

A Resolution to Encourage the Recognition of Northern Cyprus

1	WHEKEAS	As of this past July, the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus, commonly known as Northern
2		Cyprus, has been the de facto government of the northeastern portion of the island of
3		Cyprus for half a century; and
4	WHEREAS	Official recognition by and normalized relations with the international community would do
5		enormous good for the nearly 400,000 people who call this territory home; and
6	WHEREAS	Movement in this direction would also be enormously beneficial for relations between the
7		United States and Turkey; now, therefore be it
8	RESOLVED	by the Congress here assembled that the Executive Branch is strongly encouraged to
9		recognize the Turkish Republic of Northern Cyprus and to establish an embassy in North
10		Nicosia as soon as is practicable; and be it
11	FURTHER R	ESOLVED that Congress encourages the rest of the international community to make haste
12		in following suit.



A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Delink Felony Convictions from Enfranchisement

1	RESULVED,	rnat the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United
2		States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
3		ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from
4		the date of its submission by the Congress:
5		ARTICLE —
6	SECTION 1.	No citizen shall have their right to vote infringed at any point or for any amount of time on
7		account of having been accused or convicted of a felony.
8	SECTION 2.	All citizens who are, at the time of ratification, disenfranchised for such reasons shall
9		immediately have their right to vote restored.
10	SECTION 3.	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.



A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Decrease Bias in Electoral College Representation

1	RESOLVED,	That the following article is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United
2		States, which shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
3		ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within seven years from
4		the date of its submission by the Congress:
5		ARTICLE —
6	SECTION 1.	Paragraph three of Article II of the Constitution shall be amended to read, "Each State shall
7		appoint, in such Manner as the Legislature thereof may direct, a Number of Electors, equal
8		to the whole Number of Representatives to which the State may be entitled in the
9		Congress: but no Senator or Representative, or Person holding an Office of Trust or Profit
10		under the United States, shall be appointed an Elector."
11	SECTION 2.	That is, Senatorial representation shall no longer be reflected in the Electoral College.
12	SECTION 3.	The implications of the 23rd Amendment shall be similarly adapted, so that the Federal
13		District shall experience a commensurate reduction in representation in the Electoral
14		College. That is, the Federal District shall lose two Electors.
15	SECTION 4.	This shall bring the total number of Electors to 436, making 219 the number required for a
16		majority.
17	SECTION 5.	The Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.



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A Bill to Prohibit the Sale and Distribution of Raw (Unpasteurized) Dairy Products to Protect Public Health and Ensure Food Safety

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1:** This Act may be cited as the "Raw Dairy Safety and Public Health Act."
- 3 **SECTION 2:** This Congress finds the following:
- 4 Raw dairy products, including milk and cheese, have been associated with outbreaks of
- 5 foodborne illnesses such as salmonella, E. coli, and listeria. The Centers for Disease
- 6 Control and Prevention (CDC) and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) recommend 7 pasteurization as a critical step to eliminate harmful pathogens in dairy products.
- 8 Protecting consumers, particularly children, pregnant women, and immunocompromised 9 individuals, from preventable health risks is a compelling government interest.
- SECTION 3: It shall be unlawful to sell, distribute, or otherwise offer for human
- 11 consumption any raw (unpasteurized) dairy product within the United States. Any person 12 or entity found in violation of this Act shall be subject to the following:
- a. A civil penalty not to exceed \$10,000 per violation.
- b. Seizure and destruction of noncompliant products.
- 15 **SECTION 4:** This Act shall not apply to the production or consumption of raw dairy
- products on private property where the products are not sold or distributed to the public.
- 17 Universities, laboratories, or educational institutions may be granted exemptions for
- scientific research under guidelines established by the FDA.
- 19 **SECTION 5:** The Secretary of Health and Human Services, in consultation with the
- 20 Secretary of Agriculture, shall issue regulations to carry out the provisions of this Act
- within 180 days of enactment.
- 22 **SECTION 6:** This Act shall take effect 180 days after the date of enactment.
- 23 **SECTION 7:** If any provision of this Act is held invalid, the remainder of the Act shall not be affected thereby.

Respectfully submitted,

Hampton High School

A Bill to Implement Unmanned Aerial Systems to Improve Border Management

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	The use of Unmanned Aerial Systems (UAS) will be implemented along the
2		southern border to improve border management. Additionally, a
3		detachment of the National Security Agency (NSA) will be formed to assist
4		the U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement (ICE) and local police in
5		processing new information found by UAS and limiting activities along the
6		border such as smuggling, human trafficking, and drug trafficking.
7	SECTION 2.	UAS is defined as remotely piloted aircraft systems (autonomous or human
8		assisted) that enables computers to perform a variety of advanced
9		functions including visual detection, facial recognition,
10		understanding/translating spoken and written language, and data analysis.
11		The southern border is defined as the border between the United Mexican
12		States and the US states of California, Arizona, New Mexico, and Texas.
13	SECTION 3.	The NSA and Department of Homeland Security (DHS) shall oversee the
14		implementation of this bill.
15		A. The U.S. Technology Modernization Fund (TMF) will allocate \$500
16		million to fund the implementation of this bill.
17		B. Lockheed Martin and Northrop Grumman will oversee the construction
18		of the UAS.
19	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with
20		this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Bronx High School of Science

A Bill To Ban Foreign Ownership Of American Companies

- 1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:
- 2 **SECTION 1.** Foreign ownership of American companies shall be prohibited, ensuring that
- 3 all companies headquartered in the United States remain owned and operated by U.S.
- 4 citizens or entities.
- 5 **SECTION 2.** "Foreign ownership" refers to any direct or indirect ownership or control of a
- 6 U.S.-based company by non-U.S. individuals, foreign governments, or foreign entities.
- 7 "American company" refers to any business entity incorporated and operating within the
- 8 United States, regardless of size, industry, or market presence.
- 9 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) shall oversee the
- 10 enforcement of this policy.
- 11 4A. Any company found in violation of this policy will be required to divest foreign
- 12 ownership stakes within a designated time frame, not exceeding 12 months from the date of
- 13 violation.
- 14 **4B.** Non-compliant companies may face penalties, including fines or restrictions on
- 15 conducting business within the U.S.
- 16 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall go into effect on January 1, 2026.
- 17 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Hampton High School

A Bill to Prevent Identity Theft through National Standards for Data Security

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1	SECTION 1.	All businesses and organizations with an annual revenue exceeding \$10
2		million that collect, store, or process the personal data of U.S. citizens must
3		conduct yearly security checks, and notify individuals within 120 hours of
4		any data breach.
5	SECTION 2.	"Personal data" includes Social Security numbers, financial account details,
6		and other identifying information. "Encryption" refers to securing data, so
7		only authorized individuals can access it.
8	SECTION 3.	The Cybersecurity and Infrastructure Security Agency (CISA) shall oversee
9		the enforcement of this legislation.
10		A. Non-compliance will result in fines ranging from \$50,000 to
11		\$10,000,000 per violation, based on the severity and scope of the
12		breach.
13		B. Funds collected from penalties will be allocated to identity theft
14		prevention programs, victim support services, or a task force the CISA
15		may choose to create to respond to non-compliance cases.
16	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect in FY 2026. All laws in conflict with this
17		legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by North Allegheny.