Fracking Moratorium Act of 2024

1	SECTION 1.	A five-year moratorium on issuing new permits for hydraulic fracturing		
2		operations nationwide. Well operators currently engaged in fracking are		
4		prohibited from expanding existing operations or increasing production		
5		capacity during the moratorium period.		
6	SECTION 2.	For purposes of this Act, hydraulic fracturing (fracking) is defined as the		
7	SECTION 2.			
8		process of injecting liquid at high pressure into underground rock		
9		formations to extract oil or gas; and a well operator is defined as any		
10 11		person, company, or entity responsible for drilling, fracking, or maintaining		
12		a well.		
13	SECTION 3.	The moratorium exempts critical energy projects essential for national		
14		security, as determined by the Department of Energy and Congress, and		
15				
16		fracking for scientific research conducted with the Environmental		
17		Protection Agency (EPA), provided findings are publicly available.		
18 19	SECTION 4.	During the moratorium, the Department of Energy and EPA will study the		
20		environmental and health impacts of fracking. Three months before its		
21		expiration, a final report with recommendations on extending, modifying,		
22		or lifting the moratorium will be submitted to Congress.		
23				
24	SECTION 5.	Any well operator conducting unauthorized hydraulic fracturing operations		
		violating this Act shall be subject to fines of up to \$250,000 per incident.		
		Further, any violation of this moratorium may result in the revocation of		
		existing operational permits held by the offending party, with a five-year		
		ban on reapplication.		
	SECTION 6.	This legislation shall take effect immediately upon enactment. All laws in		
		conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.		
		conflict with this registation are hereby acciding than and void.		

A Resolution to Prohibit Carbon Taxes

1		
2	WHEREAS,	A carbon tax is a Federal tax on carbon released from fossil fuels; and
3	WHEREAS,	According to the Energy Information Administration, the share of energy
4		consumption during 2023 in the United States derived from fossil fuels was
5 6		approximately 80 percent; and
7	WHEREAS,	American families will be harmed the most by a carbon tax.
8	WHEREAS,	A carbon tax will impose disproportionate burdens on specific industries,
9 10		jobs, States, and geographic regions and would further restrict the global
11		competitiveness of the United States; and
12	WHEREAS,	A carbon tax would reduce America's international competitiveness and
13 14		would encourage development abroad in countries that do not impose this
15		exorbitant tax burden; and
16	WHEREAS,	The Congress and the President should focus on pro-growth solutions that
		encourage increased development of domestic resources; now, therefore,
		be it
	RESOLVED,	That a carbon tax would be detrimental to American families and businesses
		and is not in the best interest of the United States.

A Bill to Establish Term Limits for Federal Lawmakers

1	SECTION 1.	Federal lawmakers in the United States will now be subject to term limits.		
2		Members of the House of Representatives will have a term limit of six		
3		two-year terms, while members of the Senate will have a term limit of two		
4		six-year terms.		
5	SECTION 2.	Federal lawmakers are hereby defined as members of the U.S. House of		
6		Representatives and the U.S. Senate.		
7	SECTION 3.	The Federal Election Commission in conjunction with the U.S. Department		
8		of Justice will oversee the implementation of this legislation.		
9		A. If a lawmaker has already reached the term limit at the time of the		
10		passage of this bill, they will be permitted one final additional term		
11		before leaving their office.		
12	SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on November 3, 2026. All laws in conflict		
		with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.		

A Bill to Invest in Lab Grown Meat

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:		
2	SECTION 1 . The United States Federal Government will take the		
3	following actions to invest in and encourage lab grown meat:		
4	A. Providing companies up to 500,000 dollars to create lab grown		
5	meat with a total cap of 20 Billion dollars		
6	B. Reduce the amount of cows in the US by 50%		
7	C. Provide cow farms up to 1 Billion Dollars to shift from cow farming		
8	to crop farming		
9	SECTION 2 . Lab grown meat is defined as any form of meat made by		
10	cultivating stem cells and growing them into meat in a lab setting		
11	SECTION 3. The Food and Drug Administration shall oversee the		
12	implementation of this legislation. The FDA shall be chartered with		
13	ensuring that the lab grown meat is safe for consumers and the funds are		
14	being spent correctly. Funding of this legislation is through the		
15	discretionary budget of the Department of Defense.		
16	SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1st 2026. All		
17	laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.		
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19			

A Bill to Ban All Forms of Cryptocurrency

- **SECTION 1**. All forms of cryptocurrency are hereby banned from purchase, use, or sale in the United States.
- **SECTION 2.** Cryptocurrency shall be defined as any digital currency; created through encryption algorithms, that doesn't require a financial institution to verify transactions, or can be used for purchases or investment.
- **SECTION 3.** The Securities and Trade Commission (SEC), The Commodity Futures Trading Commission (CFTC), and the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) shall oversee the implementation of this legislation.
 - A. Any individuals or corporations found in violation of this legislation, will be fined \$100,000 per violation. Repeated violations will result in increased fines based on the quantity of cryptocurrency investment. Any further repercussions, including increased fines, will be determined by the SEC, CFTC, and IRS based on the gravity of each case and other related factors.
- **SECTION 4.** This bill will be implemented January 1, 2025.
- **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Mandate U.S. States to Put 10% of Net Income Tax Into Renewable Energy Sources

1	SECTION 1.	The U.S. government will encourage states to allocate 10%	
2	of all net income tax revenues toward renewable energy sources such as		
3	solar, wind, and geothermal. The Department of Energy will also add 100		
4	billion to the loan programs office budget to promote zero emission		
5	energy.		
6	SECTION 2.	Renewable energy is defined as energy obtained from	
7	natural sources that are replenished at a rate exceeding that of		
8	consumption.		
9	SECTION 3.	The Department of Energy will be responsible for overseeing	
10	the enforceme	ent of this legislation by collaborating with the states to	
11	identify the most suitable sources of renewable energy based on said		
12	state's land, area, and available resources. The money for the loan		
13	programs office will come from the Department of Defense.		
14	SECTION 4.	To incentivize states to pass this legislation the United States	
15	will implemen	t a policy to suspend 40 % of education funding to all states	
16	until such legi	slation is enacted in each respective state.	
17	SECTION 5.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025	

A Bill to Amend the Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 (NWPA)

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:			
2			SECTION 1.	The Nuclear Waste Policy Act of 1982 is hereby amended
3			to:	
4	A.	Autho	rize the Depa	rtment of Energy (DOE) to implement a new process for
5		interir	n storage and	I permanent geological repository facilities
6	В.	Restru	cture the Nu	clear Waste Fund to ensure sufficient funding.
7			SECTION 2.	Nuclear waste is defined as a byproduct from nuclear
8			reactors, fu	el processing plants, hospitals, and research centers.
9			SECTION 3.	This legislation shall be jointly overseen by the Nuclear
LO			Regulatory (Commission (NRC) along with the Department of Energy
l1			(DOE).	
L2			A. The DOE	will fund \$6 billion to help store waste.
L3			B. \$1 billio	n of the funding will be put towards research and
L4			develop	ment for repository facilities.
L5			SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025.
L6			SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared
L7			null and voi	d.

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A Bill to Abolish Prisons

1	BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:			
2		SECTION 1.	All non-violent felony sentences will be immediately	
3		expunged and individuals will be relocated to at-home monitoring or at a		
4		rehabilitation center.		
5		SECTION 2.	Non-violent felony is a type of felony offense that does not	
6		involve the use, threat, or intention of physical harm to another person.		
7		These felonies	s are serious crimes, but they lack the violent nature that	
8		characterizes offenses like sexual assault, assault, murder, or armed		
9		robbery.		
10		Rehabilitation	centers can include Diversion Programs, Treatment Based	
11		Alternatives, Community Based Sentencing programs and Conditional		
12		Release progr	ams.	
13		SECTION 3.	The Federal Bureau of Prisons will work with both the	
14		Department o	of Justice and the Department of Health and Human Services	
15		to fund and e	nforce this legislation.	
16		SECTION 4.	This legislation will take effect on September 1st, 2025. All	
17		laws in conflic	t with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.	
18				