

A Bill to Require Political Transparency in Social Media Algorithms

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Platforms with over 50 million active users must publicly disclose the criteria their algorithms use to prioritize or suppress political content, including the factors that determine what content is recommended to users. Platforms must flag and de-prioritize content proven false by independent fact-checkers, and label AI-generated political content. Political advertisements must be clearly labeled with information on who paid for the advertisement and the targeted demographic.

SECTION 2. For the purposes of this bill, "political content" refers to content related to political campaigns, candidates, policies, ideologies, or political entities, including but not limited to political advertisements, posts, articles, and videos.

SECTION 3. A new department, The Federal Algorithmic Oversight Commission, will be created under the Federal Election Commission. The Federal Algorithmic Oversight Commission (FAOC) shall oversee compliance with this bill and conduct annual independent audits of the recommendation algorithms of applicable social media platforms. \$500 million dollars will be given to the FAOC for the startup of the department and the first fiscal year of functions. Any leftover funds from this transaction may be rolled into the following fiscal years. After the first year, the department will economically operate and have its budget set under the Federal Election Commission.

A. The FAOC shall have the authority to fine platforms up to \$10 million per violation if they fail to meet transparency standards.

B. The FAOC will also be responsible for investigating and ensuring that misinformation, algorithmic bias, and foreign influence are adequately addressed by the platforms.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on October 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Regulate Corporate Ownership of Single-Family Homes

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** Corporations, hedge funds, and real estate investment trusts (REITs) are
2 prohibited from purchasing single-family homes, with exceptions for
3 nonprofits, land trusts, and small businesses that provide affordable
4 housing. Corporations owning more than 100 single-family homes must
5 divest at least 20% of their holdings per year, selling these homes back to
6 individual buyers or nonprofit housing organizations. A 5-year ban will be
7 imposed on corporate bulk home purchases, starting from the effective
8 date of this bill.
- 9 **SECTION 2.** "Single-family homes" refers to residential properties designed to house
10 one family and includes both new and existing structures intended for such
11 use.
- 12 **SECTION 3.** A new department, The Federal Housing Oversight Commission, will be
13 created under the Federal Trade Commission (FTC). The Federal Housing
14 Oversight Commission (FHOC) will be responsible for monitoring
15 compliance with this legislation, enforcing the corporate ownership ban,
16 and overseeing mandatory divestment requirements. \$500 million dollars
17 will be given to the FHOC for the startup of the department and the first
18 fiscal year of functions. Any leftover funds from this transaction may be
19 rolled into the following fiscal years. After the first year, the department
20 will economically operate and have its budget set under the FTC.
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- 22 A. The FHOC shall impose penalties, including heavy fines and forced
23 property liquidation, on corporations found in violation of the ban on
24 single-family home purchases. The FHOC will determine these
 guidelines upon the creation of the commission.
- 25 B. The FHOC will also monitor and report on the progress of divestment
26 requirements for corporations exceeding 100 single-family homes in
27 their holdings.
- 28 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on FY 2028. All laws in conflict with this
 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

A Bill to Mandate Comic Sans

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- SECTION 1.** All typed text within federally produced documents shall be formatted using the Comic Sans MS typeface.
- SECTION 2.** A. “federally produced documents” include all typed materials created by the Executive, Legislative, and Judicial branches. This includes publications from federally owned or supported agencies.
B. “Comic Sans MS” refers to the sans-serif typeface created by Microsoft Corporation in 1994.
- SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice will oversee the implementation of this bill.
A. If any federal entity violates this legislation, the document in question will be declared illegitimate, and the offender will be charged a fine of \$500 for each page including a violation. The offender also would be required to send a written apology letter of a length of at least two pages, double-spaced, addressed to Drew W. Benthein.
B. Any fines resulting from this legislation will be allocated towards the National Center for Learning Disabilities to be reinvested in national learning disability awareness efforts.
C. All existing federal documents not in Comic Sans MS before this bill’s implementation will be exempt.
- SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on October 25th, 2025. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Neenah High School’s Drew Benthein.

A Bill to Make Court Payments Proportional to Income

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** All court-mandated payments in Federal Courts –fines, restitution, &
2 damages – shall change such that they are proportional to the offender's
3 income.
- 4 A. For individuals, fines and restitutions shall be calculated by multiplying the
5 offender's daily income by the "severity units" of the offense.
- 6 B. For companies, fines and restitutions shall be calculated by multiplying the
7 company's daily profit, over the prior three fiscal years, by the "severity
8 units" of the offense.
- 9 C. For individuals, damages shall be calculated as they are now, then
10 multiplied by the offender's wealth percentile divided by fifty.
- 11 D. For companies, damages shall be calculated as they are now, then
12 multiplied by the CEO's wealth percentile divided by ten.
- 13 **SECTION 2.**
- 14 A. The "severity units" of an offense are an arbitrary measure of the offense's
15 severity, as decided by a court of law, per the United States Sentencing
16 Commission's guidelines.
- 17 B. Wealth percentile is a measure of an individual's wealth relative to the rest
18 of society, as measured by the US Census Bureau.
- 19 **SECTION 3.** The enforcement of this legislation will be overseen by the United States
20 Sentencing Commission (USSC).
- 21 A. The USSC will create guidelines for determining the severity units of
22 offenses, based on preexisting standards and laws.
- 23 B. The USSC shall be given a year from the passing of this legislation to
24 accomplish the above task, and its budget shall be raised by \$1,000,000 to
25 assist it.
- 26 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect one year following its passage. All laws in
27 conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Madison West High School.

The U.S. Agency for International Development Restoration Act

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The United States Federal Government shall refund the United States Agency for International Development and reemploy their staff.

SECTION 2. USAID is the United States Agency for International Development.

SECTION 3. The Office of Foreign Assistance and USAID shall oversee the implementation of this bill.

- A. USAID will hire/rehire the 2,000 terminated employees or replacements for those employees within 180 days of the passage of this bill.
- B. USAID will take the 4,200 USAID employees off leave within 180 days of the passage of this bill.
- C. The terminated USAID employees and the USAID employees on leave shall be compensated based on their usual pay for the time they were absent from the agency.
- D. USAID foreign aid may not be blocked until FY 2030.
- E. Budget cuts to USAID are prohibited until FY 2030.
- F. Any funding freeze to USAID is prohibited until FY 2030.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect immediately on passage. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Neenah High School's Kale Hildebrandt.

A Bill to Limit Wage Gaps Within Companies

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** The sum of wealth made by any employee, owner, or shareholder in a
2 company – from their involvement in the company – over a given period of
3 time may not exceed 100X the sum of wealth made by any full-time
4 employee of said company over the same time period.
- 5 **SECTION 2.** The sum of wealth earned by a member/stockholder in a company – from
6 their involvement in the company – may come in the form of a salary,
7 hourly wage, or stock values.
- 8 **SECTION 3.** The Wage and Hour Division of the US Department of Labor shall be tasked
9 with overseeing the implementation of this bill.
- 10 A. It shall civilly prosecute any companies in violation, who may be
11 charged with a fine of no more than 10X the excess wealth they
12 disbursed in the five year period. made over the period when this law
13 was violated
- 14 B. Any employee, owner, or shareholder may advance a private cause of
15 action against a company in violation. A successful suit shall awards
16 reasonable attorneys fees to a successful plaintiff, along with statutory
17 damages awarding 50% of the fine determined by the Court.
- 18 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on FY 2026. All laws in conflict with this
19 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Madison West High School.

A Bill to Ban Biometric Logging (BBL)

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The use of unconsensual biometric data collection for company gain shall be prohibited.

A. This legislation will not apply to corporations that use biometric b data for security purposes on the provision that: collected data is only shared between the (sole) company and the (sole) user.

B. If a corporation is deemed non compliant, they will be fined (10%) of their quarterly profit until the issue is resolved.

SECTION 2. **A.** “Biometrics” are defined as identifiers that are biologically unique to the user.

B. “Security Purposes” shall be defined as the use of Biometric data exclusively for access control, fraud prevention, and compliance with existing privacy legislation.

SECTION 3. The Bureau of Consumer Protection shall oversee implementation of both Scn. 1A & Scn. 1B.

A. 100(M) shall be allocated to fund implementation mechanisms.

B. Funding can be re-adjusted yearly through an internal evaluation of the previous year’s efficacy.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on April 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Neenah High School

A Resolution to Admit Ukraine to The North Atlantic Treaty Organization

- 1 **WHEREAS,** The country of Ukraine is in an armed conflict with Russia; and
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- 3 **WHEREAS,** As they need armaments and support from other countries they applied to
4 become a member of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO); and
5 **WHEREAS,** To join NATO Ukraine needs the support from the member countries of the
6 organization; and
7 **WHEREAS,** With the the support of the United States it would persuade other member
8 countries who are currently not admitting Ukraine to also admit them; and
9 be it,
10 **RESOLVED,** That the Congress here assembled recommends that the United States
11 admits Ukraine to NATO.

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Introduced for Congressional Debate by Waupaca High School.