# **A Bill to Implement Supervised Consumption Sites**

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Five billion dollars shall be allotted for the creation and
2	running of sup	pervised consumption sites (SCSs).
3	SECTION 2.	A supervised consumption site, or SCS, shall be defined as a
4	facility in which	ch drug users may use drugs under the supervision of
5	medically-train	ned personnel, reducing risks, without risk of legal
6	consequence.	
7	SECTION 3.	The US Department of Health and Human Services shall be
8	tasked with th	e implementation of this bill.
9	A. They shall	evaluate the SCSs at least once a year to ensure safety and
10	effectiven	ess.
11	B. After the a	allotted funding is used, they shall create a report for
12	Congress f	or the purpose of determining future funding.
13	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on FY 2026.
	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared
	null and void.	

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Nathan Moldover of Natick High School.

## A Bill to Retest Medication to Find Sex-Based Symptoms

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The FDA must retest antidepressants and analgesic medication for
2		sex-based differences. Any drug found with sex-based symptoms will be
3		subjected to a new cycle of FDA drug trials and classifications to publish a
4		report on the sex-based symptoms. The retests must include both sexes in
5		equal proportions. Future drug trials for all drugs must include equal
6		number of female and male participants.
7	SECTION 2.	Antidepressants shall be defined as tricyclics, monoamine oxidase
8		inhibitors, and selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors in accordance with
9		FDA classifications. Analgesic medication shall be defined as drugs that
10		relieve pain, non-narcotic analgesics and narcotic analgesics in accordance
11		with FDA classifications.
12	SECTION 3.	The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) shall oversee the enforcement of
13		this legislation.
14		A. Any companies or laboratories preventing or deterring the progress of
15		retesting shall be fined a minimum of \$10,000.
16	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect in FY2026. All laws in conflict with this
17		legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Senator Lee of Acton-Boxborough Regional High School.

## A Bill to Grant Puerto Rico Statehood to Foster Equality

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The United States Federal Government shall admit Puerto Rico as the 51st
2		state in the union. Puerto Rico shall be considered equal to all other states
3		in all respects.
4	SECTION 2.	A "state" is defined as a constituent political entity of the United States that
5		possesses the right to a certain number of seats in the U.S. House, two
6		seats in the U.S. Senate, and a certain number of electoral votes in the
7		electoral college.
8		Refer to Article IV, Section 3, Clause 1 of the U.S. Constitution for the
9		process that authorizes the establishment of new states.
10	SECTION 3.	A. The U.S. Congress shall oversee the process of granting Puerto Rico legal
11		statehood.
12		B. The Federal Election Commission shall oversee the election of the two
13		new senators and new representatives proportional to population.
14	SECTION 4.	The state of Puerto Rico shall be entitled to four Representatives in the U.S.
15		House immediately after the passage of this legislation. Until the next
16		census-based reapportionment of the U.S. House of Representatives in
17		2030, newly elected representatives shall provoke a temporary increase in
18		the total U.S. House representatives. Any such increase in House
19		Representatives shall not act to permanently increase the official
20		membership of the U.S. House, unless Congress acts to do so.
21	SECTION 5.	Procedure on providing Puerto Rico legal statehood shall begin immediately
22		after the passage of this legislation, with official statehood granted by
23		March 1st, 2026.
24	SECTION 6.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Lukas Shrestha of Newton South High School.

# A Resolution to Urge the Declaration and Implementation of a No First Use Nuclear Policy to Promote Global Security

1	WHEREAS,	Tensions and hostilities between the United States and
2	foreign enemy	states have threatened global peace and stability in the form
3	of armed conf	flict
4	WHEREAS,	Many nations, some of which are recognized as enemies of
5	the United Sta	ates, are seeking to develop nuclear weapons and/or improve
6	their nuclear a	arsenal in the near future
7	WHEREAS,	Heightening tensions cause the threat of nuclear
8	armageddon a	and miscalculation against other nuclear powers and nations
9	attempting to	proliferate to increase; therefore, be it
10	RESOLVED,	That this Congress here assembled shall urge the President
11	of the United	States to declare that the United States of America shall not
12	employ nuclea	ar weapons as a means of mass destruction against any
13	nation, state,	or organization unless American nuclear weapons are used in
14	the name of d	efense against a foreign threat, that is, after the prerequisite
15	that the Unite	d States of America or a NATO ally state has been attacked
16	with nuclear w	veapons by that specific foreign threat is met.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Shrewsbury High School.

# A Bill Ratifying the Rome Statute to become a Full Member of the International Criminal Court

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1. The United States shall accede the Rome Statute and become a full member
2	of the International Criminal Court.
3	
4	
5	SECTION 2. A. "The Rome Statute" is defined as the treaty that established the
6	International Criminal Court (ICC). This treaty establishes court function, jurisdiction and
7	structure, recognition of international crimes with no statute of limitations: genocide,
8	crimes against humanity, war crimes, and the crime of aggression.
9	
10	
11	<b>SECTION 3.</b> The Department of State shall oversee and enforce this legislation.
12	
13	
14	SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage.
15	
16	
17	<b>SECTION 5.</b> All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and avoid.
18	

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the New England District of the National Speech and Debate Association. This legislation is for educational and competitive purposes only and does not necessarily constitute the endorsement of a policy position by the New England District Committee of the NSDA.

### A Bill to Enact the National Security Powers Act

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The provisions of the National Security Powers Act, as introduced on July 7,
2		2021, are hereby approved and enacted into law.

- 3 **SECTION 2**. The United States Congress will oversee the enforcement of this legislation.
- 4 **SECTION 3**. This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage. All laws in
- 5 conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Emilia Raviola, Milton Academy.

# THE FOLLOWING LEGISLATION (pgs. 8-9) WILL BE USED IN THE HOUSE FINALS ONLY

### A Bill to Repeal the Jones Act

- $^{\mathbf{1}}$  BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- <sup>2</sup> **SECTION 1**. The Merchant Marine Act of 1920 shall terminate on March 31, 2025.
- <sup>3</sup> **SECTION 2**. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the New England District of the National Speech and Debate Association. This legislation is for educational and competitive purposes only and does not necessarily constitute the endorsement of a policy position by the New England District Committee of the NSDA.

### A Bill to Treat Gun Violence as a Public Health Epidemic

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	<b>SECTION 1</b> . The United States Federal Government shall treat gun violence as a public
2	health epidemic; addressing both firearm access and the factors that
3	contribute to and protect from gun violence by researching its root causes
4	and instituting effective strategies to ensure health equity, where everyone
5	can live free from gun violence.
6	SECTION 2. A. "Gun Violence" is defined as violence committed with firearms, such as
7	handguns, shotguns, or semi-automatic rifles.
8	B. "Public Health epidemic" may be defined as recognizing a widespread issue
9	that poses a significant threat to a community's health and safety, requiring
10	coordinated and data driven health measures to address and mitigate its
11	impact.
12	<b>SECTION 3.</b> The following entities shall oversee implementation and enforcement of
13	congruent policy measures:
14	A. CDC (Centers for Disease Control and Prevention), NIH (National Institute of
15	12 Health), and the ATF (Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and 13
16	Explosives).
17	SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage.
18	<b>SECTION 5.</b> All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and avoid.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the New England District of the National Speech and Debate Association. This legislation is for educational and competitive purposes only and does not necessarily constitute the endorsement of a policy position by the New England District Committee of the NSDA.