

Idaho District 3
Spring 2025
Legislation Packet

2025 Spring Legislation Packet

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A Bill to Require a High School Financial Literacy Class

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All high schools must now require their students to take a	
2	financial literacy class before they graduate.		
3	SECTION 2.	Financial literacy shall be defined as the understanding of	
4	how to earn, r	manage, and invest money.	
5	SECTION 3.	The federal Department of Education, in conjunction with	
6	state Departm	nents of Education will oversee enforcement along with the	
7	specific enforcement mechanism.		
8	A. Each state shall determine the standards and the requirements for		
9	completion of the course.		
10	B. If schools of	do not comply with this piece of legislation, they shall lose al	
11	federal fu	nding that they currently receive.	
	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2025. All laws in	

conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bishop Kelly High School.

A Resolution to Mandate Addiction Awareness and Prevention Education in High School Curricula

1 WHEREAS,	Substance use and behavioral addictions, including vaping, opioids, and gaming
2	addiction, disproportionately impact teenagers. Equipping students with tools to resist
3	addiction empowers healthier communities and reduces the economic burden of
4	substance abuse.
5	
6 WHEREAS,	Between 14%-47% of high schoolers have regularly used tobacco, alcohol, and
7	marijuana (National Institute on Drug Abuse). Teens spend 7+ hours on screens daily
8	(Sandstone Care). Teen gambling and gaming are also on the rise in the United States
9	(Sandstone Care).
10 WHEREAS,	Teens that have consumed alcohol or drugs are 7x more likely to develop an addiction
11	(National Institute on Drug Abuse).
12	
13 RESOLVED,	That the Congress here assembled make the following recommendation for solution (a
14	call for action); and, be it all public high schools shall include addiction awareness
15	and prevention education in their health curriculum for grades 9–12.
16	Curriculum Content:
17	Addiction education must cover the following topics:
18	(a) Types of addiction: substance (e.g., nicotine, alcohol, opioids) and
19	behavioral (e.g., gaming, social media).
20	(b) The biological, psychological, and social impacts of addiction.
21	(c) Signs and symptoms of addiction in oneself and others.
22	(d) Strategies for prevention, coping, and recovery.
23	(e) Information on local and national resources for support and
24	treatment.
25	Evidence-Based Practices:
26	Curriculum materials must be based on the latest scientific research
27	and developed in consultation with addiction specialists.
28	
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The Taxation Rectification Act

1 2	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
3	SECTION 1. All persons, corporations, estates, and trusts within the District of Columbia will be
4	exempt from all taxes. The Federal Government will assume the responsibility of funding all
5	public services within the District of Columbia.
6	SECTION 2. A. Taxes include, but are not limited to, individual income taxes, corporate income
7	taxes, payroll taxes, capital gains taxes, sales taxes, excise taxes, property taxes, inheritance taxes,
8	and wealth taxes.
9	B. Public services will be defined as resources provided to the general public by the
10	government to meet the needs of a community. Public Services include, but are not limited
11	to, police departments, fire departments, public schools, and public libraries.
12	SECTION 3. This law will be enforced by the U.S. Department of Treasury.
13	A. The District of Columbia will be granted a budget of 7 billion dollars,
14	reallocated from the Department of Defense's budget, to use for funding public
15	services.
16	B. The budget allocated to the District of Columbia will be reviewed and revised
17	every eight years to account for fluctuation of costs.
18	SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.
19 20	Introduced for Congressional Debate by Caldwell High School.

A Bill to Ban Restricted-Access Library Cards

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	Public libraries will hereby not be allowed to use restricted-access library
3		cards, in order to promote more informed readers from a young age,
4		whilst still allowing parent involvement in a child's reading.
5	SECTION 2.	Restricted-access library cards will be defined as library cards that limit a
6		cardholder's access to library materials, or cards that are only able to
7		check out certain titles inside of the library.
8	SECTION 3.	Those currently holding restricted access cards will be alerted to the fact
9		they need to switch cards at the next time they check out at the library.
LO		Any library found to be using restricted access cards will be fined up to
l1		\$5000, and this fine will be repeated every year until the library abides by
L2		the law.
13	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.
	Introduced for	Congressional Dehate by Columbia High School

A Bill to Regulate Ear Piercing for Children.

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Boise High School.

2 SECTION 1.	A bill to require piercers to get separate licenses to pierce the ears of
3	children under the age of 13, with the requirements of hand piercing (no
4	piercing guns) trained professionals. To get the license, they will be
5	required to go through a more in-depth class on how to hand pierce. This
6	ensures that children's piercings will not be done with a piercing gun that
7	can cause trauma to the skin tissue. It also ensures that underqualified
8	people will not perform this body modification on children.
9 SECTION 2.	Hand piercing is a practice using a hollow needle being pushed through a
10	weedland area to be misused. Hend misusing is the sefect way to be pierced
10	marked area to be pierced. Hand piercing is the safest way to be pierced
11	and it helps to prevent the piercing from closing up.
11	and it helps to prevent the piercing from closing up.
11 12 SECTION 3.	and it helps to prevent the piercing from closing up. The Department of Health and Welfare will be responsible for enforcing
11 12 SECTION 3. 13	and it helps to prevent the piercing from closing up. The Department of Health and Welfare will be responsible for enforcing this legislation. If a piercer is known to do child piercing with either a
112 SECTION 3. 13	and it helps to prevent the piercing from closing up. The Department of Health and Welfare will be responsible for enforcing this legislation. If a piercer is known to do child piercing with either a piercing gun or without a childs piercing license there will be a fine of

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Allow Law Enforcement Outside the Chain of Command

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT: 1 The United States shall create the Department of Special Operations SECTION 1: 2 (DSO) a law enforcement agency that shall not serve at the pleasure of 3 any branch of government. To remove any political or economic bias. 4 The president shall appoint an acting director. The director of the DSO 5 **SECTION 2**: must be chosen and confirmed by both houses of congress by a two-6 thirds majority and confirmed by two thirds of the state's governors, if 7 the process has not been complete two years from the date the previous 8 director has been removed from office the acting director appointed by 9 the president will assume the office. Once the position is assumed the 10 director will serve a singular 10-year term in the office, the director can 11 only serve one term. The director can be removed by the same process. 12 SECTION 3: The DSO must have at least 7000 active sworn agents. 13 Congress must provide the requested budget to the DSO. **SECTION 4**: 14 No external agency shall have jurisdiction to arrest any DSO agents. **SECTION 5**: 15 Agents must be removed by internal affairs. Members who are senate 16 confirmed must be removed from the senate to be arrested or charged 17 with a crime. 18 SECTION 6: Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate 19 legislation. 20 Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rocky Mountain High School.

Living Wage Standard Act

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:	
2	SECTION 1. A bill that will raise minimum living wage to increase the quality of life in	
3	the United States.	
4	SECTION 2. Living wage being defined as the minimum income necessary for the	
5	worker to meet their basic needs. Living wage must be set at a minimum	
6	price floor of 15 per hour. States will be able to increase the Minimum	
7	wage based on their own state economy.	
8	SECTION 3. The enforcement will be overseen by The United States Department of	
9	Labor	
LO	A. To allow an easy transition, starting on June 1st, 2025, we will start	
1	increasing the national minimum wage by 8%. By June 1st of 2033 the	
L 2	minimum wage will be raised to 15 dollars per hour.	
L3	B. Based on the income of businesses a committee will be formed to	
L4	provide tax credits to small businesses. This committee will be formed	
L5	after the passing of the bill.	
L6	SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on June 1st, 2025.	
L 7	SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by Meridian High School.	

A Bill to Decriminalize Schedule II Drugs

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1**. Schedule II Drugs will be decriminalized within the U.S.
- 3 **SECTION 2**. Decriminalized shall be defined as "to remove or reduce the criminal classification or status of"
- 5 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice will oversee the implementation of this legislation, alongside necessary state actors.
- 7 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2026
- All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

 Introduced for Congressional Debate by Skyview Highschool

A Bill to Protect the Right to Contraceptives

1	BE IT ENACTED	RV THF	CONGRESS HERE	ASSEMBLED	$TH\Delta T$
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SECTION 1. The right of all individuals to access, purchase, and use contraceptives, including but not limited to birth control pills, condoms, intrauterine devices (IUDs), and emergency contraception, is hereby affirmed as a fundamental right. No person or entity shall interfere with, limit, or

restrict the availability of contraceptives.

- 7 **SECTION 2**. "Contraceptive" refers to any drug, device, or method used to prevent
 8 pregnancy, including but not limited to hormonal contraceptives, barrier
 9 methods (such as condoms), intrauterine devices (IUDs), emergency
 10 contraception (morning-after pills), and sterilization procedures.
- 11 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) shall oversee the
 12 enforcement of this bill, ensuring that all individuals have access to
 13 contraceptive methods without discrimination, coercion, or undue
 14 financial barriers.
- 15 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2025.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

 Introduced for Congressional Debate by Mountain View High School.

A Bill to Promote Teen Independence by Eradicating All Federal Taxation of Minors

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Any minors employed within the United States shall not be subject to
2		federal tax.
3	SECTION 2.	"Minors" will be defined as any person(s) under the age of 18 years.
4		"Federal tax" will be defined as any taxes enacted by the federal
5		government which result in a paychecks' reduction; this includes but is not
6		limited to federal income tax, Social Security tax, Medicare tax, and federal
7		unemployment tax.
8	SECTION 3.	This widespread tax exemption will be overseen by the Internal Revenue
9		Service of the U.S. Department of Treasury.
10		A. A parent or legal guardian will still have the ability to claim their child
11		on their tax returns if all requirements are met.
12		B. Any and all employed minors will still be subject to taxation on behalf
13		of their individual states if all requirements are met.
14	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect at the start of the 2026 fiscal year. All laws
15		in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Capital High School.

A Bill to Adjust Agricultural Payments for Actively Farmed Land

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The U.S. government will modify the Conservation Reserve Program (CPR)
2		only to compensate farmers for land they actively farm on, rather than idle
3		or non-farmed land.
4	SECTION 2.	"Actively farmed" land refers to land used for cultivating crops or raising
5		livestock in recognized agricultural practices, including land in crop
6		rotation, soil restoration, or sustainable systems like no-till farming,
7		agroforestry, and organic production.
8	SECTION 3.	A. The US Department of Agriculture will oversee the implementation,
9		and audit of payments annually to ensure eligibility. \$100 per acre for land
10		under crop rotation, \$120 per acre for land managed with soil restoration
11		practices, \$150 per acre for agroforestry systems, and \$180 per acre for
12		certified organic production.
13		B. Funding will be allocated from the CPR. However, the CPR's budget
14		will be increased by 4 billion dollars to cover costs. This increased funding
15		will come from the Department of Defense.
16	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect at the beginning of the fiscal year 2028.
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ridgevue High School.

A Bill to Annex Canada as the 51st State

- ¹ BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- ² **SECTION 1**. The United States shall annex Canada, thereby making it the 51st state of
- ³ the United States of America.
- 4 **SECTION 2**. A. Annexation is defined as the formal incorporation of Canada into the
- 5 United States as a state with equal representation in Congress and statehood rights
- ⁶ under the U.S. Constitution.
- ⁷ B. Canada is defined as the entirety of its current provinces and territories as recognized
- ⁸ under the Canadian Constitution.
- 9 **SECTION 3.** The United States Department of State shall oversee the diplomatic
- negotiations, while Congress shall establish a joint task force with Canadian
- representatives to ensure a peaceful and cooperative transition.
- SECTION 4. A. A timeline for annexation shall begin immediately upon the ratification
- of this bill and shall be completed within five years.
- B. Federal integration efforts will include constitutional adjustments, economic
- integration, and the establishment of joint governance policies during the transition
- ¹⁶ period.
- 17 C. Funding for this bill will be appropriated through existing budgets of the Department
- of State.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

 Introduced for Congressional Debate by Middleton High School.

A Bill to cap the price of drinkable water to \$1

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	This bill will put a cap on all single drinkable water bottles being sold by	
3		companies to one dollar. This bill will help prevent companies from	
4		raising prices to an unfair price.	
5	SECTION 2.	Companies will be defined as a legal entity formed by one or more	
6		individuals to engage in and operate a business.	
7		Water bottle will defined as any container of water that holds 12-17 fluid	
8		ounces	
9	SECTION 3.	This legislator will be overseen by the department of Federal Trade	
10		Commission (FTC).	
11		A. Violation of this bill will result in a \$500 dollar fine per water	
12		container sold.	
13		B. Companies will have 6 months to make the change and any date after	
14		that which is set will be fined.	
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with	
16		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	
	Introduced fo	r Congressional Debate by Nampa High School.	

A Bill to Ban Beef

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1.** Upon passing this legislation, the importing, production, and distribution of beef
- for the purpose of human consumption will hereby be banned.
- 4 **SECTION 2.** Beef will be defined as the flesh of a cow, bull, or ox.
- 5 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Drug Administration will oversee the passage and implementation of
- 6 this legislation.
- A. If an individual/group is found illegally importing, producing, or distributing beef,
- they will be fined up to \$10,000 and will serve up to 5 years in federal prison.
- 9 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on July 11, 2028.
- 10 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Renaissance High School.

A Bill to Protect Agricultural Land Rights to Secure Domestic Interest

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	SECTION 1.	In order to protect the United State's agricultural sector, upon passage of
3		this bill, no foreign entity may purchase, hold, or reside on agriculturally
4		viable land. In the interest of international relations, any foreign entities
5		currently conducting business or holding land may remain.
6	SECTION 2.	Foreign Entity will be defined as a corporation which is incorporated or
7		registered under the laws of one state or foreign country and does
8		business in another.
9		Agriculturally Viable land will be defined as any land that has the
10		necessary characteristics to produce agricultural commodities, such as
11		but not limited to topography, water supply, soil quality, and climate.
12	SECTION 3.	The US Department of Homeland Security and the US Department of
13		Agriculture will carry out the enforcement of this legislation.
14	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall take effect effect January 1st, 2026 and must be
15		finalized by January 1 st , 2027.
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Owyhee High School.

A bill to equate equal knowledge to our current school system

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2	SECTION 1.	All states shall be required to create a randomized test for each class that
3		is offered in that state. Written tests and typed tests shall be offered at all
4		their public libraries. Hands-on tests (for classes like collision repair)
5		shall be offered at compounds that shall be made by each state to offer
6		those tests. These tests shall include the information offered in the class
7		that they are for, and shall be between 1 and 3 hours in length for a
8		typical passing student from one of those classes. The tests shall be free
9		to take if the class they are for is not exclusive to higher education.
10		Otherwise, they cost 200 2024 USD, which shall go towards the education
11		funding in the corresponding state. Once someone takes one of these
12		tests, they can't take the same test for another month. If they take the
13		test, they receive the same certifications and credit as if they had
14		completed that class with the grade they got at every educational
15		institute that offers that class within that state. Every state shall also
16		designate a textbook for each specific test, which shall contain all the
17		written information that can be found on the test.
18	SECTION 2.	Typical is a statistics term that means within 1 standard deviation of the
19		mean. Randomized means that different questions appear in different
20		orders on each test. Higher education is anything past high school.
21	SECTION 3.	The board of education shall oversee this bill, and each state shall receive
22		\$10.94 2024 USD per person in the state each year to which shall go
23		towards their educational spending, which will come out of the military
24		spending going towards the middle east. Congress shall also have the
25		power to enforce this legislation.
26	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on FY 2026. All laws in conflict with this
27		legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Centennial High School.

A Bill to Ban Plea Deals to Mitigate Corruption in the Justice System

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	Plea deals are hereby banned in all criminal cases in the judicial system.	
3		No person that is charged with a criminal offense will be allowed to enter	
4		a plea agreement with the prosecution for a decrease to their sentence	
5		or other leniency following the passing of this legislation.	
6	SECTION 2.	(1) Plea deal shall be defined as any arrangement in which a defendant	
7		agrees to plead guilty to a criminal charge, typically to reduce their	
8		sentence or other clemencies. (2) Criminal cases shall be defined as any	
9		legal proceeding where an individual is charged with violating a criminal	
10		statute. This can be on a local, state, or federal level.	
11	SECTION 3.	The Department of Justice (DOJ) will oversee enforcement of this	
12		legislation.	
13		A. The Department of Justice will ensure that all criminal cases are	
14		prosecuted without any use of plea deals.	
15		B. Any individual found guilty of bargaining a plea deal and therefore in	
16		violation of this legislation will be fined up to \$10,000, depending on	
17		severity. Individuals will also be subject to penalties including but not	
18		limited to disbarment for legal workers, sanctions for judicial officers,	
19		fines, etc.	
20		C. All current plea deals accepted prior to the legislation taking into	
21		effect will be accepted and appropriate.	
22	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on FY 2028. All laws in conflict with this	
23		legislation are hereby declared null and void.	
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by Mountain View High School.		

A Bill to revoke investors ability to purchase single-family homes to allow for more affordability of housing and promote homeownership

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Investor(s) shall not own any single-family homes or land for current
2		residential use.
3	SECTION 2.	Single-family home: A singular building functioning as having one person or
4		family live in it at a time.
5		Investor: A person, group, or entity who commits capital into property with
6		the expectation of receiving financial returns. A Landlord is not a
7	SECTION 3.	The US Department of Housing and Urban Development is responsible for
8		maintaining this law.
9		A. Upon violation of this law the property will be seized and sold by the US
10		Department of Housing and Urban Development at a reasonable price
11		that decreases by 1000 dollars per day it is on the market being limited
12		to a \$300,000 decrease.
13		B. The money gained from these properties will go to funding affordable
14		housing projects.
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with
16		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Capital High School.

A Bill to Require Colleges to Make Standardized Test Score Submission Optional

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Colleges can no longer require students to submit	
2	standardized test scores.		
3	SECTION 2.	Colleges shall be defined as a place of higher education	
4	offering undergraduate programs. Standardized tests shall be defined as		
5	the SAT and ACT.		
6	SECTION 3.	The Department of Education and the Internal Revenue	
7	Service (IRS) will oversee enforcement along with the specific enforcement		
8	mechanism.		
9	A. Violation o	of this law will result in a loss of both tax exemption status	
10	and research grants coming from federal funding for public and private		
11	colleges.		
12	B. The mone	y collected from these fines will be used to fund public and	
	private co	lleges that comply with this law.	
	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2025. All laws in	
	conflict with t	his legislation are hereby declared null and void.	

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bishop Kelly High School.

A Bill to Mandate Oral Communications as a Graduation Requirement

- ¹ BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- ² **SECTION 1**. All high school students in the United States shall be required to
- 3 complete an oral communications or speech course as a condition for high school
- ⁴ graduation.
- ⁵ **SECTION 2**. A. An oral communications or speech course is defined as a class focusing
- on public speaking, effective communication skills, active listening, and rhetorical
- ⁷ techniques.
- 8 B. This requirement applies to all public high schools in the United States as well as for
- ⁹ private schools to maintain accreditation.
- 10 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of Education shall oversee the implementation of
- this requirement, with states developing specific curricula in accordance with federal
- ¹² guidelines.
- A. Funding for this mandate will be provided through existing federal education
- grants and additional appropriations approved by Congress. States may apply for
- supplemental funding as needed to support teacher training and resources.
- SECTION 4. This requirement shall go into effect for students entering high school in
- the academic year following the passage of this bill.
- SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

 Introduced for Congressional Debate by Middleton High School.

A Bill to Require School Districts to Use Curriculums Supported by the Science of Reading

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 SECTION 1.	All public schools must utilize reading curriculums based upon the	
3	science of reading and furthermore discontinue use of curriculums using	
4	three-cueing. School districts will be required to prepare and submit a	
5	report regarding how their curriculum is supported by scientific evidence	
6	in alignment of science of reading concepts as reported by the	
7	Department of Education.	
8 SECTION 2.	"Science of reading" is defined by the Department of Education as the	
9	findings from thousands of research studies across multiple disciplines	
10	that have converged to teach how the brain learns to read and write, and	
11	why some students experience difficulty with these tasks. "Three-cueing"	
12	is the approach that encourages children to guess words based on clues	
13	like context and pictures.	
14 SECTION 3.	The Department of Education will oversee the enforcement of this bill.	
15	a) Federal funding will be withheld from all public school districts	
16	that are found noncompliant with this legislation.	
17 SECTION 4.	The curriculum must be updated by the 2028 school year.	
18 SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	
Introduced for Congressional Debate by Boise High School.		

A Bill to Require Political Nominees to Sign an Affidavit to Prevent the Spread of Misinformation

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	This bill will require people running for any political office to sign an Affidavit to not spread any misinformation, before being allowed to run.	
4 5 6 7	SECTION 2.	Political Office can be any sort of elected position in the government. An Affidavit is a written statement, confirmed by oath or affirmation, for use as evidence in court. Misinformation is any sort of information that can be proven false by multiple different sources.	
8 9	SECTION 3.	The Federal Election Commission (FEC) will work in collaboration with the Department of State (DOS) as Dual Enforcers of this bill.	
10 11		A. The FEC will create a council to decide specific misinformation cases. The council will be created after the passing of this bill.	
12 13 14		B. Any Nominees breaking this law will be fined \$10,000 for their first offence, second offenders will be fined \$50,000, and third offenders will be removed from national/state ballots.	
15 16	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1 st , 2028. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	
17			
18	Introduced to	Congressional Debate by Meridian High School	

A Bill to Alter the Ages Eligible for Jury Duty

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	The minimum age to be required to report for jury service will be raised	
3		to 25 years old, and the maximum will be instated as 65.	
4	SECTION 2.	Jury duty or jury service is defined as service as a juror in a legal	
5		proceeding.	
6	SECTION 3.	This legislation will take effect on June 1st, 2025. Those already serving	
7		jury duty during the period the legislation takes effect will complete thei	
8		time on jury duty.	
9	SECTION 4.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void	

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Columbia High School.

A Bill to Require Paid Internships

1	BE IT ENACTE	D BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1.	Upon passage, all internships run by either governmental or private		
3		industries must be paid the minimum wage as well as overtime.		
4		Employers may substitute payment with a stipend or scholarships that		
5		pays for schooling in equal regulation to an hourly wage.		
6	SECTION 2.	An internship shall be defined as the position of a student or trainee who		
7		works in an organization in order to gain work experience or satisfy		
8		requirements for a qualification. Minimum wage will be defined federally		
9		as \$7.25. And a stipend will be defined as a fixed regular sum paid as a		
10		salary or allowance.		
11	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Department of Labor will oversee the implementation of this bill		
12		A. Companies found refusing to pay interns will be fined equal to		
13		that of the unpaid wage along with providing proper		
14		compensation to the unpaid intern.		
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026.		
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.		
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by Renaissance High School.			

A Bill to Enforce the Right to Repair

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Manufacturers of the covered equipment must provide owners and
2		independent repair providers with the necessary tools, parts, software, and
3		documentation for repair, maintenance, or diagnostics.
4	SECTION 2.	Covered Equipment refers to consumer electronics, automotive equipment,
5		machinery, and farm equipment. This includes, but is not limited to,
6		consumer electronics such as smartphones, laptops, home appliances, and
7		powered wheelchairs; automotive equipment, including motorized vehicles
8		and machinery used for transportation or heavy-duty operations; machinery
9		encompassing equipment used in industrial, construction, or manufacturing
10		settings; and agricultural equipment, including machinery, vehicles, and
11		tools used in farming activities.
12	SECTION 3.	A) The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) will oversee the enforcement of
13		this bill and investigate complaints about non-compliance.
14		B) Manufacturers will be fined \$10,000 for every day they are in
15		non-compliance. Also, for repeated or severe violations, the FTC may
16		recommend suspending the manufacturer's business license.
17	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2026. All laws in conflict
18		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ridgevue High School

A Resolution to Dissolve The Group of Seven

1	WHEREAS,	The Group of Seven, also known as the G7, has become ineffective; and	
2	WHEREAS,	The Group of Seven does not accurately represent the world nor does it	
3		accomplish its purpose; and	
4	WHEREAS,	The world has the Group of Twenty, also known as the G20, to rely on	
5		and depend on for addressing major economic issues, and to accurately	
6		represent the leaders of the world's economy; and	
7	RESOLVED,	That the Congress here assembled make the following recommendation	
8		for a solution; and, be it that the Group of Seven be officially dissolved.	
	Introduced for Congressional Debate by Skyview High School.		

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Create the 28th Amendment

1	RESULVED,	By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the
2	following art	icle is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the
3	United States	s, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the
4	Constitution	when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the
5	several state	s within seven years from the date of its submission by the
6	Congress:	
7		ARTICLE
8	SECTION 1:	No person can run for President of the United States, Vice
9		President of the United States, or be nominated for a
10		president's cabinet if they have been found guilty of any
11		crime(s), felony or misdemeanor, through a United States
12		Court. A president or executive of the cabinet who has
13		committed a crime(s) in office, and found guilty by a
14		sovereign court of the United States is to be immediately
15		impeached, and face appropriate punishments for their
16 17		crime(s). A president accused of a crime before or
17		throughout their presidency may not interfere in or with th
18 19		
20		investigation of that or any related crimes, or the
21		investigation of any other executives. The president is
22		bound to all laws of the United States, there is no immunity
23		for the President of the United States and their cabinet
24		officers. The Attorney General may not suspend any
_ · 25		investigation(s) against the executive office before its
26		conclusion .
27	SECTION 2:	The powers to pardon federal officials for crimes done in
28		office is hereby revoked.
	SECTION 3:	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by
		appropriate legislation.