## A Bill to Protect Federal Employees from Abusive Termination

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	Federal employees cannot be fired without just cause. Employees facing
2		termination will be entitled to:
3	1. A w	ritten notice explaining why they are being fired.
4	2. A m	inimum of 60 days to appeal the decision to the House Oversight Committee
5	and	the Senate Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs Committee.
6	SECTION 2.	
7	1. Just	cause shall be defined as, and be limited to;
8		a. Failure to meet clearly defined performance standards after documented
9		feedback and an opportunity to improve.
10		b. Misconduct, discrimination, or violations of federal law or agency policy.
11		i. Discrimination is defined as actions or practices that adversely
12		affect an individual's employment opportunities or status based on
13		a protected characteristic, as defined under federal law.
14		c. Actions that jeopardize workplace safety or public trust in the agency.
15		d. Repeated refusal to follow lawful instructions after written warnings.
16	2. Fed	eral employee' is defined as an individual employed in or under a Federal
17	age	ncy.
18	SECTION 3.	The above Congressional committees shall:
19	1. Crea	ate and manage a fair appeals process, which cannot deny any federal
20	emp	ployee their rights under this bill.
21	2. Rev	iew all appealed termination proposals to ensure compliance with this Bill.
22	3. Hole	d hearings, if necessary, to determine the validity of a termination.
23	4. By <b>N</b>	Majority vote, issue binding decisions approving or rejecting terminations.
24		a. If one committee votes to reject a terminations than, the termination shall
25		no longer be valid, regardless how the other committee votes
26	5. If ne	eeded, designate a subcommittee to manage this process, which shall have all
27	of t	he above powers.
28	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect 30 days after the passage of this bill. All laws
		in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

## A Bill to Amend the Uniform Time Act to Eliminate Daylight Saving Time

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- **SECTION 1.** To establish year-round Standard time, the Uniform Time Act shall be amended to discontinue the practice of Daylight Saving Time on a federal level.
- **SECTION 2.** The implementation of this bill shall be overseen by the Department of Transportation.
- **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.
- **SECTION 4.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by BASIS Flagstaff.

## A Bill to Establish Blind Justice

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All U.S. jurors shall be prevented from viewing criminal defendants. This is
2		to prevent racial, gendered, or social biases from affecting their verdict.
3	SECTION 2.	For the purposes of this legislation, "criminal defendants" are defined as
4		individuals being prosecuted in state or federal court.
5	SECTION 3.	The Judicial Conference of the United States and each state's supreme
6		court will administer this law in their respective jurisdictions. The House
7		and Senate judiciary committees will provide oversight.
8	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2027. All laws in conflict with
9		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by BASIS Flagstaff.

## A Bill to Redirect Federal Grants to Fund Trade Schools

	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
1	SECTION 1.	20% of all federal college grants and scholarships shall be redirected to	
2		grants and scholarships for trade schools, as determined by the	
3		Department of Education.	
4	SECTION 2.		
5	1. A "tra	de school" is defined as an educational institution approved by a State	
6	agenc	ry or subdivision of the State, or accredited by a State-recognized or	
7	nation	nally recognized accrediting body to provide technical, trade, or vocational	
8	trainiı	ng, as stated in 20 CFR § 411.167.	
9	2. A "gra	ant" is defined as a financial award provided by the government for the	
10	purpo	se of seeking higher education that does not require repayment.	
11	3. A "sch	nolarship" is defined as any financial award given to a student based on	
12	acade	emic merit, financial need, or other criteria, which does not require	
13	repay	ment.	
14	merit, financi	ial need, or other criteria, which does not require repayment.	
15	SECTION 3.	The Department of Education shall oversee the enforcement of this bill.	
16		The Department shall determine which college grants and scholarships will	
17		be terminated and what new programs will be created for trade schools.	
18	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall take effect on June 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with	
19		this legislation are hereby declared null and void	
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Brophy College Prep.

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### A Bill to Repeal PAFACA and Save TikTok

1 B	BE IT	ENACTED BY	THE CONGRESS	HERE ASSEMBLED:
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- SECTION 1. Congress hereby repeals the 2024 Protecting Americans from Foreign Adversary Controlled
  Applications Act (PAFACA).
- 4 **SECTION 2.** Consequently, ByteDance Ltd. and its subsidiaries, including TikTok, shall no longer be banned within the United States and its territories, regardless of whether or not those entities are divested as previously stipulated by PAFACA.
- 7 **SECTION 3.** This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.
- 8 **SECTION 4.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



### **A Bill to Mandate AI Watermarks**

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
2	SECTION 1.	Any content created using artificial intelligence (AI) within the United States and its
3		territories is required to encode a watermark that allows for easy detection of the fact that
4		Al was used. All foreign Al content creation services are required to abide by this same
5		requirement in order to do business in the United States.
6	SECTION 2.	Any domestic business found to be in violation of this legislation shall be fined $$50,000$ for
7		each infraction, with five or more infractions in a twelve-month period resulting in a five-
8		year suspension of that business' licensure. Any international business found to be in
9		violation of this legislation shall immediately and permanently be banned from doing
10		business in the United States.
11	SECTION 3.	This legislation shall be overseen by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC), which
12		shall be additionally responsible for determining what specific form these watermarks take
13		and communicating those standards to Al-content producers.
14	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall take effect on July 1, 2025.
15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



## A Bill for a Green District of Columbia

1	BE IT ENACT	ED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED:
2	SECTION 1.	By the year 2030, the District of Columbia (Washington, D.C.) shall be entirely powered
3		through local renewable energy, namely a combination of wind and solar power.
4	SECTION 2.	Solar panels and wind turbines shall be constructed on federal lands throughout
5		Washington, D.C., in order to achieve this goal. Private citizens and business owners who
6		agree to allow construction of solar panels or wind turbines on their property shall be
7		$compensated\ accordingly\ for\ their\ cooperation\ with\ this\ initiative-for\ costs\ incurred\ in$
8		construction and maintenance as well as for any power they subsequently feed into the
9		grid.
10	SECTION 3.	Congress shall ensure adequate funding is provided for the achievement of this goal.
11	SECTION 4.	This legislation shall be overseen by the Council of the District of Columbia.
12	SECTION 5.	This legislation shall take effect immediately upon passage.
13	SECTION 6.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.



## A Resolution to Encourage the Recognition of Western Sahara

1	WHEREAS	Principles of self-determination and democracy, which we in the United States claim to hold
2		dear, demand that we support Indigenous peoples seeking self-government, as the Sahrawi
3		people have long been attempting to do with the state of the Sahrawi Arab Democratic
4		Republic, commonly referred to as Western Sahara; and
5	WHEREAS	International law and cooperation similarly demands that we respect and uphold the 1975
6		International Court of Justice Advisory Opinion on Western Sahara which found that
7		Morocco has no right to rule over Western Sahara if the Sahrawi wish to govern
8		themselves; and
9	WHEREAS	Recognition of Western Sahara would have positive consequences in terms of
10		humanitarianism and local geopolitical stability, while also opening up strategic economic
11		and defense opportunities for the United States in the region; now, therefore be it
12	RESOLVED	by the Congress here assembled that the Executive Branch is strongly encouraged to
13		recognize the Sahrawi Arab Democratic Republic and to establish an embassy in El Aaiún as
14		soon as is practicable; and be it
15	FURTHER R	<b>ESOLVED</b> that Congress encourages the rest of the international community to make haste
16		in following suit.



# A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Revoke the Presidential Power to Pardon

1	RESOLVED,	That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United
2		States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
3		$ratified \ by \ the \ legislatures \ of \ three-fourths \ of \ the \ several \ states \ within \ seven \ years \ from$
4		the date of its submission by the Congress:
5		ARTICLE —
6	SECTION 1.	The power of the President to "grant Reprieves and Pardons for Offences against the
7		United States" (as described in Article II, Section 1 of the Constitution) shall be
8		unconditionally revoked.
9	SECTION 2.	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.



## A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Establish a Right to Healthcare

1	RESOLVED,	That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United
2		States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
3		ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from
4		the date of its submission by the Congress:
5		ARTICLE —
6	SECTION 1.	All citizens of the United States and its territories are henceforth entitled to comprehensive
7		healthcare free of charge.
8	SECTION 2.	Comprehensive healthcare shall include at minimum preventative, urgent, and emergency
9		care in the areas of traditional healthcare, dental care, ophthalmological care, and
10		behavioral healthcare.
11	SECTION 3.	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.