

LEGISLATION FOR ROUND ONE

A Resolution to Increase Research Funding into GMOs

- 1 **WHEREAS,** Genetically modified organisms are organisms whose genetic material has
2 been altered using genetic engineering techniques; and
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- 4 **WHEREAS,** There has been a great wealth of research into genetically modified organisms,
5 but there are widely varying conclusions regarding their safety status; and
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- 7 **WHEREAS,** Genetically modified organisms are being included in a great wealth of food
8 products in the United States and the world; and
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- 10 **WHEREAS,** If genetically modified organisms are found to be harmful, their consumers are
11 being put at health risk; and
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- 13 **WHEREAS,** Increased federal funding towards research into genetically modified
14 organisms will help reach a true conclusion regarding their safety; now,
15 therefore, be it
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- 17 **RESOLVED,** By the Congress here assembled that the amount of funding going toward
18 research into genetically modified organisms shall hereby be increased
19 substantially; and, be it
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- 21 **FURTHER RESOLVED,** that the amount and allocation of this funding shall be determined
22 by the Department of Agriculture.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by The Brooklyn Debate League.

LEGISLATION FOR ROUND TWO

A Bill to Provide Tuition-Free College Education

- 1 **SECTION 1.** The US Federal Government will guarantee access to tuition-free college
2 education for citizens with a family income of less than \$100,000/year.
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- 4 **SECTION 2.** “Tuition-free” will include tuition, institution fees, course fees, and textbooks
5 required for the completion of each college course.
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- 7 **SECTION 3.** The US Department of Education will oversee the implementation and
8 oversight of this bill.
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- 10 **A.** Colleges included in the tuition-free program will be publicly funded 2-year and
11 4-year public colleges and universities, community colleges, technical colleges, and
12 minority-serving institutions.
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- 14 **B.** Each institute of high learning receiving federal funds will submit a biennial plan
15 detailing its efforts at tuition cost containment for approval.
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- 17 **C.** Following the initial year of enrollment, students must make satisfactory progress
18 toward graduation each to continue in the program. Funds will be available for a
19 maximum of 5 years or the completion of a 4-year degree, whichever comes first.
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- 21 **SECTION 4.** This bill will become effective in the Fall semester of 2026.
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- 23 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void