# Lincoln Northwest Falcon Face-off Congress Docket



#### Table of Contents:

- 1. A Bill to Regulate Generative Artificial Intelligence Art HS
- 2. A Bill to Fix the Foster Care System MW
- 3. A Bill to Move the Department of Justice Under the Judiciary MN
- 4. A Bill to Make Schools Teach Spanish to All Students MR
- 5. A Bill to Defund For Profit Charter Schools LSW
- 6. A Bill to Eliminate Dangerous Preservatives And Additives MW
- 7. A Resolution to Encourage the Executive Branch to Recognize Taiwan as a Fully Sovereign State MN
- 8. A Bill to Strengthen American Democracy LSE
- 9. A Bill to Improve Assisted Living Facilities MR
- 10. A Bill to Welcome Palestinian Refugees MS
- 11. A bill for Responsible AI in Defense (RAID) MW
- 12. A Bill to Make Congress Average LE

#### 1. A Bill to Regulate Generative Artificial Intelligence Art

- 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
  - **Section 1.** The United States will regulate generative artificial intelligence art by establishing a set of guidelines that AI art generators must follow if they are headquartered within the 50 states or any U.S. territories.
    - A. The companies behind the AI art generators must provide a database of all the art they have collected to generate new pieces from said art. The database needs to provide attribution data (e.g. name of artist, source) for each piece of art. This database must be easily accessible/navigable for the public to view in a designated area of their website.
    - B. Copyright holders must be notified within a month of the art being acquired by the company and provide proof of notification.
    - C. The companies behind AI art generators must remove any piece of art they have in the database if a copyright holder requests its removal through an official form the company must provide. The company has two weeks from receiving the form to remove the piece from its database. The company must also blacklist the art to prevent its addition to the generator.
    - D. If the company fails to remove the piece of art from their database after two weeks, they will be fined \$100 for every piece they failed to remove by the request of the copyright holder. If the same copyright holder requests additional removals after two weeks from their last request of removal, the fine will increase by \$100 for each removal.
    - E. The company must also document the method they use to receive the data and art for the generators and release quarterly reports through the website database. These reports must at least include the sources used for the data and the method of collecting the data.
  - **Section 2.** All art generators shall be defined as tools, software, or platforms that utilize artificial intelligence algorithms to analyze and synthesize visual or graphical outputs by referencing existing works, particularly those created by humans.
- 32. **Section 3.** The United States Copyright Office will oversee this legislation. The
- 33. annual budget of the Copyright Office will be increased by \$125 million in order to
- 34. hire and pay more employees.
- 35. **Section 4.** This shall be fully implemented by the fiscal year October 1, 2026.
- 36. **Section 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and
- 37. void.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

12.

13.

14.

15.

16. 17.

18.

19.

20.

21.

22.

23.

24.

25.

26.

27.

28.

29.

30.

31.

### 2. A Bill to Fix the Foster Care System

1	BE IT ENACTI	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1.	The federal government will allocate 10 billion dollars to the Department	
3		of Health and Human Services to improve the foster care system.	
4	SECTION 2.	Improvements/use of the funds would include:	
5		a.) Routine healthcare checks on the children in the foster homes.	
6		<ul> <li>Regular medical, dental, and mental health screenings for all</li> </ul>	
7		children in foster care, with mandatory reporting of results to case	
8		managers,	
9		<ul> <li>Establishment of a universal healthcare record system accessible</li> </ul>	
10		to authorized CPS agents for real-time updates	
11		b.) The hiring of more CPS agents & case managers.	
12		<ul> <li>Hiring and training an additional 20,000 CPS agents and case</li> </ul>	
13		managers nationwide to ensure lower caseloads per agent, aiming	
14		for a maximum of 15 cases per worker,	
15		<ul> <li>Instituting a nationwide database for CPS agents to track foster</li> </ul>	
16		care placements, case histories, and family reunification efforts,	
17		<ul> <li>Increasing funding for continuous professional development of</li> </ul>	
18		CPS agents to ensure trauma-informed care practices	
19		c.) Stricter background checks on foster parents.	
20		<ul> <li>Mandatory nationwide criminal background checks,</li> </ul>	
21		fingerprinting, and interviews with all household members over	
22		age 12 in prospective foster homes,	
23		<ul> <li>Periodic re-evaluation of foster homes every two years, including</li> </ul>	
24		unannounced visits, to ensure compliance with federal and state	
25		standards,	
26		<ul> <li>Creation of public accountability and review system for foster</li> </ul>	
27		homes with repeated complaints	
28	SECTION 3.	The Department of Health and Human Services will oversee the	
29		enforcement of this bill. States that refuse to use the funds as directed	
30		will not receive the additional funds.	
31	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2026.	
32	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.		

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Millard West High School.

## 3. A Bill to Move the Department of Justice Under the Judiciary

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The United States Department of Justice (DOJ) shall be rearranged such
2		that it moves from the Executive Branch to the Judicial Branch of the
3		Federal Government.
4	SECTION 2.	The Attorney General will continue to report to the President, serve in the
5		cabinet, and lead the DOJ, but will no longer serve at the pleasure of the
6		President. The Attorney General will be appointed by the Chief Justice of
7		the United States (and serve at the pleasure of the Chief Justice), in
8		consultation with all other Justices of the Supreme Court and confirmed by
9		the United States Senate. The Attorney General and all employees of the
10		Department of Justice will be required to continue to follow the Hatch Act,
11		and all other ethics and procedural requirements imposed upon it before
12		its transfer. The Attorney General must be a "career employee" at the DOJ,
13		who has at least 18 years of experience within the DOJ. All other positions
14		which were traditionally considered politically appointed employees will
15		now be appointed by the Supreme Court of the United States in a process
16		which they see fit. The first Attorney General appointed by the Chief Justice
17		shall be appointed no later than January 20, 2024. The Attorney General
18		shall serve for no longer than 10 years consecutively.
19	SECTION 3.	"Career Employee" shall be understood as an individual who was not
20		appointed by the President or via any political process. Career Employees
21		will not be permitted to have a registered political affiliation to a party.
22		A. This Congress retains any oversight authorities over the DOJ it had
23		previously despite this reorganization.
24		B. This Congress will oversee the transition and ensure that the DOJ will
25		be restructured completely under the Judicial Branch by July 4, 2026.
26	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect immediately. All laws in conflict with this
27		legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Millard North High School

## 4. A Bill to Make Schools Teach Spanish to All Students

- 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2. **SECTION 1**. All schools will be required to teach Spanish classes to all students grades
- 3. K-12. Spanish will be considered a core subject area.
- 4. **SECTION 2**. Students will be defined as anyone who goes to school, including public
- 5. and private schools, and homeschool.
- 6. **SECTION 3.** The Department of Education will oversee the implementation of this
- 7. legislation.
- 8. A. Any state which fails to comply will forfeit 50% of their federal highway
- 9. funding.
- 10. **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect in 2030.
- 11. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced by Marian High School

#### 5. A Bill to Defund For Profit Charter Schools

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	This bill adds to the definition of a charter school in the Elementary and
2		Secondary Education Act of 1965.
3	SECTION 2.	Section 4310 will now include the following: "A charter school does not
4		enter into a contract with a for-profit entity, or have a charter management
5		organization or other nonprofit entity enter into such a contract on behalf
6		of such school, under which the for-profit entity operates, oversees,
7		manages, or otherwise carries out the administration of such school, which
8		may include curriculum development, budget management, and faculty
9		management (such as hiring, terminating, or supervising school-level
10		staff)."
11	SECTION 3.	Charter schools may still contract for food, payroll, facilities maintenance,
12		transportation services, classroom supplies or other ancillary services.
13	SECTION 4.	The Department of Education will oversee the implementation of this bill.
14	SECTION 5.	Current funding for charter schools, who do not meet the amended
15		definition, shall not be renewed beyond the 2024-2025 academic year.
16	SECTION 6.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lincoln Southwest High School

#### 6. A Bill to Eliminate Dangerous Preservatives And Additives

1	BE IT ENACTED	BY THE C	ONGRESS	HERE AS	SEMBLED	THAT:
---	---------------	----------	---------	---------	---------	-------

- SECTION 1. This bill will ban a list of preservatives and additives in the United
   States that can cause health issues.
- A. A preservative is a substance used to preserve foodstuffs, wood, or other materials against decay.
- B. An additive is a substance added to something in small quantities toimprove or preserve it.
- 8 **SECTION 2.** The list of additives and preservatives being banned include 9 titanium dioxide, any artificial food dye, brominated vegetable oil, 10 BHA and BHT, and rBST.
- 11 **SECTION 3.** The United States Food and Drug Administration will oversee the
  12 enforcement of this bill. Any company that does not remove the
  13 listed additives and preservatives from their products will receive a
  14 yearly tax equal to 15% of their total net income.
- SECTION 4. This bill will go into effect on January 1st, 2026. All laws in conflict
   with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Millard West High School.

## 7. A Resolution to Encourage the Executive Branch to Recognize Taiwan as a Fully Sovereign State

1	WHEREAS,	The Republic of China has long been an ally in the South Pacific; and
2	WHEREAS,	The Republic of China is not currently fully recognized by the United States
3		Government; and
4	WHEREAS,	The Republic of China is not fully diplomatically supported by the United
5		States Government; and
6	WHEREAS,	The People's Republic of China has been increasingly hostile towards the
7		United States; so be it
8	RESOLVED,	That the Congress here assembled encourage the President to fully
9		recognize The Republic of China as a Sovereign State; and, be it
10	FURTHER RES	<b>OLVED,</b> That any informal arrangements with the Republic of China be seen
11		as fully fledged agreements and treaties.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Millard North High School

### 8. A Bill to Strengthen American Democracy

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The doctrine of judicial review established in Marbury v. Madison is hereby
2		abolished. The role of The Supreme Court and other federal courts in the
3		Constitution, as interpreted by Congress, is to clarify ambiguous language
4		in laws and arbitrate disputes, but they are unable to overturn legislation
5		or executive actions.
6	SECTION 2.	A federal initiative and referendum process is hereby established. For a
7		measure to appear on the ballot in a federal election, it must:
8		A. Receive petition signatures of at least 7% of registered voters
9		nationwide, including 7% of registered voters in each of at least 35
10		states, and
11		B. Have its signatures submitted to the Federal Election Commission
12		no less than 6 months before the election date.
13	SECTION 3.	The Federal Election Commission shall be responsible for overseeing
14		enforcement of this legislation.
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage. All laws in
16		conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lincoln Southeast High School.

#### 9. A Bill to Improve Assisted Living Facilities

- BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2. **SECTION 1**.
- 3. A. All states are required to have state-funded assisted living facilities for elderly with disabilities.
- 4. a. These facilities are required to have a psychologist and psychiatrist on staff.
- 5. b. There will be a mandated ratio in these homes of 4 nurses to 1 resident.
- 6. B. States will be given 100 million dollars per every 1 million people above the age of 60 in their
- 7. state to fund the assisted living facilities.
- 8. C. All requests to transfer to another facility must be reviewed by an independent review board,
- 9. medical professionals, and social workers.
- 10. a. If every other private facility is deemed unsafe, a state home is required to make a
- 11. place accessible to said resident.
- 12. i. Unsafe shall be defined as not having suitable or proper care available for said
- 13. resident to ensure proper care.
- 14. D. "Endangerment of others" in the Retirement Home Reform Act of 1987 will now be defined by
- 15. a tier list based on frequency, containability, severity, and intent.
- 16. E. Facilities will have the right to ban anyone from a section of the home if a patient jeopardizes
- 17. the safety of staff or other residents.
- 18. F. 1 billion dollars shall be allocated to pay for raises and hiring bonuses to encourage the
- 19. acquisition of more nursing staff for homes.
- 20. **SECTION 2**. Assisted living facilities shall be defined as any place housing and giving daily
- 21. assistance to elderly people with disabilities.
- a. The elderly shall be defined as all people over the age of 65.
- 23. **SECTION 3.** This bill shall be enforced by the Department of Justice and the Department of
- 24. Health and Human Services. Any home in violation of this bill will be under investigation and will
- 25. be shut down after 3 infractions. Each infraction will result in paying a tax of 1,000 dollars per
- 26. resident. Any state in violation of this review will have its highway funding taken away.
- 27. **SECTION 4.** This bill shall go into effect 5 years after the passage of this bill.
- 28. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced by Marian High School

#### 10. A Bill to Welcome Palestinian Refugees

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: **SECTION 1**.

- A. There will be a new program modeled after the UNRWA (United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestinian Refugees in the Near East). The UNRWA provides resources, assistance, and protection for Palestine refugees in the countries surrounding Palestine and the Middle East region. Our program would be the USRAPR (Unites States Relief Agency for Palestinian Refugees) providing the same support but in the U.S.
- B. The program will get 150 million dollars every fiscal year.
- **SECTION 2.** A refugee will be defined as a person who has been forced to leave their country to escape war, persecution, or a natural disaster.
- **SECTION 3.** The United States Refugee Admissions Program (USRAP) will implement and enforce this legislation.
  - A. Violation of this legislation will result in a 2A felony charge.
  - B. Any U.S. Immigration agent who denies a Palestinian refugee based on race, religion, nationality, or without a valid reason will be charged a fine of up to 25,000 dollars or 2-5 years imprisonment.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect once the bill is passed.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Millard South High School.

## 11. A bill for Responsible AI in Defense (RAID)

1	BE IT ENACTE	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	UAVs that utilize AI must ensure human input is involved in critical
3		decision-making processes, particularly in combat scenarios involving
4		strikes.
5		Continuous human input and oversight is required while operating UAVs
6		that utilize AI particularly when executing strikes.
7	SECTION 2.	'(AI) Artificial Intelligence' shall be defined as a set of advanced
8		computational technologies and algorithms that enable unmanned aeria
9		vehicles (UAVs) to perform tasks autonomously or semi-autonomously.
10		This includes but is not limited to capabilities such as real-time data
11		processing, target recognition and tracking, and decision-making based
12		on environmental inputs.'
13		'(UAV) Unmanned Aerial Vehicles' shall be defined as a type of aircraft
14		that operates without a human pilot on board, controlled remotely or
15		autonomously through onboard systems.
16		'Human Input' shall be defined as the active involvement of human
17		judgment, decision-making, and oversight in military operations,
18		particularly in the context of planning, targeting, and executing strikes.
19		This includes but is not limited to evaluating the legitimacy of targets,
20		assessing potential collateral damage, and ensuring compliance with the
21		Geneva Convention.
23	SECTION 3.	The Department of Defense (DoD) shall develop and implement ethical
24		guidelines for human operators to follow.
25	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect immediately.
26		All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void

Introduced for Congressional Debate by **Millard West High School**.

### 12. A Bill to Make Congress Average

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	This bill will align the salaries of members of Congress with the average
2		salaries of working Americans in order to promote greater representation
3		and accountability in government.
4	SECTION 2.	The annual salaries of members of Congress will be reduced to the average
5		annual salary of American workers as determined by the Bureau of Labor
6		Statistics.
7	SECTION 3.	The Clerk of the House of Representatives and the Secretary of the Senate
8		shall be responsible for implementing this salary reduction and adjusting
9		the payroll of members of Congress accordingly.
10	SECTION 4.	Any member of Congress found to be in violation of this bill shall be subject
11		to disciplinary action as determined by the House Ethics Committee or the
12		Senate Ethics Committee.
13	SECTION 5.	This bill shall remain in effect for a period of five years, after which time the
14		salaries of members of Congress will be reevaluated and adjusted as
15		necessary.
16	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect at the beginning of the 2025 FY. All laws in
17		conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lincoln East.