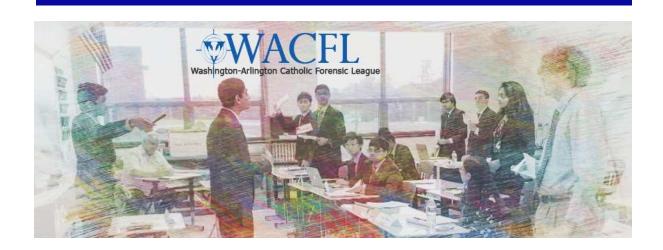


WACFL 1 - 2024 Student Congress Legislation Packet



October 12, 2024

Bill #D230 A Bill to Ban Religion in Public Schools

1 2	BE IT ENAC	TED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
3 4	Artcicle I:	All public schools must not have any religious affiliated symbols, art, or imagery in any classroom, not relating to the content being taught.
5	Article II:	Religious Imagery is defined (1. Visual art that is representational and
6		has a religious purpose, subject, or connection.), (2. Symbolism and
7		iconography used to convey religious concepts.), and (3. Icons and
8		symbols representing specific religions or concepts within a religion.)
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10	Artcile III:	The Department of Education will oversee the enforcement of this bill.11
11		1
12	Article IV:	This bill will be implemented upon its passage.
13	Article V:	All other laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared
14		null and void.

Respectfully Submitted,

Representative Steele and Representative Pietrafesa

Charles J. Colgan High School

Bill # D249 A Bill to Reduce Super PACs Influence

1	BE IT ENAC	CTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
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3	Article 1:	All independent expenditure-only political committees, also
4		known as Super Political Action Committees (PACs) will be charged
5		a 'Super PAC Tax' of 5% on every political purchase they make.
6	Article 2:	Political Action Committees (PACs) are tax-exempt organizations
7		that are prohibited from accepting contributions from federal
8		contractors and foreign nationals and cannot contribute directly to
9		candidates or political party committees. A super PAC may also
10		solicit and accept unlimited contributions, including from unions and
11		corporations to pay for its independent expenditures.
12	Article 3:	This bill will be implemented by the Federal Election Commission.
13	Article 4:	This bill will be implemented in February of 2025.
15	Article 5:	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and
16		void.

Respectfully Submitted, Representative Annabelle Bragdon Charles J. Colgan High School

Resolution D #307

A Resolution to Encourage the Separation of Religion and Education

WHEREAS, Several States' Boards of Education across the country are enforcing religious texts to be taught and put into practice in public schools; and

WHEREAS, Students who do not practice the religion that is mandated into the curriculum by the board of education will feel that they are being forced to assimilate and conform to the majority's religious beliefs in an environment that is supposed to be strictly educational, not religious; and

WHEREAS, The first amendment gives citizens the right to practice or to not practice any religion and the enforcement of religion in school violates that human right. That being said, the first amendment has supremacy over any state law; and

WHEREAS, The reasoning behind incorporating religion into the classroom is to teach students to conduct themselves according to the beliefs of the religion. This logic intertwines religion and education in a place where it is not appropriate because it might conflict personal beliefs;

THEREFORE Be it resolved by the Student Congress here assembled that: State Boards of Education should not mandate the practice of religion or display of religious texts in a non secular way in schools. Any religious group or prayer should be voluntary and undisruptive to students' learning.

Respectfully submitted,

Marissa Guzman

Stone Bridge High School

Bill # D416

A Bill to Ensure the Separation of Church and State in Public Education to Maintain a Secular Learning Environment

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1 .	All public schools in the United States shall be prohibited from
2		incorporating religious instruction, practices, or symbols in their curriculum
3		or school-sponsored events.
4	SECTION 2.	"Public schools" are defined as any educational institution funded and
5		administered by the state or federal government. "Religious instruction"
6		refers to teachings that promote or favor any particular religion or belief
7		system.
8	SECTION 3.	The Department of Education shall oversee enforcement of this legislation,
9		monitoring compliance through regular audits and reports submitted by
10		state education departments.
11		A. a. Non-compliant schools may face reductions in federal funding until
12		compliance is demonstrated.
13	SECTION 4.	The funding necessary for the enforcement of this bill shall come from the
14		existing Department of Education budget.
15	SECTION 5.	This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2025.
16	SECTION 6.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Create a Donation Cap for Political Campaigns

1	RESOLVED,	By two-thirds	of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is
2		proposed as a	n amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which
3		shall be valid	to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
4		ratified by the	e legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within
5		seven years fr	om the date of its submission by the Congress:
6			ARTICLE
7		SECTION 1:	A spending cap shall be created to stop the overspending of
8			donations by natural persons, candidates, and corporations
9			or companies. The donation cap shall be set in the general
10			election at \$5,000 for U.S. House of Representatives' races,
1112			\$10,000 for Senate races, and \$20,000 for presidential races.
13			The caps will be half of these values for primaries. The
14			government shall have a matching program and shall match
15			any donation with 3 times what the original donation was.
16		SECTION 2:	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by
17			appropriate legislation.

Respectfully Submitted,
Representative Rohan Tatlow
Alice Deal

D#851

Bill to Establish Religious Holidays on a Federal Level

Article I: United States Public Schools shall recognize all Bahá'í, Buddhist, Christian/Catholic, Eastern Orthodox/Christian, Hindu, Islam, Jain, Jewish, Persian and Sikh faiths religious holidays, deeming them religious observance days. Each school county will be responsible for determining if each holiday will be a day off or an observance day.

Article II: A religion is defined as a faith a group of people subscribe to with a system of faith and worship towards a supernatural power. An observance day is defined as a day when schools will not assign any assessments to students.

Article III: This legislation shall take effect on August 1st, 2025.

Article IV: The US Department of Education shall be responsible for enforcing this legislation.

Article V: All laws that are in conflict with this legislation shall hereby be declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Michelle Cerga and Asha Jha

Madison High School

Bill #D890

A Bill to Curb the Spread of Political Misinformation

- 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2. **ARTICLE 1.** Any social media company that does not regulate, flag, and/or remove political misinformation from its app or website within 48 hours of an initial report or notice shall be fined \$10,000. An additional \$2,000 will be fined for every 24 hours past the initial 48 hour period.
- 3. **ARTICLE 2.** "Social media company" shall be defined as websites and applications that enable users to create and share content or to participate in social networking. "Political misinformation" shall be defined as any information that consists of false rumors or misconceptions about an election, or targeted messages spread to purposely mislead voters.

4.

5. **ARTICLE 3.** The government agency in charge of enforcing this bill is the Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA)

6.

- 7. **ARTICLE 4.** No funding shall be required for this bill.
- 8. **ARTICLE 5.** This bill shall take effect immediately upon passing.
- 9. **ARTICLE 6.** All laws in conflict with this bill are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully Submitted,

Senators Korsunsky and Giri

Broad Run High School

Docket: Docket _ Legislation: Bill Area: Domestic Number: D1250

Leg Title: A Bill to Establish the Deep Fake Technology Regulation Act

Line00: Be it enacted Line01: Article I: The creation and distribution of deep fake videos Line02: for malicious intent, including Line03: political misinformation, fraud, or harassment, Line04: Line05: is prohibited without clear labeling. All deep fakes must be labeled as Line06: altered content when shared on public platforms. Line07: Line08: Article II: Deep fake videos refer to media that use artificial intelligence or machine learning to create realistic but fabricated Line09: Line10: representations of individuals' likenesses. Malicious intent refers to Line11: the intent to deceive, manipulate, or harm individuals or the public Line12: including but not limited to spreading false information, impersonating Line13: others for fraud, or damaging a person's reputation. Clear labeling means Line14: a visible notice indicating that the content is altered. Line15: Line16: Article III: This policy shall take effect on January 1, 2026. Line17: Article IV: The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) shall oversee the Line18: Line19: enforcement of this act. Penalties for violations will include fines up Line20: to \$50,000 and a mandate for removal of the content from public Line21: platform within 48 hours of identification. Line22: Line23: Article V: All laws and policies in conflict with new law Line24: are hereby deemed null and void.

SubmitTitle: Representative Voduru

Submitted_By: Susitna Voduru School: Westfield High School

Date: 15 Oct 2024
Time: __:__:_

Bill #D1390

Regulating Campaign Funds

1	Article I:	All government officials who hold or are running for an elected
2		Position must publically register donations received in any capacity
3	Article II:	Any capacity can be defined as business or political reasons that
4		Can ultimately be used to fund a campaign
5	Article III:	This policy will be enacted on January 1,2025
6	Article IV:	The Department of Treasury shall oversee this bill
7		A. All donation records must be submitted at the end of every
8		Fiscal quarter
9	Article V:	All other laws that are in conflict with this legislation
10		are hereby declared null and void

Respectfully Submitted By, Representatives Puslury and Tate

Lightridge High School

Bill #D1395

A Bill To Ban The Use Of Educational Materials Made By Organizations That Have Religious Affiliations In Classrooms

1	Article I:	No state government shall allow the use of educational materials
2		Made by organizations with religious affiliations in classrooms
3	Article II:	All educational materials in classrooms shall be produced by
4		Organizations that do not have religious affiliations and have prior
5		Knowledge to the information and content that they are providing
6	Article III:	This policy shall be enacted January 1, 2025
7	Article IV:	The Department of Education shall oversee this
8		Bill
9	Article V:	All other laws that are in conflict with this legislation
10		are hereby declared null and void

Respectfully Submitted By,
Representatives Fonseca and Garcia
Lightridge High School

D1444: A Bill to Outlaw "Super-PAC"s

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All individual, business, corporation, and organization contributions to
2		Independent Expenditure Committees should be limited to under \$10,000
3		per four year presidential election cycle.
4	SECTION 2.	Define any important and/or ambiguous terms from Section 1.
5		A. A PAC is a Political Action Committee, which collects contributions from
6		donors and contributes to other federal committees.
7		B. Independent Expenditure Committees, or "Super-PAC"s, are
8		organization not bound to a campaign donation limit unlike regular
9		PACs, individuals, and businesses, provided that they do not donate
10		directly to candidates.
11	SECTION 3.	This bill will be overseen by the FEC.
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13	SECTION 4.	This bill will come into effect immediately.
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15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Bill **D1790**

A Bill to Cap the Amount of Money Raised by Federal Candidates

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1	SECTION 1. A.	A cap on the money raised by federal candidates will be set at 55% of the
2		total money spent by both candidates in the previous election cycle for that
3		office.
4	SECTION 1. B.	Any money received in excess of that cap must be returned to the donor(s).
5	SECTION 1. C.	In election years, candidates must file monthly campaign finance reports to
6		the Federal Election Commission.
7	SECTION 1. D.	In the 2026 election cycle, the money raised by each candidate will be
8		capped at 25% of the total money spent in the previous election cycle.
9	SECTION 2. A.	For the purposes of cap calculation, "money spent" includes but is not
10		limited to funds spent on all forms of advertising, staff and personnel, legal
11		expenses, and office spaces and equipment.
12	SECTION 2. B.	An "election cycle" begins the day after the previous election for a given
13		federal office, and ends on the date of the general election for that office.
14		The length of the cycle differs depending on which federal office is sought.
15	SECTION 3.	This legislation will be overseen and enforced by the Federal Election
16		Commission.
17	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on November 6, 2024. All laws in conflict
18		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted by Hudson Park

Dominion Christian School

Bill #E236

A Bill to Pass Continuing Resolution

1	BE IT ENAC	CTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
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3	Article I:	The US Congress is required to renew continuing resolutions if there are
4		no current budgets established for a federal agency by the start of the
5		fiscal year.
6	Article II:	Continuing resolutions are defined as temporary funding that Congress
7		can use to fund the government for a limited period that occurs when final
8		appropriations have not been approved by Congress or the President.
9		Final appropriations are defined as legislation passed by Congress giving
10		federal agencies budget authority. A fiscal year is defined as an accounting
11		period that businesses and agencies use for finance and tax reporting.
12	Article III:	The Office of Management and Budget will oversee the passage of this
13		bill.
14	Article IV:	This bill will be implemented upon its passage.
15	Article V:	All other laws in conflict with this legislation are declared null and void.

Respectfully Submitted,

Representative Sabol and Representative Glenn

Colgan High School

Resolution # E301

A Resolution to have affordable access to critical health care.

WHEREAS, The modern day costs for critical health care has spiked to an all time high in costs; and

WHEREAS, The Health Care Cost Institute had found out that commercial spending on the U.S health care spending had increased by around 21.8% from its latest report. With the increasing costs of healthcare, and the recent growth in inflation, the costs of critical health care will continue to rise; and

WHEREAS, millions of the U.S population lives below the poverty line and an estimated 44% of American adults still struggle on the daily to afford basic healthcare. It has also been reported by the KFF, 21% of American adults put off important prescription medication, due to the increasing costs; and

WHEREAS, If almost half of the nation's adults have been reported to not be able to afford

BASIC health care, imagine all the people who are in severe conditions who cannot get the proper help they need and an even more staggering 35 to 45 thousand

Americans die each year due to the lack of critical health care.

THEREFORE Be it resolved by the Student Congress here assembled that: Congress ought to provide the necessary federal funding for ALL those who are in need of support for critical and non-critical health care.

Respectfully submitted,

Ishani Jaiswal

Stone Bridge High School

Bill # E410

A Bill to Enforce Price Controls on Critical Health Care to Ensure Affordable and Equitable Access for All Americans

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The United States government shall implement price fixing on essential
2		health care services, treatments, and medications to prevent unaffordable
3		costs and ensure equal access to necessary health care for all citizens.
4	SECTION 2.	A. "Critical health care" refers to medical services, treatments, and
5		prescription drugs deemed essential for the preservation of life and
6		prevention of severe disability.
7		B. "Price fixing" refers to the government's regulation of maximum
8		allowable prices for health care services and pharmaceuticals, set at fair
9		market rates based on production costs, research, and reasonable profit
10		margins.
11	SECTION 3.	The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), in collaboration with the
12		Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS), will oversee the enforcement of
13		this bill.
14		A. The Federal Trade Commission (FTC) will monitor compliance and investigate
15		any violations, ensuring no unlawful price manipulation occurs.
16		B. Penalties for price manipulation or noncompliance will include fines and the
17		potential revocation of licenses for health care providers and pharmaceutical
18		companies.
19	SECTION 4.	Funding for the enforcement of this bill will be provided through the
20		existing budget allocated to the Department of Health and Human Services,
21		with potential supplementary funding from penalties collected through
22		violations.
23	SECTION 5.	This bill shall be implemented immediately upon its passage.
24	SECTION 6.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Representative Aditya Jupally Rock Ridge High School

Bill # E414 A Bill to Fix Critical Healthcare Service Pricings

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	To impose price fixing on vital pharmaceuticals plus healthcare services as a
2		way to guarantee ease of access and affordability for all residents.
3	SECTION 2.	"Critical Healthcare Services" consists of critical drugs, life-saving
4		procedures, and emergency medical services required for the management
5		of chronic illnesses or life-threatening situations. "Price Fixing" which is
6		the federal government's setting of a maximum permissible price for
7		essential medical services and prescription drugs.treatment of chronic
8		illnesses or life-threatening disorders.
9	SECTION 3.	To establish suitable price limitations, the Department of Health and Human
10		Services will carry out an initial evaluation of the expenses related to these
11		services.
12	SECTION 4.	The DHHS must track the implementation of price rules and conduct
13		regular audits of healthcare providers and pharmaceutical businesses. If
14		found in violation of price rules, an entity may be subject to fines and might
15		lose its ability to get a license to offer healthcare services.
16	SECTION 5.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025.
17	SECTION 6.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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A Bill to Institute Medicare for All to Lower the Price of Critical Healthcare

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	This bill shall institute a national healthcare system that will provide equal
2		healthcare for all. This will not interfere with private healthcare providers
3		and will remove the ability for the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid
4		Services to reject an application for Medicare for all.
5	SECTION 2.	Medicare and Medicaid will be available for all American citizens and this
6		new medical program must cover all citizens of the United States, no
7		matter their health condition, age, income, residency location or criminal
8		record.
9	SECTION 3.	This bill will be enforced by the Department of Health and Human Services,
10		(HHS) and the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS).
11		A. The HHS and CMS will monitor and assist, such as providing
12		Medicare and Medicaid to U.S. citizens, providing it to the
13		Children's Health Insurance Program and providing it to the health
14		insurance marketplace.
15		B. Enrollment into this program shall be provided at birth and be able
16		to be changed into private medical care or allow citizens to unenroll
17		at eighteen years of age though their legal guardians can make
18		these decisions before the citizen turns eighteen years old.
19		C. You cannot unenroll from Medicare for All unless you have an
20		alternative insurance plan.
21		D. Once the legislation takes effect, the initiative to start instituting
22		this national healthcare program will begin.
23	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on November 1st, 2024. All laws in conflict
24		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

 ${\it Respectfully Submitted,}$

Representative Aleph McLean

Alice Deal

Bill # E899

A Bill to Provide Medicare for All

- 1. BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2. **ARTICLE 1.** The US shall establish a single-payer healthcare system to provide
- 3. medical coverage for all citizens, ensuring access to quality healthcare services.
- 4. **ARTICLE 2.** A "Single-payer healthcare system" refers to a system in which a single
- 5. government entity is solely responsible for funding and administering healthcare services
- 6. for all residents of the country. "Medical coverage" includes, but is not limited to,
- 7. traditional, emergency and non-emergency medicine, along with dental, hearing, vision,
- 8. and long-term care; mental health treatment; and prescription medicine.
- 9. **ARTICLE 3.** The Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) and the Internal
- 10. Revenue Service (IRS) shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.
- 11. **ARTICLE 4.** A national health tax shall be implemented to fund this legislation as a
- 12. percentage of the IRS annual income which ranges from 1-10% for high-income citizens
- 13. The National Health Tax for businesses shall be assessed as a percentage of their total
- 14. payroll expenses, with rates from 2% for small businesses to 6% for large corporations.
- 15. **ARTICLE 5.** This legislation will be implemented over a 5-year transition period,
- 16. starting January 1st 2026 to January 1st 2031.
- 17. **ARTICLE 6.** All laws in conflict with this bill are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully Submitted,

Representative Titiksha Babu and Aparna Dileepkumar Broad Run High School

Bill #E1408

A Bill to Ensure Healthcare

Article I:	Healthcare pricing shall be accommodated to a citizen's sole
	income
Article II:	The same percentage of income will cover the same healthcare
	Regardless of socioeconomic status
Article III:	This policy shall be enacted on October 27, 2024
Article IV:	The Department of Health and Human Services shall oversee this bill
	A. Failure to give complete and proper care based on economic
	Status will result in medical license suspension
Article V:	All other laws that are in conflict with this legislation
	are hereby declared null and void
	Article II: Article III: Article IV:

Respectfully Submitted By, Representatives Ramesh and Mikias

Lightridge High School

Bill #E1409

\$180 billion investment on infrastructure

1	Article I:	The federal government will issue a \$180,000,000,000 investment to enhance infrastructure around the U.S.
2		
3	Article II:	Infrastructure are facilities/systems that aid society. Such as buildings, roads, power supplies, ect.
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5	Article III:	This bill will be enacted on October 16, 2025.
6	Article IV:	The House Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure will oversethis bill.
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9	Article V:	All other laws that are in conflict with this legislation
10		are hereby declared null and void

Respectfully Submitted By, Representatives Okhovvatgilani and Balhar

Lightridge High School

E1431: A Bill to Promote Renewable Energy and Combat Climate Change

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The federal government shall allocate \$50 billion over the next ten years to
2		fund renewable energy projects, including wind, solar, and geothermal
3		energy, with the goal of reducing national carbon emissions by 50% by the
4		year 2035.
5	SECTION 2.	"Renewable energy" refers to energy generated from sources that are
6		naturally replenished on a human timescale, such as sunlight, wind, rain,
7		tides, geothermal heat, and other forms of sustainable power.
8	SECTION 3.	The Department of Energy will oversee the implementation and
9		distribution of funds. State and local governments, along with private
10		companies, will be eligible to apply for federal grants to develop renewable
11		energy infrastructure. Quarterly reports will be submitted to Congress
12		detailing progress toward emissions reduction targets. Any failure to
13		comply with the goals or misuse of funds will result in penalties, including
14		fines and the potential loss of federal funding for the project.
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025, and will require periodic
16		reviews every five years to assess its effectiveness. Adjustments may be
17		made based on scientific recommendations and technological advances.
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19	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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E1445: A Bill to Fix Critical Healthcare Prices through Special Insurance

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The U.S. should fix prices for essential healthcare through a special
2		insurance program for low-income families. This will guarantee access to
3		necessary care for everyone.
4	SECTION 2.	Premiums/deductibles refer to the monthly costs associated with health
5		insurance. Low-income families are defined as individuals earning less than
6		\$14,580 annually or families earning under \$30,000. The term "reduction"
7		signifies a decrease in these premium costs
8	SECTION 3.	The Department of Health and Human Services (HSS) and the U.S.
9		Department of Treasury will oversee a special insurance program, which
10		will set affordable premiums for all people holistically.
11		To fund this program, the Treasury will allocate 1% from the "Others"
12		spending category, which will be monitored and adjusted annually based
13		on budget assessments. In total, the Treasury gives 60 billion dollars
14		towards this program.
15		Additionally, HSS will mandate that insurance companies contribute 0.5%
16		of their profits to support the program, with revenue collection processes
17		established to ensure compliance in return for tax benefits. This
18		contribution is expected to generate between \$24 billion and \$114 billion.
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20	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on October 14, 2025.
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22	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Bill # I411

A Bill to Reduce U.S. N.A.T.O. Contributions to Provide More Funding to Domestic Causes

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1 .	The United States will reduce its annual financial contributions to NATO by
2		25%.
3	SECTION 2.	"N.A.T.O. funding" refers to the direct financial contributions made by the
4		U.S. government towards the North Atlantic Treaty Organization to cover
5		operational costs and joint military exercises.
6	SECTION 3.	The Department of Defense in coordination with the Department of State
7		will oversee the implementation of this bill.
8		A. The Department of the Treasury will be responsible for reallocating the funds saved to support domestic projects.
10		runus saveu to support domestic projects.
11	SECTION 4.	The funds saved from the reduction in NATO contributions will be
12		reallocated to domestic projects.
13	SECTION 5.	This legislation will take effect at the start of FY 2025.
1)	SECTION 6.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully Submitted, Representatives Rameshkumar and Kethiri Rock Ridge High School

Bill # I415

A Bill to Improve Border Infrastructure, Safety, Delays, and Efficiency at the America-Mexico border

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

l	SECTION 1.	The United States shall allocate federal funds to modernize and expand
2		physical infrastructure at high-traffic points of entry along the U.SMexico
3		border to enhance security, reduce wait times, and facilitate lawful trade and
1		travel.
5	SECTION 2.	For the purposes of this legislation, points of entry refers to the official
6		crossings where individuals and goods legally enter the U.S. from Mexico,
7		including ports, bridges, and roads. Border infrastructure refers to the
3		physical facilities used for border inspection, technology upgrades, traffic
)		management, and support services for agents. High-traffic points refer to
10		areas identified by the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP) with
11		consistently heavy commercial or individual cross-border traffic
12	SECTION 3.	The Department of Homeland Security (DHS), through U.S. Customs and
13		Border Protection (CBP), shall oversee the construction, modernization, and
14		technological enhancements, including:
15		A. Expansion of traffic lanes and inspection booths to reduce congestion.
16		B. Installation of advanced surveillance technology, such as drones and
17		facial
18		recognition, to expedite inspections.
19		C. Modernization of detention centers to ensure humane treatment and
20		compliance with legal standards for migrant processing.
21	SECTION 4.	The funding for this project shall be appropriated from the DHS budget and,
22		if necessary, supplemented by additional appropriations from Congress,
23		capped at \$10 billion over the next five fiscal years.
24	SECTION 5.	This bill shall be implemented immediately upon its passage.
	SECTION 6.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void

Respectfully Submitted, Representative Shriyan Dhannode Rock Ridge High School

Bill #1555

A Bill to Strengthen Border Protection in Order to Enhance National Security, Curb Illegal Immigration, and Safeguard Economic Interests

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1		SECTION 1 . The United States shall increase its border protection
2		measures to address the rise in illegal immigration, human trafficking, and
3		smuggling, thereby enhancing national security and protecting the
4		economic interests of the country. This will include the deployment of
5		additional resources, personnel, and technology along the U.S. borders,
6		particularly focusing on high-traffic areas.
7		SECTION 2 . Border Protection - the actions taken to prevent
8		unauthorized entry into the United States, including physical barriers,
9		surveillance systems, and patrol agents. Illegal immigration - the act of
10		crossing U.S. borders without proper documentation or legal permission.
11		SECTION 3. The U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS), along
12		with the U.S. Customs and Border Protection (CBP), will oversee the
13		enforcement of this legislation.
14	A.	Additional personnel will be recruited and trained for border patrol duties.
15	В.	Advanced surveillance technologies, such as drones and sensors, will be deployed
16		along key border regions.
17	C.	New infrastructure, including but not limited to physical barriers, will be
18		constructed where necessary to prevent unauthorized crossings.
19		
20		SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2025. All laws
21		in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
22		
23		Respectfully submitted,
24		Senator Aarnav Sathu
25		Langley High School

I#850

A Bill to Increase Expenditure to NATO

Article I: The United States shall increase expenditure to NATO by 5 billion US dollars.

Article II: NATO, the acronym of North Atlantic Treaty Organization, is defined as a military and political alliance between specific countries in order to promote those countries' general safety. Expenditure to NATO is defined as the annual distribution of the US Defense budget.

Article III: This bill will go into effect upon the beginning of the next fiscal year.

Article IV: The Department of Defense in coalition with the Department of State will oversee the implementation of the bill.

Article V: All other laws that are in conflict with this new policy shall hereby be declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Jaiden Rossman and Alexa Alheim

James Madison High School

1221: A Bill to Provide Surveillance Technology to the Mexico-United States Border BE IT ENACTED BY THIS STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1.	SECTION I.	The United States shall provide \$80 million worth of various
2.		border security technology, such as sensors, surveillance
3.		technology, and high-tech aerial resources to the southern border of
4.		the United States and Mexico to improve border security.
5.	SECTION II.	Sensors shall be defined as devices placed at border barriers to
6.		sense movement near the barrier. Surveillance technology shall be
7.		defined as autonomous surveillance towers, cameras, and radar
8.		technology. High-tech aerial resources shall be defined as
9.		technology used to monitor the border from the air, such as drones
10.		and manned aircraft.
11.	SECTION III.	The U.S. Customs and Border Protection and Department of
12.		Homeland Security shall work in conjunction to oversee the
13.		passage of this legislation.
14.	SECTION IV.	This bill shall be implemented immediately upon passage.
15.	SECTION V.	All laws in conflict with this legislation shall hereby be declared
16.		null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Representative Chowdhury of Dominion High School

Bill #I1398

Reducing the Impact that Political Misinformation has on Elections

1	Article I:	Social media platforms shall implement standardized regulations to
1	Article 1.	flag political misinformation but shall not remove it if deemed false.
2		
		Political Misinformation shall be defined as false or misleading
		information intended to influence public opinion or voter behavior
3	Article II:	regarding political matters, particularly elections.
3	Article II:	Standardized regulations shall be defined as official rules that are
		established to ensure consistency and uniformity across various
		processes.
4		
5	Article III:	This legislation shall go into effect on November 1, 2024
(A42 alla 187.	The Federal Election Commission (FEC) shall oversee
6	Article IV:	implementation of this legislation.
7		A. enforcement of this bill along with the exact enforcement
8	Article V:	All other laws that are in conflict with this legislation
9		are hereby declared null and void

Respectfully Submitted By,
Representatives Vasabhaktula and Delelegn
Lightridge High School

Bill #I1400

Border Security Enhancement Act

1 Article I:

The United States Customs and Border Protections shall more strictly enforce rules regarding the unlawful entry from the illicit movement of weapons, drugs, contraband, and people.

2

This enhancement shall allocate surveillance/security systems, expand workforce, increase penalties for trafficking, and implement more training for border patrol.

3 Article II:

This bill will protect the American people, safeguarding our borders, & enhancing the nation's economic security, homeland security, economic prosperity, and national sovereignty.

4 Article III:

This plan shall be implemented on September 1, 2025.

5 Article IV:

U.S. Customs and Border Protection will oversee the enforcement of this bill as well as the exact mechanisms

6 Article V:

All other laws that are in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void

Respectfully Submitted By, Representatives Kim and Hagos

Lightridge High School

Bill #I1408

Bill to restructure NATO funding

1	Article I:	The US will stop funding all support for Ukraine's military and vote against
1		giving more resources to Ukraine through NATO
2		
3	Article II:	The funding includes military and financial aid. NATO is The North
3	Article II.	Atlantic Treaty Organization
4		
5	Article III:	This must be enacted immediately upon passage
6	Article IV:	The NATO Defense Planning Committee and the Department of Defense w
U	Article IV.	oversee this bill.
7		A. Failure to comply with this legislation will be handled by the DOD
8		
9	Article V:	All other laws that are in conflict with this legislation
10		are hereby declared null and void

Respectfully Submitted By, Representatives Ethan Cherayil and Sarah Cherayil

Lightridge High School

I1430: A Bill to Protect the Borders of the United States

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The United States shall follow the border protection laws to ensure the
2		safety of our citizens and our land.
3	SECTION 2.	Border protection laws are defined as guarding the nation's borders,
4		territorial waters, and transportation systems. This includes stopping the
5		entry of terrorists, working with the immigration enforcement, and
6		enacting national immigration policies.
7	SECTION 3.	The U.S. Customs and Border Protection is the main agency responsible for
8		enforcing the laws around the U.S. borders.
9		A. The U.S. Border Patrol will be the subsection that will take the most
10		action.
11	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 22, 2025. All laws in conflict with
12		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Sophia Shaikh.

Bill # I232 Bill to Increase Funding for NATO

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
2	
3	Article 1: The United States congress shall allocate another \$10 billion to the North
4	Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) in the form of financial and military
5	assitance. NATO nations that have committed to the minimum 2% of their
6	GDP will have access to the funds.
7	Article 2: Financial assistance is defined as common funding, joint funding, trust funds
8	contributions in kind, ad hoc sharing arrangements and donations. Military
9	assistance is defined as the forces and capabilities held by the US military,
10	which can be provided to NATO for deterrence and defense activities and
11	military operations.
12	Article 3: This bill will be implemented upon its passage.
13	Article 4: The Department of Defense will oversee the implementation of this bill
13	Article 5: All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully Submitted, Representative Steven Batshon and Representative Kevin Anwomea Charles J. Colgan High School

Bill D590

A Bill To Promote Religious Neutrality and Inclusivity in Public Education

Public educational institutions shall implement a policy of religious 1. Article I: neutrality, which ensures that no religion is promoted or suppressed in school-related activities, curricula, or events. Education of world religions 2 will be allowed only in an academic, non-devotional setting. For the purpose of this bill, religious neutrality means that there is no prefere or discrimination towards any belief system or religion. Non-devotional cont **Article II:** 3 refers to teaching religions as a cultural and historical subject, rather than endorsing or encouraging religious practices. **Article III:** The Department of Education will implement this measure by conducting regular audits and requiring schools to submit compliance reports. Schools failing to comply will face federal funding cuts and mandatory staff training. **Article IV:** This policy will be enacted on September 1, 2025. 5 6 7 All other laws that are in conflict with this legislation 8 **Article V:** are hereby declared null and void 9

A Bill to Restrict State Authority on School Curriculums to Ensure the Separation of Church and State in Education 1216D

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All matters regarding the teaching of any religious text or philosophy for		
2		reasons which are not wholly historical shall be approved by the		
3		Department of Education on the federal level.		
4	SECTION 2.	In the context of this bill, 'religious text' refers to any codified set of moral		
5		codes or other guidelines which is associated with a religion. 'Philosophy'		
6		in the context of this bill is defined as any interpretation of the message of		
7		a religious text.		
8	SECTION 3.	Overseen by the Department of Education, suits settled in a state's higher		
9		courts-elevated to supreme court if necessary.		
10		A. The Department of Education would evaluate infractions of this		
11		legislation on a federal level, to ensure neutrality of enforcement.		
12		B. Claims against this legislation must take effect only in higher courts in		
13		order to eliminate judicial bias, and to minimize the value of religion in		
14		certain geographic areas.		
15	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on December 15th, 2024. All laws in conflict		
16		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.		
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Russell Jenkins.

Bill #E498:

A bill to raise safety standards for pharmaceutical companies.

Article I: This legislation will increase the safety requirements and lengthen the testing period gap for products.

Article II: This legislation will add more requirements before being able to sell pharmaceutical products. One of the main parts will be lengthening the testing period to determine any unknown side effects.

Article III: This legislation will come into effect on December 25th 2024.

Article IV: This shall be enforced by OSHA Occupational Safety and health Administration

Article V: All laws in conflict with this bill shall hereby be declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Ryan Pavlovic and Jonathan Markowitz

Bill #E499

A Bill To Extend Continuing Resolutions

Article I: This bill will extend the initial continuing resolution government funding to

agencies until December 5th of each fiscal year, mirroring the funding of the

previous year (accounting for adjustments during the first year in effect)

Article II: Continuing Resolution funding will be defined as funding given to agencies at the

beginning of each fiscal year in order to provide time for appropriation bills to be

enacted, providing a budget to government agencies.

Article III: This bill shall go into effect at the start of FY2025.

Article IV: The Department of the Treasury shall oversee the enforcement of this bill.

Article V: All laws in conflict with this bill shall hereby be declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Julian Higgins, David Buckwalter, Carter Alford

Bill #E500

A Bill to Start the Production of "Super Concrete"

Article I:

The United States of America shall allocate 40 billion dollars to the production of a new kind of concrete.

Article II:

For the purposes of this bill, "new kind of concrete" is any kind of concrete made without sand but includes the proprietary blend.

Article III:

This law shall take effect January 1st, 2025.

Article IV:

The U.S. Department of Homeland Security shall be responsible for overseeing the enforcement and regulation of this law.

Article V:

All laws in conflict with this bill shall hereby be considered null and void.

Respectfully Submitted,

Jameson Black, Carter Alford

Bill #I490

A Bill to Increase Annual Funding of NATO by 1 Billion Dollars

Article I: This bill would increase annual funding of The North Atlantic Treaty

Organization (NATO) by 1 billion dollars. This money would be allocated

for humanitarian operations as well as military funding.

Article II: Humanitarian operations can be defined as aiding countries in need

through medical assitance in intensive care units, the protection of women

and children from domestic and sexual violence, and disaster relief

compensation. The non-proliferation of weapons can be described as the

funding of diplomatic missions.

Article III: This bill will be implemented in fiscal year 2026.

Article IV: The Department of Defense will oversee the enforcement of this bill.

Article V: All laws in conflict with this bill shall hereby be declared null and void.

Respectfully Submitted,

Representatives Butler, Tsuchitani, Ross

Bill #D495

A Bill to Ban the Display of Religious Iconography in Public Schools

Article I:

The United States of America shall remove any religious iconography from public school classrooms.

Article II:

For the purposes of this bill, "religious iconography" is defined as any medium that advocates for a certain religion or displays icons of a religion.

Article III:

This law shall take effect on January 1st, 2025.

Article IV:

The Board of Education will be responsible for enforcing and regulating this law.

Article V:

All conflicting laws are hereby repealed and declared null and void.

Respectfully Submitted,

Ronan Vora, Jack Hawrylko