A Resolution to Disallow the Use of Public Roads for Motorsports

- 1 WHEREAS, Motorsports block off and use public roads for events and races; and
- 2 WHEREAS, This results in high volumes of traffic, crowds, and dangerous conditions for citizens
 3 and participants; and
- 4 WHEREAS, Deaths and accidents as well as interruptions to local life occur during these events; and
- 5 WHEREAS, The use of public areas for auto racing endangers and impacts the lives of citizens; now, 6 therefore, be it
- **RESOLVED,** That the Student Congress here assembled calls for a ban on the use of public roads for
 motorsports.

Respectfully submitted,

Savannah Vasden Sarasota High School

A Bill to Provide Sight and Hearing Exams for High School Students

1	SECTION 1.	The Department of Health and Human Services shall provide mandatory sight and
2		hearing examinations to high school students every year.
3	SECTION 2.	A. "High school students" will be defined as any person between the ages of 12 and 21
4		and enrolled in grades 9-12, regardless of educational institution or homeschool status.
5		B. Sight and hearing exams will be conducted by medical professionals and up to
6		medical standard for every student. The exams may be administered in schools, in a
7		doctor's office, or at a facility designated by the Department.
8		C. The results of sight and hearing exams conducted under this bill shall be furnished to
9		parents or guardians but shall otherwise be considered protected health information.
10	SECTION 3.	A. The Department of Health and Human Services shall be responsible for enforcing the
11		provisions of this bill.
12		B. Every year, \$40 million will be allocated for the provisions of this bill by the
13		Department of Health and Human Services.
14	SECTION 4.	The provisions of this bill shall take effect on August 1, 2024.
15	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Mariann Segura Carrollwood Day School

H.R. 803

A Bill to Ban Animal Testing in the United States

1	SECTION 1.	The United States Congress shall prohibit the act of animal testing in all 50 states and in
2		any United States territory.
3	SECTION 2.	A. Animal Testing is defined as any procedure performed on a living animal for the
4		purpose of research into diseases, assessing the effectiveness of new medicinal products,
5		or testing the human health and safety of consumer products such as cosmetics or
6		pharmaceuticals.
7		B. The Congress finds that all instances of animal testing have the potential to cause
8		animals physical and psychological distress; that an estimated 50 million experiments
9		take place in the United States per year; and that the banning of these actions is
10		necessary to prevent animal abuse.
11	SECTION 3.	A. The Department of Agriculture shall be responsible for enforcing the provisions of
12		this bill.
13		B. Any businesses or corporations who take part in experimentation on animals will be
14		fined at least \$500,000 and will have their license suspended or revoked.
15	SECTION 4.	The provisions of this bill shall take effect immediately upon passage.
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Kaylee Gibbs Newsome High School

A Bill to Prohibit Legacy Admissions in Higher Education

1	SECTION 1.	The Department of Education will investigate and prohibit the use of legacy admissions
2		in higher education, both private and public, by admitting students using a merit-based
3		approach.
4	SECTION 2.	A. Legacy admissions shall be defined as giving preferential treatment to children of
5		alumni and donors to boost a student's odds in the admissions process.
6		B. An applicant shall be accepted or denied into a university utilizing a merit-based
7		approach that highlights achievements and individuality throughout their high school
8		experience.
9	SECTION 3.	A. The Department of Education shall be responsible for enforcing the provisions of this
10		bill.
11		B. Consequences for noncompliance of this bill shall mean a loss of state funding to
12		public universities and a fine to private universities respectively.
13	SECTION 4.	The provisions of this bill shall take effect on January 1, 2025.
14	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Aidan Lopez Paul R. Wharton High School

A Resolution to Recognize the 1944 Deportation of Crimean Tatars as a Cultural Genocide

1	WHEREAS,	The UN Convention for the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide
2		criminalizes several acts with the intent to destroy an ethnic or racial group; and
3	WHEREAS,	The Soviet Union cynically deported over 200,000 Crimean Tatars from their homeland,
4		to destroy Tatar culture; and
5	WHEREAS,	The mass deportation of Crimean Tatars has led to Crimean Tatars to be economically
6		and socially disadvantaged within modern-day Crimea; and
7	WHEREAS,	The Russian government has refused to give reparations and recognition to the atrocities
8		that the Soviet Union perpetrated; now, therefore, be it
9	RESOLVED,	That the Congress here assembled recognizes the mass slaughter and deportation of
10		Crimean Tatars during 1944, as a genocide against the Crimean Tatar people, as it was
11		committed with the intent to destroy a group of people by deliberately inflicting
12		conditions of life to cause the destruction of Crimean Tatar culture; and be it
13	FURTHER RI	ESOLVED, That the Congress strongly encourages the United Nations, other
14		non-governmental organizations, and nations to do the same.

Respectfully submitted,

Carlos Bonilla Admiral Farragut Academy

A Bill to Fund the Construction of Nuclear Power Plants

1	SECTION 1.	The United States shall allocate energy funds to the promotion of nuclear power and the
2		phasing out of harmful energy sources.
3	SECTION 2.	A. As used herein, "nuclear power" shall be defined as any equipment or facility using
4		nuclear reactors in the production of electricity.
5		B. As used herein, "harmful energy sources" shall include oil, gas, coal, and other
6		sources whose use emits levels of greenhouse gases found to be damaging to the
7		environment.
8	SECTION 3.	A. The Department of Energy shall be responsible for enforcing the provisions of this
9		bill.
10		B. The Department shall allocate \$20 billion annually to implement this bill.
11		C. Funds allocated under this bill shall be used primarily for the planning, design,
12		construction, and maintenance of nuclear generating facilities. Funding shall be
13		distributed based upon the need for additional energy resources and the environmental
14		impact of the existing energy infrastructure.
15	SECTION 4.	The provisions of this bill shall take effect on January 1, 2025.
		The provisions of this off shall take effect on suitury 1, 2023.

Respectfully submitted,

Winter Carbajal Robinson High School

A Resolution to End All United States Sanctions on Venezuela

1	WHEREAS,	Since 2017, the United States has imposed significant sanctions on the Venezuelan
2		economy, restricting the sale of most goods to Venezuela in an effort to induce a change
3		in regime; and
4	WHEREAS,	The substantial imposition of US sanctions has resulted in the Venezuelan government
5		losing more than \$30 billion in revenue, severely damaging the Venezuelan economy;
6		and
7	WHEREAS,	Millions of Venezuelans have endured significant poverty and hyperinflation as a
8		consequence of the sanctions imposed on their country by the United States; and
9	WHEREAS,	These sanctions have consistently fallen short of achieving their objective of compelling
10		a change in regime; now, therefore, be it
11	RESOLVED,	That the Congress here assembled calls for the termination of all United States sanctions
12		imposed on the nation of Venezuela.

Respectfully submitted,

Sabrina Sanchez Carrollwood Day School

H.R. 808

A Bill to Ban Billboards on U.S. Roads

1	SECTION 1.	All private billboards and advertisements shall be removed from roads in the United
2		States, and new ones shall not be constructed.
3	SECTION 2.	A. Private is defined as ownership by a non-government entity.
4		B. A billboard is defined as a large outdoor board for displaying advertisements.
5		C. An advertisement is defined as a notice or announcement in a public medium
6		promoting a product, service, or event or publicizing a job vacancy.
7	SECTION 3.	A. The Federal Highway Administration shall be responsible for enforcing the
8		provisions of this bill.
9		B. The funding for removing already existing billboards shall be \$35,000,000 taken
10		from the Highway Trust Fund.
11		C. A committee shall be established in the Federal Highway Administration to remove
12		private billboards and advertisements from U.S. roads.
13		D. New billboards constructed shall be fined the cost of removing the billboard and
14		\$500, which shall fund the committee.
15	SECTION 4.	The provisions of this bill shall take effect 2 years after passage.
16	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Matthew Pentolfe St. Petersburg High School

A Resolution to Abolish Animal Testing

- 1 **WHEREAS,** Animal testing is unethical and inhumane; and
- 2 WHEREAS, Animals are being forced to endure painful experimentation; and
- 3 WHEREAS, Animals' physical and psychological distress is a certain consequence of testing; and
- 4 **WHEREAS,** This practice has been normalized tracing back to decades ago; and
- 5 WHEREAS, Cruel practices should not be tolerated in the United States; now, therefore, be it
- 6 **RESOLVED,** That the Student Congress here assembled demands that animal testing be abolished.

Respectfully submitted,

Genesis Pena Suarez Sarasota High School

A Resolution to Increase Federal Funding for Public Schools

1	WHEREAS,	Public schools in the United States are underfunded and ill-equipped to manage the
2		current needs of students; and
3	WHEREAS,	Lack of resources and support for teachers lead to decreased teacher retention rates; and
4	WHEREAS,	The quality of education for students decreases while necessary federal funding is
5		withheld; and
6	WHEREAS,	The nation continues to be adversely impacted by lack of vital federal funding for public
7		schools; now, therefore, be it
8	RESOLVED,	That the Student Congress here assembled assembled demands that the federal
9		government allocate increased funding to be utilized by public schools.

Respectfully submitted,

Andrew Light Sarasota High School

A Bill to Regulate Prior Authorization in Healthcare

1	SECTION 1.	The United States shall hereby ban all requirements of prior authorization and approval
2		by both private and public health insurance agencies by the agency's clients and/or their
3		client's medical caretakers in any medical decisions relating to the patient that do not
4		exceed the cost of \$10,000 USD and/or has been deemed as medically necessary and
5		urgent by the medical caretaker of the patient.
6	SECTION 2.	"Prior Authorization" shall be defined as the requirement of authorization (as by an
7		insurer) that is required prior to performance of a health-care service (such as a surgery
8		or prescription of a drug).
9	SECTION 3.	A. The Center for Consumer Information and Insurance Oversight and the Federal
10		Insurance Office shall be responsible for enforcing the provisions of this bill.
11		B. All preexisting contracts that are found in violation of this bill are to be renegotiated
12		by the parties involved so as to be in compliance with this bill by October 1, 2025.
13		C. Failure of the aforementioned parties to reach an agreement in compliance with this
14		bill by the deadline will result in the immediate rescission of the contract and any
15		obligations of both parties brought into existence by the contract.
16	SECTION 4.	The provisions of this bill shall take effect on October 1, 2025.
17	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Thomas Gross St. Petersburg High School

A Bill to Require Household Pets to Be Secured in Moving Vehicles

1	SECTION 1.	States receiving federal highway funds shall adopt legislation requiring household pets
2		be properly secured in motor vehicles traveling on public roads.
3	SECTION 2.	A. As used herein, "household pets" shall be defined as any animal commonly kept for
4		companionship and carried in the enclosed part of a motor vehicle, except for service
5		animals that must be free to perform their service functions.
6		B. As used herein, an animal is "properly secured" if it is held fast by means of a
7		seatbelt, crate, or other form of protective utility.
8	SECTION 3.	A. The Department of Transportation shall be responsible for enforcing the provisions
9		of this bill.
10		B. States that fail to adopt legislation in accordance with the provisions of this bill shall
11		have 10% of their federal highway funds withheld until they comply.
12	SECTION 4.	The provisions of this bill shall take effect 2 years after passage.
13	SECTION 5.	All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Harshita Ragavendran Robinson High School

A Resolution to Replace the Gas Tax with a Mileage Tax

1	WHEREAS,	Every day, more vehicles are put onto the road that do not require the use of gasoline or
2		diesel fuel; and
3	WHEREAS,	The Highway Trust Fund is highly dependent on the revenue of the nationwide gas tax
4		to maintain its function; and
5	WHEREAS,	The Highway Trust Fund is the largest source of government funding to improve road
6		conditions; and
7	WHEREAS,	The revenue from the gas tax will slowly deplete, leaving the Highway Trust Fund
8		unable to fulfill its duties; and
9	WHEREAS,	A nationwide mileage tax based upon the number of miles driven would not only be
10		sustainable but also apply to every single vehicle on the road; now, therefore, be it
11	RESOLVED,	That the Student Congress here assembled calls for the creation of a nationwide mileage
12		tax and the removal of the nationwide gas tax.

Respectfully submitted,

FGCCFL

A Resolution to Protect the Right to Vote

1	WHEREAS,	States routinely impose restrictions on the right to vote, from early registration deadlines
2		to burdensome identification requirements to limitations on absentee voting; and
3	WHEREAS,	These restrictions have a disparate impact on persons of color, women, young and
4		elderly voters, persons with disabilities, and the poor; and
5	WHEREAS,	The right to vote is too important to be subject to these restrictions; and
6	WHEREAS,	The courts have found that such restrictions are, in most cases, constitutional; and
7	WHEREAS,	The Fourteenth Amendment provides a remedy by reducing the congressional
8		apportionment of states that prevent qualified voters from voting; and
9	WHEREAS,	The Nineteenth and Twenty-Sixth Amendments permit the extension of this remedy to
10		protect women and voters between 18 and 20 years of age; and
11	WHEREAS,	This provision of the Constitution has rarely been invoked but is needed now more than
12		ever; now, therefore, be it
13	RESOLVED,	That the Student Congress here assembled calls for a proportional reduction in the
14		apportionment of states that impose any obstacles to voting, except on the basis of
15		felony conviction, as provided in Section 2 of the Fourteenth Amendment.

Respectfully submitted,

FGCCFL