**RESOLUTION A**

A RESOLUTION TO BAN PRICE GOUGING

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 WHEREAS, The recent increase in the amount and destructive nature of weather related disasters, which are followed by dramatic price increases in impacted areas (often labelled “price gouging”), has led States to enact a number of limits on what businesses can charge for their products and services.

2 WHEREAS, Legislation in the various states to ban or limit “price gouging” is neither uniform nor consistent, and furthermore because “price gouging” impacts virtually every person residing in the United States it is necessary that the US Government address the issue; therefore be it

3 RESOLVED by this Student Congress here assembled that:

4 The Congress of the United States shall enact the

5 “Price Gouging Prevention Act of 2024”;

**BILL B**

**A BILL TO ESTABLISH A FEDERAL RIGHT TO STRIKE FOR ALL PUBLIC EMPLOYEES**

SECTION 1. For all public employees working in the United States who not covered by the National Labor Relations Act of 1935, the right to strike is hereby allowed; and,

SECTION 2. Public Employees shall be defined as any persons whether employed, appointed, or under contract, who provide services for the federal government; or, for a state, county, city, or other political subdivision for which compensation is paid, including, but not limited to teachers, postal workers, and transportation workers. Public Employee does not include any person elected to public office, any member of legislative council, or any person holding an appointive statutory office; and

SECTION 3. The National Labor Relations Board will oversee the implementation and enforcement of this bill. The National Labor Relations Board will apply the same directives provided for under the National Labor Relations Act of 1935 to all public employees covered under this bill; and

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025.

SECTION 5 All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

**RESOLUTION C**

A RESOLUTION TO URGE ALL STATES TO ENACT LAWS BANNING THE USE OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE IN PREPARING POLICE REPORTS

1 WHEREAS, The preparation of an accurate police report based on personal observations and writings of the police officer is essential to the integrity of our criminal justice system, and

2 WHEREAS, An inaccurate report can harm both the people’s interest in obtaining a just conviction and the accused’s interests in retaining and exercising their Constitutional rights, and

3 WHEREAS AI technology to assist in writing police reports has been adopted in some jurisdictions, which has far reaching effects for our criminal justice system, and

4 WHEREAS It is necessary that a fair, uniform, and Constitutional system of documenting accusations of criminal behavior in a police report be adopted in the United States

5 RESOLVED by this Student Congress here assembled that:

6 The use of AI in preparing policy reports hinders the administration of Justice

7 and may violate the Constitution, therefore all policing jurisdictions in the

8 United States, including local and state law enforcement agencies, should

9 ban the use AI in the generation of police reports.

**BILL D**

A BILL TO REDUCE LIGHT POLLUTION

BE IT ENACTED BY THIS STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

**SECTION 1**. All buildings in the United States shall be required to shield light downward.

1. All buildings in the United States will be required to have lights with a kelvin rating of 3000 K or less.
2. Buildings that require non-complying lights for navigation, safety, or construction purposes will be exempt from the provisions of this bill.

**SECTION 2**. Definitions

1. Kelvin ratings will be defined as a measure of temperature as defined by the International System of Units (SI).
2. Shielded down will be defined as having a cap or barrier above the light that blocks light from going into the sky.

**SECTION 3**. This bill will be enforced by the Environmental Protection Agency. All non-complying individuals or entities will be fined $25 for the first offense per non-compliant light fixture and $50 per light fixture for future offenses.

**SECTION 4**. This legislation will take effect January 1, 2028.

**SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.