This is the Bronx Science and Byram Hills Bill Packet

Version 2.0

(EMAIL ME IF ANYTHING IS MISSING)

added additional P-Ville Bill

The docket discussion is at

Bit.ly/31jKxi5

Please get changes to me immediately. It will close next Monday night 10/21.

PRE

A Bill to Provide a Pathway to Citizenship for American Service Members

1	BE II ENACIED	BY THE CONG	KESS HEKE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2		SECTION 1.	All migrants arriving in the United States who meet all
3		qualifications	for military service excluding lawful permanent residence in
4		the United Sta	ates will be given the option to join the military upon arrival
5		to this countr	y. After a minimum of six years of military service, they will
6		be offered cit	izenship to the United States.
7		SECTION 2.	"Military service" refers to any type of employment within
8		the six branch	nes of the United States Armed Forces, including both
9		combat and n	on combat roles in the Armed Forces. These six years of
10		military servio	ce must be completed consecutively. "Qualifications for
11		military servio	ce" will be measured after an optional intensive education
12		program in Er	nglish language skills.
13		SECTION 3.	The Department of Defense will oversee the
14		implementati	on of this legislation and the creation of a specific military
15		agency to ove	rsee the pathway for persons lacking a lawful permanent
16		resident statu	is to join the US armed forces. The Department of Homeland
17		Security will o	versee the legal pathway to citizenship for these service
18		members follo	owing their required military employment. The Department
19		of Defense wi	ll be allocated an additional 40 billion dollars to implement
20		this legislation	n. The Department of Homeland Security will be given an
21		additional 15	billion dollars towards the implementation of this bill.
22		SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025. All laws
23		in conflict wit	h this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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A Bill to Grant Citizenship to DACA Students to Provide Pathways to Permanent Residency

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2 3 4 5 6	SECTION 1. All individuals who qualify under the Deferred Action for Childhood Arrivals (DACA) program shall be granted U.S. citizenship after completing a five-year permanent residency period, contingent upon meeting background checks and other requirements established by the Department of Homeland Security (DHS).
7 8 9	SECTION 2. A. DACA Students shall be defined as individuals currently enrolled or previously enrolled in the DACA program. B. Permanent residency shall be defined as lawful status allowing an individual to reside and work in the United States for an extended period while maintaining a path toward.
10 11	and work in the United States for an extended period while maintaining a path toward citizenship.
12 13 14 15 16 17 18	SECTION 3. The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) shall oversee the implementation of this acconducting background checks, eligibility reviews, and issuing citizenship status. 1. U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services (USCIS) shall process all applications under this bill. 2. Applicants must complete background checks and fulfill educational or employment requirements during the permanent residency period. SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect in January 2026. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Pace High School.

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A Bill to Reduce Corporate Emissions

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1. Corporations who fail to significantly decrease their carbon emissions by 2035 must purchase carbon credits to offset their excess emissions.
- "Carbon Credits" are tradable permits representing the right to emit one metric ton of carbon dioxide or its equivalent. These credits are typically purchased to offset carbon emissions by funding projects that aim to reduce carbon emissions elsewhere. A significant decrease in emissions shall be defined as a 25% overall reduction in a company's carbon emissions from 2025 to 2035.
- SECTION 3. The Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) shall work in conjunction with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) to oversee the implementation of this bill.
 - A. Corporations shall be required to submit annual reports to the EPA detailing their carbon emissions and efforts to reduce their emissions.
 - B. Corporations will be forced to purchase carbon credits valued at \$20 per metric ton of excess carbon emissions if they fail to significantly decrease their emissions by 2035.
- **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Holden Nelson, Regis High School.

A BILL TO TAX UNIVERSITY ENDOWMENTS

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- **SECTION 1.** The Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (TCJA) shall be amended to increase the tax on investment income for private colleges & universities and lower the threshold for being subject to said tax.
- **SECTION 2.** (A) Private colleges with endowments in excess of \$250,000 per student shall be subject to an annual excise amounting to 10% of their net investment profits.
 - (B) This tax shall replace the tax established by the TCJA of 1.4% on institutions with endowments in excess of \$500,000 per student.
- **SECTION 3.** The Department of the Treasury shall be tasked with the enforcement of this legislation.
- **SECTION 4.** This bill will go into effect January 1st, 2026.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Xavier High School

A Bill to Require Military Emissions Reporting to Invest in Clean Energy

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The DOD Office of the Inspector General will be tasked with annually		
2		reporting the United States military's carbon emissions. For every 5 million		
3		metric tons emitted, 2 million dollars will be redacted from the Defense		
4		Budget and invested into renewable energy.		
5		A. The Program/Budget organization will be tasked with removing 2		
6		million dollars from the defense budget per 5 million metric tons of		
7		carbon emitted.		
8	SECTION 2.	Carbon emissions will be reported using greenhouse gas emissions data		
9		and as specified under 40 CFR Part 98. Renewable energy includes but is		
10		not limited to solar energy, wind energy, and geothermal energy.		
11		A. 40 CFR Part 98 is the EPA's code of federal regulations for emissions		
12		reporting as implemented in the Greenhouse Gas Reporting		
13		Program.		
14		B. The EPA will use all collected funds to invest in renewable energy.		
15		a. The EPA Office of the Inspector General will conduct an annual		
16		audit to ensure that renewable energy is progressing and		
17		money is being used effectively.		
18	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with		
19		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.		

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Loyola School.

A Bill To Regulate Student Loans

Be it enacted by the Congress here assembled that:

Section 1: All government contracts with private loan servicers will be terminated.

A. Private Loan Servicers are defined as companies that provide services regarding the payment of federal student loans on behalf of the ED.

Section 2: US Department of Education (ED) will receive \$10 billion dollars to establish a loan servicing program for student borrowers.

- A. The funding of the legislation will come out of the annual Department of Defense budget.
- B. Student borrowers are defined as individuals that employ the use of federal student loans.
- C. Loan services are defined as any service the ED offers to aid in paying off loans.

Section 3: The ED shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.

- A. The ED will create a specialized subdivision to provide loan servicing to student borrowers.
- B. The ED will receive an additional \$1 billion annually in funding to aid with the development of said subdivision.

Section 4: This legislation will take effect in F.Y. 2025. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null & void.

Introduced For Congressional Debate By Stuyvesant High School

A Bill to Tax Ammunition Now (TAN)

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1			SECTION 1.	Seeing as gun violence in the United States has been on the
2			rise as of late,	Congress will hereby increase sales taxes on ammunition to
3			50% the sale p	price of each cartridge of ammunition.
4			SECTION 2.	Sales tax is defined as a tax levied by the government on the $% \left\{ 1,2,\ldots ,n\right\}$
5			sale of goods	or services.
6			SECTION 3.	This bill will be enforced by the United States Department of
7			Treasury and t	the National Security Agency.
8	a.	Three	years following	the passing of this bill, the National Security Agency and the
9		Depart	tment of Financ	ce will make a joint report on its effectiveness.
10	b.	All mo	ney collected f	rom taxes will go towards the funding of a national gun
11		buyba	ck program.	
12			SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2025. All laws
13			in conflict with	h this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Pleasantville High School..

A Bill to Designate Mexico as a Major Non-NATO Ally

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- **SECTION 1.** Mexico will be designated by the United States as a Major Non-Nato Ally.
- **SECTION 2.** Mexico will attain the military and financial advantages otherwise unattainable by non-Nato countries.
- SECTION 3. Cooperative research and development agreements can be enacted between the

 United States and Mexico by the secretary of defense in agreement with the secretary of state.
- **SECTION 4.** All legislation in conflict with Mexico's designation as a non-Nato ally are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Pelham Memorial High School Congress

A Bill To End Police Chokeholds Nationwide

- **SECTION 1.** The U.S Federal Government should outright ban the use of chokeholds for police officers through all 50 states in the United States
- **SECTION 2.** "Chokehold" is defined as a restraining hold in which one person encircles the neck of another in a viselike grip with the arm, usually approaching from behind.
- **SECTION 3.** Police have implemented different strategies to do a proper chokehold, such as a carotid restraint and chokehold, however these strategies are frowned upon.
- **SECTION 4.** The US Department of Justice will oversee the implementation and oversight of this bill.
- **A.** The DOJ will work with Internal Affairs departments in all 50 states to make sure this bill is upheld.
- B. Failure to comply with this bill will result in a 25% reduction in state funding.
- **SECTION 5.** This bill will become effective January of 2026.
- SECTION 6. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void 23

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Pace High School.

TARIFF ON UNTAXED FOREIGN SERVICES ACT

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- **SECTION 1**. Since services are not presently subject to tariffs in the same manner as tangible imports, the United States shall instate a tariff on services to support American jobs and raise revenue.
- **SECTION 2.** "Services" shall be here defined as labor provided by a foreign-based individual or entity for monetary compensation which does not produce physical commodities.
- SECTION 3. This bill would institute a 15% tariff on imported services, with 25% of the revenue generated by this bill going toward funding the International Trade Commission in addition to funding the enforcement of this legislation.
- **SECTION 4.** The Bureau of Customs and Border Protection will be responsible for the enforcement of this legislation.
- **SECTION 5.** This bill will go into effect January 1st, 2026.
- SECTION 6. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Xavier High School

A Bill to Decriminalize Recreational Drugs

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	Section 1: All recreational drugs will be decriminalized.
2	Section 2: A drug is defined as a medicine or other substance which has a
3	physiological effect when ingested or otherwise introduced into the body.
4	A recreational drug is defined as a drug taken for enjoyment, rather than for
3	strictly medicinal purposes. Decriminalization, not
6	legalization: While recreational drug possession for personal use is
7	decriminalized, the production and sale of recreational drugs remain illegal.
8	Section 3: The Drug Enforcement Administration (DEA) will be dissolved and all
9	employees, funding, and resources will be allocated to the Department of Health
10	and Human Services (HHS).
11	Section 4: The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) will oversee the
12	implementation of this bill.
13	Section 5: This legislation will be implemented immediately upon passage. All
14	laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Hudson McBride of Loyola School

A Bill To Implement Congestion Pricing Nationwide

Be it enacted here by the Congress here assembled that:

- Section 1: Congestion Pricing shall be implemented in all U.S. Metropolitan areas.
 - A: Congestion Pricing shall be defined as a dynamic pricing strategy designed to regulate traffic and roadway use by charging a price to enter a certain area or use certain roadways.
 - B: U.S. metropolitan areas shall be defined areas recognized by the 2020 U.S. Census that has a population of at least 600,000 people.
- Section 2: Congestion Pricing Zones shall be implemented following the clauses:
 - A: Congestion Pricing Zones shall be created in downtown districts and the surrounding areas where the average speed during peak hours is less than 14 miles per hour. Highways and other equivalents are not exempt from congestion pricing.
 - B: The price of entry into a congestion pricing zone shall be \$10.00 per day.
 - C: Congestion Pricing shall be active Monday-Friday (except from 12:00 A.M. to 5:00 A.M.) and shall be active Saturday and Sunday (except from 12:00 A.M. to 5:00 A.M.) at half price.
 - D: All citizens that are under the poverty line can apply via their local public transit authority for a permanent 50% discount. All emergency service vehicles are exempt from paying congestion pricing.
- **Section 3:** The funds generated by congestion pricing in each metropolitan area will be allocated to said metropolitan area's public transit authority for maintenance, upgrades, and expansion of public transport.
- Section 4: If localities do not implement this bill the federal government will remove 75% of federal funding for that state's highways and road expenditures.
- **Section 5:** 5 billion dollars in funding for this legislation shall be allocated from the budget of the DOT. Any unused money will be allocated to local public transit authorities equally.
- **Section 6:** This legislation will be implemented by a joint effort between the DOT and state/local transit authorities.
- Section 7: All laws in conflict are hereby declared null and void.
- Section 8: This legislation will be implemented on October 1st, 2025.

Submitted for debate by Stuyvesant High School

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Section 1. Increase the tax break for companies based in America and operate in America by hiring US citizens from 6000 USD to 50000 USD if at least 70 percent of their workforce are American citizens

Section 2. Abolish tax incentives for hiring minorities to offset losses from higher tax breaks from said companies

Section 3. Punish companies that open up factories outside of the USA by raising taxes on their imports to America to 10 percent thus lowering their sales in America and incentivising them to open up jobs here

Section 4. Punish companies that specifically open up factories in China by raising their import tax to 30 percent thus making them very cautious to opening up in China

Section 5. Allow for CEO's whose companies employ more than 50 percent of non US citizens to have their US citizenship status revoked thus encouraging jobs to be given to Americans and to help fix the border crisis by pressuring large companies to stop hiring illegal immigrants

Respectfully Submitted, Pelham Memorial High School