

## Frosty Winter Clash - CD Docket

- Item 1 - A Bill to Implement a National DNA Database for Criminal Investigations to Enhance Law Enforcement Capabilities
- Item 2 - A Bill to Regulate the Use of Genetic Modification in Agriculture to Ensure Food Safety
- Item 3 - A Bill to Establish a National Cybersecurity Task Force to Protect Critical Infrastructure

## Item 1 – A Bill to Implement a National DNA Database for Criminal Investigations to Enhance Law Enforcement Capabilities

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** A national DNA database shall be established to enhance law enforcement capabilities in solving crimes and identifying missing persons.

**SECTION 2.** A. "National DNA database" refers to a centralized repository of DNA profiles collected from individuals for the purpose of criminal investigations.

B. "DNA profiles" are defined as unique genetic identifiers obtained from biological samples.

**SECTION 3.** The Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) shall oversee the implementation and maintenance of the national DNA database, including the collection, storage, and analysis of DNA samples.

A. The FBI shall establish protocols for the collection of DNA samples from individuals arrested for felonies, ensuring that samples are collected in a manner that respects individual rights and privacy.

B. The FBI shall develop secure storage facilities for the DNA database, implementing advanced encryption and access control measures to protect the data from unauthorized access and breaches.

C. The FBI shall create a framework for the analysis of DNA samples, including the use of standardized procedures and technologies to ensure accuracy and reliability in matching DNA profiles to criminal cases.

D. The FBI shall establish guidelines for the use of DNA data, including restrictions on access to the database by law enforcement agencies and third parties, and protocols for the expungement of DNA profiles in cases of wrongful arrests or acquittals.

E. The FBI shall conduct regular audits and assessments of the DNA database to ensure compliance with privacy and security standards, and to address any potential misuse or ethical concerns.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on FY 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

## Item 2 - A Bill to Regulate the Use of Genetic Modification in Agriculture to Ensure Food Safety

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** The use of genetic modification in agriculture shall be regulated to ensure food safety and environmental sustainability.

**SECTION 2.** A. "Genetic modification" refers to the direct manipulation of an organism's genes using biotechnology.

B. "Agriculture" includes the cultivation of plants and the raising of animals for food, fiber, and other products.

**SECTION 3.** The Department of Agriculture (USDA) shall oversee the regulation of genetically modified organisms (GMOs) in agriculture, including the approval of new GMO crops and livestock, monitoring of environmental impacts, and enforcement of labeling requirements.

A. The USDA shall establish a rigorous approval process for new GMO crops and livestock, including safety assessments and environmental impact studies.

B. The USDA shall implement a monitoring program to track the long-term effects of GMOs on ecosystems and biodiversity.

C. The USDA shall enforce mandatory labeling of GMO products to ensure transparency and inform consumers.

D. The USDA shall conduct regular audits and inspections of GMO producers to ensure compliance with safety and labeling standards.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on FY 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

## Item 3 – A Bill to Establish a National Cybersecurity Task Force to Protect Critical Infrastructure

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1.** A National Cybersecurity Task Force shall be established to protect critical infrastructure from cyber threats.

**SECTION 2.** A. "Critical infrastructure" refers to systems and assets essential to the nation's security, economy, public health, and safety, including energy, transportation, water, and communication systems.

B. "Cyber threats" are defined as malicious activities that target computer systems, networks, and data, including hacking, malware, and ransomware attacks.

**SECTION 3.** The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) shall oversee the establishment and operation of the National Cybersecurity Task Force, which will coordinate efforts to prevent, detect, and respond to cyber threats against critical infrastructure.

A. The DHS shall develop and implement cybersecurity standards and best practices for critical infrastructure sectors.

B. The DHS shall establish a rapid response team to address and mitigate cyber incidents in real-time.

C. The DHS shall provide training and resources to critical infrastructure operators to enhance their cybersecurity capabilities.

D. The DHS shall conduct regular assessments and simulations to test the resilience of critical infrastructure against cyber attacks.

**SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on FY 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.