

A Bill to Ban Inequalities and Disparities in the Enforcement of Neurological and Physical Health of the President (BIDEN Act)

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THIS UIL CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States Office of the Physician to the President shall make a
3 report of the President's health and present it to Congress every 6
4 months and shall immediately notify Congress if the President is visited
5 by a specialist.

6 **SECTION 2.** Report- a document revealing the results of any and all health
7 assessments given to the President. Specialist- a health professional who
8 is licensed in a specific area of practice.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Government Accountability Office and White House Military Office
10 shall see the implementation of this bill.

11 A. The White House Military Office shall not alter their reports in any
12 manner to construe the President as more or less fit than they really
13 are.

14 B. If the Office does not comply with this bill, it shall immediately lose all
15 of its funding and be disbanded.

16 C. The Government Accountability Office shall conduct random
17 inspections of the White House Military Office, or upon Congressional
18 demand, and immediately report to Congress any infractions or
19 violations of this law that the White House Military Office partook in.

20 **SECTION 4.** This bill shall go into effect January 1st, 2025.

21 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for UIL Congressional Debate by United High School.

A Bill to Codify US Supreme Court Ethical Standards

1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2. **SECTION 1.** Members of the United States Supreme Court will be required
3. to adhere to prescribed judicial codes of conduct governing
4. other federal court systems.
5. **SECTION 2.** Under this Code of Conduct, Justices will file a public financial
6. disclosure report that includes:
7. **D.** All personal financial gains, including gifts in excess of \$100, along
8. with the sources of the gains.
9. **E.** Income and investments by members of the Justice's immediate
10. family.
11. **F.** Perform the duties of office fairly, impartially, and diligently.
12. **G.** Recuse from cases in which there is an appearance of impropriety.
13. **H.** Refrain from political activity.
14. **I.** Avoid extrajudicial activities that would be inconsistent with the
15. obligations of office.
16. **SECTION 3.** The Administrative Office of the US Courts will oversee
17. enforcement of these standards. Violations of these standards
18. may be reported to the Administration Office (AO) for
19. investigation. Justices found in violation of these standards
20. may be subject to any or all of the following:
21. **J.** Mandatory recusal from any participation in cases in question.
22. **K.** Suspension of duties for a specified period of time.
23. **L.** Referral to Congress with recommendation for impeachment.
24. **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage.
25. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null
26. and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the TFA

A Bill to Ban Homeowner Associations

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** All Homeowner Associations (HOAs) are hereby banned.

3 **SECTION 2.** HOAs will be defined as an organization in a subdivision, planned community, or
4 condominium building that makes and enforces rules for the properties and residents.

5 **SECTION 3.** The United States Department of Housing and Urban Development will oversee the
6 implementation of this bill.

7 A. Any person that starts an HOA will be charged with a fine up to five-thousand
8 dollars (\$5,000).

9 B. The Department of Justice will oversee this legislation.

10 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025.

11 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Admit Guam as the 51st U.S. State

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Guam shall be admitted into the United States as a state and be on equal footing with other states in all respects.

SECTION 2. The State of Guam shall consist of all islands and territorial waters presently under the jurisdiction of the territory of Guam.

SECTION 3. The Federal Election Commission (FEC) and Congress shall oversee implementation of this legislation.

A. The FEC shall allocate 2 Senate seats and 3 Electors to Guam. Additionally, Guam's current non-voting delegate in the House of Representatives shall be given voting status.

B. Congress shall approve the state constitution proposed by the Legislature of Guam and delegate all other matters of implementation to the appropriate government agency.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall immediately go into effect.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Implement Medicare For All

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The United States will adopt the Medicare For All Act of 2022 and provide comprehensive
3 healthcare to all U.S. residents.

4 **SECTION 2.** Comprehensive healthcare will be outlined under the Medicare For All Act of 2022.

5 A. Medicare For All will be a national health insurance program.

6 B. Medicare For All will cover items and services that are medically necessary to
7 maintain health, including prescription drugs, mental health and substance abuse
8 treatment, dental and vision services, and long-term care.

9 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Health and Human Services will oversee the implementation of this
10 legislation. The Internal Revenue Service will oversee the funding for Medicare For All.

11 A. Medicare For All will be funded through a wealth tax.

12 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025.

13 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Reduce SRO Presence in Schools

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. K-12 schools funded by the federal government shall reduce the number of School Resource Officers (SROs) to a maximum of 1 per school. All SROs shall be required to comply with specific requirements as laid out below:

A. SROs shall not be dressed in a standard police uniform, instead they should wear plain clothes with the logo of the police department on the officer's shirt.

B. SROs shall practice concealed carrying of weapons.

C. SROs shall undertake extensive training including but not limited to youth crisis intervention training, trauma informed care, cultural competence, and mental health training.

D. SROs shall not have a working office within school buildings.

E. An impartial committee appointed by the state and approved by the Department of Education shall review any circumstance where a crime or delinquent act has been committed.

SECTION 2. SROs shall be defined as a police officer who works in schools with the power to arrest.

SECTION 3. Any potential funding needed for this bill to pay for training, uniforms, stipends, etc. shall be allocated from the Department of Defense.

SECTION 4. The states shall be responsible for enforcement of legislation within school districts.

SECTION 5. The Department of Education shall conduct random checks every three months beginning five months after implementation of this legislation to ensure compliance. Any states not in compliance with this legislation shall lose 5% of their federal education funding.

SECTION 6. This legislation will take effect on August 1, 2025.

SECTION 7. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Dissolve The Space Force

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The United States Federal Government shall dissolve The Space Force by implementing the following measures to ensure a safe transition and still maintain national security by directly funding innovation:

A. Within a 5-year period, the Office of Personnel Management will help transition the 14,000 current employees from the Space Force to other vacant positions or the private sector.

B. After 5 years, the remaining bases and facilities will be distributed between the Air Force and the Department of Defense, and the budget is to be absorbed by the Treasury.

C. Private space companies and NASA can take loans to implement safety and security measures on their satellites and spacecraft and can pay the loan back with 5% interest after 5 years.

SECTION 2. Definitions and Inclusions

A. Private space companies include corporations that have successfully put objects or people into orbit in space.

B. Safety and security measures include jammer technology, cybersecurity defenses, and properly tested alloys.

SECTION 3. The Department of Defense will help organize loans and send officials to give reports on the security and safety of a satellite or spacecraft. NASA will enforce this by creating more in-depth guidelines on security and safety measures.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect beginning FY 2025.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Ban Medical Patents

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. All medical patents shall hereby be nullified, and the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office shall be restricted from issuing any and all medical patents in the future. The National Institutes of Health (NIH) shall be allocated an additional 60 billion dollars per year to finance the research and development done by the pharmaceutical industry.

SECTION 2. Medical patents shall be defined as patents on any medication, medical device, or medical process that prevent other competitors from producing similar medications, devices, or processes.

SECTION 3. The U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, the Department of Commerce, and the Department of Health and Human Services shall oversee the enforcement of this legislation.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2025.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Item 30 - A Bill to Eliminate the Defense of Qualified Immunity in Civil Actions for Individual Rights

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** The United States Government shall eliminate the doctrine of qualified
2 immunity as a response to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 in civil lawsuits to warrant against
3 justified police misconduct and the deprivation of individual rights.

4 **SECTION 2.** Defendants under Section 1 will no longer be able to use qualified immunity as
5 justification for not being held liable for constitutional violations, including if:

6 A. The defendant was acting in good faith or believed that his or her conduct was
7 lawful at the time it was committed;

8 B. The immunity secured under the constitution was not clearly established at
9 the time of their deprivation; or

10 C. The state of the law was such that the defendant could not have reasonably
11 been expected to know whether his or her conduct was lawful.

12 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice will oversee the implementation of this bill and
13 ensure fair and impartial decisions in such jurisdictions.

14 A. Any government individuals found in violation of 42 U.S.C. § 1983 will be
15 subject to civil penalties not exceeding \$10,000 for first convictions.

16 B. Subsequent violations will be subject to civil penalties not exceeding \$50,000
17 with possible discharge from government positions.

18 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025.

19 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by London High School.