

CAROLINA EAST DISTRICT CONGRESSIONAL DEBATE LEGISLATION PACKET



PACKET A HOUSE – PRELIMINARY LEGISLATION SENATE – LEGISLATION WITH PRIORITY



A Bill to Repeal PAFACA and Save TikTok

1	BF IT	ENACTED	BY THE	CONGRESS	HERE A	ASSEMBLED:

- SECTION 1. Congress hereby repeals the 2024 Protecting Americans from Foreign Adversary Controlled
 Applications Act (PAFACA).
- 4 **SECTION 2.** Consequently, ByteDance Ltd. and its subsidiaries, including TikTok, shall no longer be banned within the United States and its territories, regardless of whether or not those entities are divested as previously stipulated by PAFACA.
- 7 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.
- 8 **SECTION 4.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



A Bill to Abolish the Department of Education

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
- 2 **SECTION 1.** The Department of Education is hereby abolished.
- 3 **SECTION 2.** All former duties of the Department of Education shall be either abandoned or reassigned
- 4 to other agencies, at the discretion of the President of the United States.
- 5 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall take effect on July 1, 2025.
- 6 **SECTION 4.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



A Bill to Ban Fluoridation of Public Water

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
- SECTION 1. The addition of fluoride to public water supplies is hereby banned throughout the United
 States and its territories.
- 4 **SECTION 2.** Any jurisdiction found in violation of this legislation shall lose all federal funding until
- 5 compliance is reached.
- 6 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall be overseen by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC).
- 7 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect 90 days from the date of passage.
- 8 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



PACKET B HOUSE – FINALS LEGISLATION SENATE – RESERVE LEGISLATION



A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Revoke the Presidential Power to Pardon

1	RESOLVED,	That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United
2		States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
3		ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from
4		the date of its submission by the Congress:
5		ARTICLE —
6	SECTION 1.	The power of the President to "grant Reprieves and Pardons for Offences against the
7		United States" (as described in Article II, Section 1 of the Constitution) shall be
3		unconditionally revoked.
9	SECTION 2.	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.



A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Establish a Right to Healthcare

1	RESOLVED,	That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United
2		States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
3		ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from
4		the date of its submission by the Congress:
5		ARTICLE —
6	SECTION 1.	All citizens of the United States and its territories are henceforth entitled to comprehensive
7		healthcare free of charge.
8	SECTION 2.	Comprehensive healthcare shall include at minimum preventative, urgent, and emergency
9		care in the areas of traditional healthcare, dental care, ophthalmological care, and
10		behavioral healthcare.
11	SECTION 3.	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.



A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Decrease Bias in Electoral College Representation

1	RESOLVED,	that the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United
2		States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
3		ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from
4		the date of its submission by the Congress:
5		ARTICLE —
6	SECTION 1.	Paragraph three of Article II of the Constitution shall be amended to read, "Each State shal
7		appoint, in such Manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a Number of Electors, equal
8		to the whole Number of Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the
9		Congress: but no Senator or Representative, or Person holding an Office of Trust or Profit
10		under the United States, shall be appointed an Elector."
11	SECTION 2.	That is, Senatorial representation shall no longer be reflected in the Electoral College.
12	SECTION 3.	The implications of the 23rd Amendment shall be similarly adapted, so that the Federal
13		District shall experience a commensurate reduction in representation in the Electoral
14		College. That is, the Federal District shall lose two Electors.
15	SECTION 4.	This shall bring the total number of Electors to 436, making 219 the number required for a
16		majority.
17	SECTION 5.	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.