<u>101</u>

A Bill to Ensure Employment to End Economic Insecurity

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 SECTION 1. A. Any unemployed resident of the United States will have access to a
- 2 Federal Jobs Guarantee Program.
- 3 B. All jobs within the program will provide a living wage at minimum and employment
- 4 benefits equal to or exceeding federal full-time jobs requirements.
- 5 C. A carbon tax of \$25 per ton of CO2 released by private corporations will be
- 6 implemented to pay for this bill.
- 7 SECTION 2. A. The Federal Jobs Guarantee Program shall be defined as a program in
- 8 which the federal government provides full-time employment in infrastructure sectors
- 9 including but not limited to green energy, transportation, communications, and human
- 10 infrastructure.
- 11 B. A living wage shall be defined as the minimum income a full-time worker must earn
- 12 to support their basic needs, as calculated by the Department of Labor.
- 13 SECTION 3. The Department of Labor and Department of the Treasury shall oversee the
- 14 implementation of this bill.
- 15 SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect on January 1, 2026.
- 16 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully introduced to the Committee on Economics by

Conor Donovan
WHEELING HIGH SCHOOL



<u>102</u>

A Bill For Equitable Access to Testing (BEAT)

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. A. All students whose annual combined pre-tax family income does not exceed \$250,000 and who attend a "Qualifying High School" shall be allowed to take free, unlimited standardized tests administered by "Approved Test Providers" until their 19th birthday or graduation from a Qualifying High School, whichever comes first.

B. To be eligible to receive any federal funding, colleges and universities shall pay an annual tax to the U.S.
Treasury of \$500 per applicant to its institution.

C. All revenue from Section 1B shall be used to fund subsidies for "Approved Test Providers" which shall be used to ensure execution of Section 1A. Such subsidies shall be allocated proportionally based on the average number of exams administered annually by each "Approved Test Provider" over a five-year period with the allocation being recalculated annually.

SECTION 2. A. Approved Test Providers shall be defined as College Board, ACT Inc., and International Baccalaureate (IB).

B. A Qualifying High School shall be defined as any public, charter, private, parochial, or independent high school located in the United States or its territories.

SECTION 3. The Internal Revenue Service and U.S. Department of Education shall oversee the implementation of Section 1 overall and the enforcement of Section 1B.

SECTION 4. This bill shall go into effect on July 1, 2026.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted to the Committee on Economics by

Emmy Seliga WOODLANDS ACADEMY OF THE SACRED HEART



<u>103</u>

A Bill to Make America Healthy Again (MAHA)

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1. A. An excise tax of 10% on year-end net revenue shall be placed on all corporations and businesses that make or sell edible products containing synthetic preservatives.
 - B. All funds collected from this excise tax shall be allocated to companies researching natural methods of preservation.
- SECTION 2. A. Synthetic preservatives shall be defined as artificial substances added to various products to extend their shelf life and prevent spoilage, including, but not limited to, sulfites, nitrates, and BHT.
 - B. Natural methods of preservation shall be defined as substances derived from plant, animal, or microbial sources added to various products to extend their shelf life and prevent spoilage. Examples include, but are not limited to, rosemary extract and ascorbic acid.
- SECTION 3. The Department of Health and Human Services, the Department of the Treasury, and the Department of Agriculture (USDA) shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.
 - A. The USDA and the Food and Drug Administration shall conduct audits to determine which corporations and/or businesses are actively using or selling products with preservatives.
- SECTION 4. This legislation will go into effect at the start of FY 2026.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced to the Committee on Economics by Venkata Tanuku, James B Conant High School

<u>201</u>

A Resolution to Kick the War out of Kashmir

- 1 WHEREAS, The Republic of India and the Islamic Republic of Pakistan have jointly occupied and
- 2 oppressed the nation of Kashmir since 1947; and
- 3 WHEREAS, Both countries have used military force in recent years to engage in deadly
- 4 skirmishes and contest the other's occupation in Kashmir; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Thousands of civilians have died from the Indian and Pakistani armed forces and
- 6 uprisings of local terrorist groups; and
- 7 WHEREAS, Kashmiris have lost access to basic human rights such as access to medication, food
- 8 and water, and information as the conflict continues between India and Pakistan over the region;
- 9 now, therefore, be it
- 10 RESOLVED, That the Congress here assembled urge India and Pakistan to remove all military
- 11 forces within Kashmir by January 1st, 2026; and, be it
- 12 FURTHER RESOLVED, That if India or Pakistan do not oblige, then the United States will cease
- 13 distribution of military materiel and reduce foreign aid to any noncompliant party.

Respectfully introduced to the Committee on Foreign Affairs by

Ariel Lozner

WHEELING HIGH SCHOOL

202

A Bill to Provide Ethical Arms Control and Engagement (PEACE)

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1. A. The United States shall cease all arms sales to any nation engaged in offensive military operations.
 - B. The United States may continue arms sales to nations engaged in defensive military operations.
- SECTION 2. A. An offensive military operation shall be defined as an attack by one country on the sovereign territory of another nation.
 - Offensive military operations include, but are not limited to, cyberattacks, military attacks, or proxy warfare.
 - ii. Offensive military operations do not include economic policies such as tariffs or sanctions.
 - B. A defensive military operation shall be defined as the act of protecting a country's own territory against an offensive military operation.
- SECTION 3. The Department of State shall be responsible for the implementation and enforcement of this legislation.
- SECTION 4. This legislation shall go into effect on July 1st, 2025.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced to the committee on Foreign Affairs by Ronak Roy

William Fremd High School



203

A Resolution to Shore Up the Panama Canal

WHEREAS, The Republic of Panama has managed and operated the Panama Canal since

December 31, 1999; and

WHEREAS, Panama lacks both the funding and technological capability necessary to adequately protect the canal against 21st century challenges; and

WHEREAS, These challenges directly hamper regional shipping traffic, hurting the global economy and threatening American national security; now, therefore, be it

RESOLVED, That the United States shall provide a one-time payment of one billion USD to the Panamanian government and two billion USD in technical assistance to the Panamanian Canal Authority (ACP) for purposes of maintaining and modernizing the Panama Canal; and be it

FURTHER RESOLVED, That this aid shall only be provided if Panama agrees to share 15% of profits from the canal with the United States, eliminate all tolls on U.S-flagged vessels traversing the canal, and allow independent U.S. advisors to monitor foreign investment in the canal and provide the ACP with technical, financial, and strategic guidance.

Introduced to the Committee on Foreign Affairs by Geethika Pillai, James B Conant High School



<u>301</u>

A Bill to Establish a 32-Hour Work Week

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938 shall be amended such that overtime
2		pay of no less than one and one-half times will apply to any worker after 32
3		hours of work per week under a gradual adjustment period.
4	SECTION 2.	A gradual adjustment period shall be defined as the lowering of the
5		threshold for overtime pay to after 38 hours of work per week in the first
6		year of enactment. Subsequent lowerings will decrease the threshold to 36
7		hours of work per week in the second year after enactment, 34 hours of
8		work per week in the third year after enactment, and 32 hours of work per
9		week in the fourth and following years.
10	SECTION 3.	The Department of Labor will oversee the implementation of this
11		legislation.
12	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall take effect on January 1st, 2026.
13	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Tony Liu Adlai E. Stevenson High School

302

A Bill to Rev Up Sustainable Engines

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- **SECTION 1.** A. The sale and ownership of gasoline and diesel-powered vehicles with a combined miles per gallon (mpg) rate less than 15 mpg shall be prohibited within the United States.
 - **B.** Any adult found violating this legislation shall be subject to a fine of up to \$1000 for the first offense, and will have their vehicle impounded.
 - **c.** Businesses in violation shall be fined up to \$10,000 for the first offense, with potential license revocation for repeat violations.
 - **D.** All revenue generated from this bill shall be redirected to the EPA to support subsidies for electric and hybrid vehicles and research on sustainable disposal methods for car batteries.
- **SECTION 2.** A. Gasoline and diesel-powered vehicles shall be defined as motor vehicles that run on gasoline and diesel fuel as their fuel source to power their engines and enable movement.
- **SECTION 3.** The Environmental Protection Agency shall oversee the enforcement of this legislation.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall go into effect on January 1, 2026.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted to the Committee on Civil Policy by Nandini Indraganti, James B. Conant High School

<u> 303</u>

A Bill to Take the Edge Off

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT

- 1 SECTION 1. All references to marijuana, including tetrahydrocannabinols (THC), shall be
- 2 stricken from the Controlled Substances Act. The possession, sale, and usage of
- 3 marijuana shall be legalized and no longer subject to federal criminal penalties.
- 4 SECTION 2. Marijuana shall be defined as all parts of the plant Cannabis sativa L.,
- 5 whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin extracted from any part of such
- 6 plant; and every compound, manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture, or preparation of such
- 7 plant, its seeds or resin.
- 8 SECTION 3. A. Federal jurisdiction over marijuana shall be transferred from the Drug
- 9 Enforcement Administration (DEA) to the Food and Drug Administration (FDA). The FDA
- 10 shall establish a Center for Cannabis Products to regulate the production, labeling,
- 11 distribution, sales and other manufacturing and retail elements of the cannabis industry.
- 12 B. The Alcohol and Tobacco Tax and Trade Bureau (TTB) shall be expanded to regulate
- 13 marijuana-related commerce. The TTB shall implement an excise tax of between 5-25%
- 14 on cannabis producers depending on business size. It shall also implement a 15% sales
- 15 tax on marijuana. Marijuana shall be illegal to sell to anyone under 21 years of age.
- 16 C. In addition to enforcement, revenues generated shall fund federal programs to
- 17 combat marijuana-impaired driving, substance use disorder, and youth marijuana use.
- 18 SECTION 4. This bill shall go into effect on January 1, 2026.
- 19 SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully introduced to the Committee on Public Welfare by

Leonardo Gonzalez Mora WHEELING HIGH SCHOOL

