

**This is the
Grands
Bill Packet**

Version 1.0

(EMAIL ME IF ANYTHING IS MISSING)

The docket discussion is at

Bit.ly/31jKxi5

Please get changes to me immediately.

It will close ~~Monday~~ night 1/13.

Thursday

March 6

PRE

The Sudan Aid for Emergency Relief Act (S.A.F.E Act)

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall officially send aid to Sudan to address the ongoing
3 humanitarian crisis

4 A. The United States shall allocate \$350 million in humanitarian aid
5 to the Darfur region of Sudan to mitigate the effects of violence
6 and human rights abuses.

7 B. Additionally, 10,000 US troops will be sent to Sudan to work with
8 humanitarian aid groups currently in Sudan to provide protection
9 and logistical support for international peacekeeping operations

10 C. The US troops will be stationed in Sudan for a 12-month period,
11 with an option for an additional time period depending on the
12 situation's progression.

13 D. The US troops will only be permissible to use force in self-defense
14 or to protect the humanitarian-aid groups.

15 **SECTION 2.** "Humanitarian aid" shall be defined as food, water, shelter, healthcare,
16 and other similar assistance.

17 "Peacekeeping operations" refer to international missions aimed at
18 protecting civilians and maintaining peace in conflict zones, such as
19 United Nations Integrated Transition Assistance Mission In Sudan
20 (UNITAMS) or the World Food Programme (WTF)

21 **SECTION 3.** The United States Department of State and the United States Department
22 of Defense will oversee this legislation's implementation.

23 A. Funding for this bill will come from the Department of Defense
24 budget.

25 B. The Department of State will conduct bimonthly audits to confirm the
26 proper implementation of this bill.

27 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage. All laws in
conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Grant Statehood to Washington

Sec 1. The Federal Government grants statehood to the Territory of Washington D.C and the accompanying rights of citizens.

Sec 2. A state is defined as a territory subservient to the U.S. government, with its own Governor, State Legislature, and Courts, and representation in the U.S. federal government.

Sec 3. The mayor of Washington D.C will declare, in coordination with the Federal Government, the elections for the Senators, representatives, and Governors.

1. There shall be 2 senators, and one representative elected.

Sec 4. This bill shall take effect on January 5th, 2029, after the 2028 elections are complete.

Sec 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are declared null and void.

Respectfully Submitted,
Fordham Prep

A Bill to Abolish Privatized Satellite Ownership in the United States

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Section 1. The ownership and administration of all privately-owned satellites within the United States shall be transferred to the U.S. government.

Section 2. A "privatized satellite" is defined as any artificial object in orbit that collects, transmits, or stores information and is not owned, operated, or regulated by the U.S. government.

Section 3. This legislation shall be enforced by the National Reconnaissance Office (NRO), which will oversee the acquisition of private satellites. The following provisions shall apply:

- a. The government shall compensate current satellite owners with 90% of the satellite's assessed market value at the time of transfer.
- b. Owners who fail to comply with the mandated transfer within the designated timeline shall be subject to legal action, including fines, court proceedings, and potential imprisonment.

Section 4. This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by DREAM Charter.

A Bill to Dismantle the CIA

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** The Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) is hereby dissolved.

2
3 **SECTION 2.** A CIA employee is defined as anyone who the CIA directly dictates the work
4 duties of and pays.

5 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Homeland Security will oversee this legislation.

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7 **A.** The Department of Homeland Security will receive an extra \$20 million
8 per year for five years during the transitional period to aid in the
9 offboarding process and help employees transition to the private sector or
10 other positions in the government.
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SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage and the CIA will be
officially dissolved by January 1, 2030. All laws in conflict with this legislation
are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Clare Facchini of Loyola School.

A Bill to Establish a Climate Superfund to Hold Polluters Accountable

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The federal government shall establish a Climate Superfund requiring corporations responsible for significant greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions to contribute to climate adaptation projects, ensuring that polluters bear the financial burden of climate change damages.

SECTION 2.

- a. Climate Adaptation Projects shall be implemented to to mitigate the negative impacts of climate change, including but not limited to:
 - (i) Infrastructure upgrades to withstand extreme weather events;
 - (ii) Coastal and floodplain restoration projects;
 - (iii) Renewable energy transitions and grid resilience improvements;
 - (iv) Public health initiatives addressing climate-related diseases and conditions.
- b. Entities responsible for significant greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions shall be defined as corporations responsible for emitting more than 1 billion metric tons of GHGs between January 1, 2000, and December 31, 2020, as determined by historical emissions data. Responsible entities must make annual contributions to the Climate Superfund

SECTION 3.

a. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) shall oversee the implementation and enforcement of this Act, in coordination with the Department of the Treasury and the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA).

b. A Climate Superfund Oversight Board, composed of independent experts, environmental justice advocates, and state representatives, shall be established to ensure transparency, equity, and efficiency in fund allocation.

C. Entities failing to comply will be subject to escalating fines and legal action by the Department of Justice.

SECTION 4.

This legislation shall take effect in FY 2027. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Pace High School.

A BILL TO REPEAL THE ESPIONAGE ACT

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Article I: To protect whistleblowers and protect citizens from an overbearing government, the Espionage Act will be hereby repealed.

Article II: The Espionage Act has been used in the past century to censor free speech, prosecute whistleblowers, and protect a government that, at times, has committed serious acts against the Constitution of the United States of America.

Article IV: This bill will become effective on May 1, 2025.

Article V: All laws in conflict with this legislation shall hereby be declared null and void.

*Respectfully submitted,
Pelham Memorial High School*

A Bill to Establish a National High-Speed Rail Network

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1.** We shall develop a nationwide high-speed rail network that enhances regional connectivity, reduces carbon emissions, and stimulates economic growth by linking major urban centers and regional hubs.
- SECTION 2.** “High-speed rail” means rail services operating at speeds of at least 125 miles per hour on dedicated tracks. “Corridor” refers to a designated route connecting major cities, selected based on economic, demographic, and environmental analyses. “Public-Private Partnership (PPP)” denotes a funding model involving federal, state, and private investment.
- SECTION 3.** The Department of Transportation (DOT) shall:
- A. Identify and prioritize key corridors for initial implementation.
 - B. Develop a phased implementation plan beginning with pilot corridors and expanding to a comprehensive national network.
 - C. Coordinate with state and local agencies to integrate the project with existing transportation infrastructure.
- SECTION 4.** Funding shall be secured through federal appropriations equating to \$1.5 billion from the DOD, state contributions, and PPP investments.
- A. An independent High-Speed Rail Authority, established under the DOT, shall oversee project management, ensuring transparency, efficiency, and adherence to established benchmarks.
 - B. The Authority shall submit annual progress and financial reports to Congress.
- SECTION 5.** All project activities shall comply with applicable environmental regulations and zoning laws. The DOT shall propose any necessary regulatory adjustments to expedite implementation while safeguarding public safety and community interests.
- SECTION 6.** This legislation will take effect June 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Regis High School.

A Bill to Ensure Sustainability in Fishing

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States shall display its dedication to the stabilization of
3 our aquatic ecosystems through the conservation and protection of
4 fish breeding grounds.

5 **SECTION 2.** Fishing will hereby be banned from all natural fish breeding areas. Any
6 violating fishery will face fines of up to \$1 million for the first strike, \$2
7 million for the second strike, and suspended licenses for the third,
8 respectively.

9 **SECTION 3.** Fish breeding grounds shall be defined as a national database of
10 known natural fish breeding grounds established by the National
11 Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) through this bill and
12 a ten-mile radius of those grounds.

13 **SECTION 4.** The NOAA and the Department of Commerce shall be provided \$5
14 million yearly for enforcement of this legislation and the creation and
15 upkeep of the fish breeding ground database.

16 **SECTION 5.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026. All laws in conflict
17 with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Stuyvesant High School.

A Bill to End the Embargo on Cuba

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Whereas in the status quo, the United States has unjustly placed a embargo on Cuba.

SECTION 2. The United States will lift its embargo on Cuba and will begin an active trade relationship with Cuba.

SECTION 3. This legislation shall be overseen by the Office of Foreign Assets Control

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Theo Bennett, Xavier High School.

SS

There are no Authorships on SS Speeches

Only Sponsorships

A Bill to Ban the Privatization of Municipal Water Systems

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** All municipal water systems within the United States of America are
3 required to be run by governmental or non-profit organizations. A
4 municipal water grant shall be established to aid low-income and
5 discriminated areas.

6 **SECTION 2.** Municipal water systems shall be defined as a municipality's system of
7 water mains and pipes, pumps, and other facilities and equipment used
8 to supply potable water.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Bureau of Reclamation and the Treasury will oversee the
10 enforcement of this legislation.

11 A. The Bureau of Reclamation will require documentation from all
12 municipal water systems for compliance with this legislation, and each
13 violation will have a fine of up to \$1,000,000.

14 B. The Administrator of the Environmental Protection Agency shall
15 conduct a study on water and sewer services for water affordability.

16 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect in FY2026. All laws in conflict with this
17 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Prevent Credit Rating Weaponization

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Creditors are hereby prohibited from using medical debt that meets the following criteria from calculating an individual's credit rating score:

- A. Medical debt that is more than 4 years old as of 2020 or
- B. Medical debt that exceeds the amount of \$75,000 USD.
- C. Credit Reporting Services are responsible for ensuring qualified medical debt is removed within 30 days of reporting by the consumer.

SECTION 2. Creditors are a person or business to whom money is owed. Medical debt is any debt incurred due to the need for prescription medication, non-cosmetic surgical procedures, in home assistance, or palliative care. A Credit Reporting Service gathers and sells individual credit reports and spending histories.

SECTION 3. The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau (CFPB) will oversee the implementation and monitoring of this legislation.

SECTION 4. This legislation will be effective immediately after passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Ban Standardized Testing in College Admissions

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. No college or university which receives federal funding will be allowed to receive standardized test scores of any kind from any party.

SECTION 2. A. Federal funding shall include but is not limited to receipt of federally-provided grants and loans to students, with a goal of covering all public and private colleges in the United States.

B. Standardized tests are defined by the United States Department of Education as “scientifically normed and machine-graded instruments administered to students and adults under controlled conditions to assess capabilities, including knowledge, cognitive skills and abilities, and aptitude” and include but are not limited to the Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT) and the Academic College Test (ACT).

SECTION 3. The United States Department of Education shall oversee implementation of this legislation.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect for college admissions for the 2025-2026 school year. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Prelim 6 - A Bill to Assist the Farm Industry

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** An additional \$40 billion will be added to the farm bill funding specified in
3 H.R. 6363. If a new Farm Bill is approved prior to the implementation
4 date, separate from a continuing resolution, this funding will be added to
5 the amount appropriated in that legislation.

6 **SECTION 2.** The funding is appropriated to the following categories:

7 **A.** \$1.9 billion to supplement disaster assistance.

8 **B.** \$21 billion to supplement crop proceeds.

9 **C.** \$4.6 billion to supplement animal product proceeds.

10 **D.** \$16.7 billion to offset production expenses.

11 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Agriculture will oversee the distribution of the
12 increased funding.

13 **A.** A tariff of 10% on all agricultural imports will be implemented to
14 provide funding for this legislation.

15 **SECTION 4.** This will take effect on October 1, 2024.

16 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.