upon inspection. States, including the District of Columbia, can set specific fine prices based on infraction penalty standards for that state not to exceed \$150.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2029. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Mountain View High School.

R - A Bill to Require Domestic Violence Training for Healthcare Providers

BF	IT	ENA	CTED	BY TH	E CO	NGRESS	HERE A	ASSEMBLED	THAT.
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1	SECTION 1.	All healthcare providers will be required to take a yearly online class and
2		certification regarding how to identify and treat domestic violence
3		survivors.
4	SECTION 2 .	Domestic violence shall be defined as a pattern of abusive behavior in any
5		relationship that one partner uses to gain or maintain power and control over
6		another person. This includes but is not limited to physical, emotional, and
7		psychological harm. A healthcare provider is a health professional licensed
8		to provide healthcare diagnosis and treatment services, including but not
9		limited to medication, surgery, and medical devices.
10	SECTION 3.	The Department of Health and Human Services will oversee the
11		enforcement of this legislation. Healthcare providers who fail to comply
12		with this legislation shall have their licenses suspended until the
13		certification is completed.
14		A. The yearly course and certification will cost \$20. The payment will be
15		expected to be paid by either the individual or the institution of
16		employment.
17		B. The money received will be used by the Department of Health and
18		Human Services to administer the program.
19		C. After the yearly expiration date, the individual will be given a 1 month
20		grace period to register and complete the course before being restricted
21		from practicing until completion of the course.
22	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with
23		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Timberline High School.

S - A Bill to Decriminalize Schedule II Drugs

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- **SECTION 1**. The simple possession and use of Schedule II Drugs will be decriminalized within the U.S.
- SECTION 2. Decriminalize shall be defined as "to remove or reduce the criminal classification or status of."

 Simple Possession shall be defined as "possession for personal use"
- **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice will oversee the implementation of this legislation, alongside necessary state actors.
 - A. Those found in use or possession of Schedule II drugs will now be referred to local health services and facilities to the best of law enforcement's abilities.
 - B. The Office of National Drug Control Policy will allocate 1 billion dollars towards investing in drug rehabilitation centers across the U.S.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2026 All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Skyview High School.

T - A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Protect a Woman's Right to Choose

1	RESOLVED,	By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is
2		proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which
3		shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
4 ~		ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven
5 6		years from the date of its submission by the Congress:
7		ARTICLE
8	SECTION 1 :	No legislative body shall hereby pass any legislation that limits a woman's
9		right to choose or a woman's right to reproductive healthcare. A woman's
10		right to choose protects their ability to make decisions regarding their own
11		reproductive health and shall not be infringed upon by any future
12		subnational or national governments in these here United States of America.
13		This amendment shall be introduced in an effort to promote equal rights and
14		healthcare in the United States of America. By passing this amendment, we
15		uphold the Constitutional ideals of life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.
16	SECTION 2:	Any legislation or policy in conflict with this Amendment is hereby
17		repealed. The right of the states to regulate women's right to make their
18		own reproductive healthcare choices is hereby revoked to whatever extent
19 20		is deemed as appropriate.
21	SECTION 3 :	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate
22		legislation.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Capital High School.

U - A Bill To Set A Standard Paid Family Leave For Mothers and Fathers.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 SECTION 1	1. All Private and public employers are required to give a paid leave of at least
2	Twelve weeks to employees when a baby is born.
3 SECTION 2	2. Baby Is defined as any human being under 12 months after birth. Paid
4	Leave shall be defined as a period of time the employer compensates the
5	employees for regular hours without working.
6 SECTION 3	3. This bill will be overseen and enforced by the United States
7	Department of Labor.
8	A. Any Person, Mother, or Father of a child less than thirty days old can take this
9	leave. Once the baby is over 30 days old, they can no longer ask for the paid time
10	off.
11	B. If there is a medical issue, they can have an additional four weeks with a
12	doctor's note.
13	C. If a father is not married to the baby's mother, if and only if his name is on the
14	birth certificate and he has custody of the child, then he can get PFL.
15	D. If a state or business refuses to comply with the PFL (Paid Family Leave),
16	they can be fined \$20,000 per infraction of this bill.
17 SECTION	4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with
18	this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Twin Falls High School.