



Idaho District 3

Fall 2023

Legislation Packet

2023 Fall Legislation Packet

Table of Contents

- A. A Bill to Restore Voting Rights of Felons
- B. A Bill to Remove the Statute of Limitations on Human Trafficking Crimes
- C. A Bill to Limit Corporate Resale to a Maximum of 20% Mark Up to Limit Corporate Greed
- D. A Bill to Begin the Construction of Teenage Crisis Centers to Enhance and Save Lives
- E. A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Implement a Maximum Age for Senators
- F. A Bill to Reduce the Teacher Shortage
- G. A Bill to Require Types of Schools to be Federally Maintained
- H. A Bill to Condense Cities to Reduce Suburban Sprawl
- I. A Bill to Grant Statehood to Washington, D.C.
- J. A Bill to Make the Wild Turkey the National Bird
- K. A Bill to Cap the Costs of Epinephrine Autoinjectors
- L. A Bill to Ban Damaging Content
- M. A Bill to Improve Digital Transparency
- N. A Bill to Remove Religious Tax Exemptions
- O. A Resolution to Add Term Limits to State Senators and State Representatives
- P. A Bill to Create a Universal Voter Registration System
- Q. A Bill to Increase Military Employee Pay
- R. A Bill to Create a National Age of Consent to Protect Underage Citizens
- S. A Resolution to Encourage Preservation of Nuclear Power
- T. A Bill to Regulate Hormone Therapy to Protect Minors
- U. A Bill to Ban Adult Criminal Charges for Juveniles
- V. A Bill to Adopt Rank Choice Voting for Presidential Elections
- W. A Bill to Limit the Process to Become a United States Citizen to Decrease Illegal Immigration
- X. A Bill to Abolish Plea Bargains

A Bill to Restore Voting Rights of Felons

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. A. Any disqualification from voting arising from a felony conviction, excepting those offenses listed in Section B, shall terminate and voting rights shall be restored upon completion of all terms of sentence including parole or probation.

B. No person convicted of murder or a felony sexual offense shall be qualified to vote until restoration of civil rights through state or federal clemency.

SECTION 2. Voting rights shall be defined as the right to vote for any level of office. Felony shall be defined as the highest level of offense in the eyes of the law.

SECTION 3. The US Department of Justice will oversee the functions of this bill.

A. Shall the functions of this bill not be followed 10% of state court funding will be revoked.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2024.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Borah High School.

A Bill to Remove the Statute of Limitations on Human Trafficking Crimes

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** The United States will remove the statute of limitations from all federal
2 human trafficking crimes, permitting these crimes to be prosecuted at any
3 point in the perpetrator's lifespan.
- 4 **SECTION 2.** A Statute of Limitation is the designated amount of time in which a crime
5 can be prosecuted after the event. The current statute of limitations for
6 human trafficking is 10 years. If the victim was a minor, the statute of
7 limitations is 10 years after they turn 18. Human trafficking crimes are
8 defined by U.S. Law as the use of force, fraud, or coercion to compel a
9 person into labor/services or commercial sex acts without their consent.
- 10 A. This bill can retroactively apply to cases dismissed on grounds of the
11 statute of limitations.
- 12 B. This will not, however, retroactively apply to cases where a verdict is
13 found or dismissed for another reason.
- 14 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice will oversee the enforcement and
15 implementation of this bill.
- 16 A. If a party is found in violation of this bill, they will be fined and
17 prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.
- 18 B. If found guilty, the party in question will be sentenced to up to two
19 years in prison and fined \$2 million.
- 20 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July 1, 2024. All laws in conflict with this
21 legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Mountain View High School.

A Bill to Limit Corporate Resale to a Maximum of 20% Mark Up to Limit Corporate Greed

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. Corporations will not be permitted to sell any product for more than 20% what it costs to make.

SECTION 2. A corporation is defined as a legal entity that is created by individuals, stockholders, or shareholders with the purpose of operating for profit. A product is defined as an article or substance that is manufactured or refined for sale.

SECTION 3. The Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) in conjunction with the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) will oversee this legislation. Any corporation found trying to resell any product for more than 20% of what it costs to make will be fined the mark up value that they made per unit sold above the maximum market value.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take full effect on July 4th, 2024. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Meridian High School

A Bill to Begin the Construction of Teenage Crisis Centers to Enhance and Save Lives

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** State and Local Governments, in conjunction with all state school boards,
3 will begin the creation of Mental Health Crisis Centers for Teenagers
4 experiencing mental health emergencies to allow them access to
5 necessary lifesaving mental health services to protect themselves and
6 those around them. Every school district will decide along with State and
7 local governments where these centers will be built in the districts.

8 **SECTION 2.** State and Local Governments, in conjunction with all state school boards,
9 will begin the creation of Mental Health Crisis Centers for Teenagers
10 experiencing mental health emergencies to allow them access to
11 necessary lifesaving mental health services to protect themselves and
12 those around them. Every school district will decide along with State and
13 local governments where these centers will be built in the districts.

14 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Health and Human Services and The Substance Abuse
15 and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA) will collaborate
16 with State Governments and State Educational Boards to ensure the
17 execution of this bill and the creation of the crisis centers.

- 18 A. The funding for this bill will come from a reallocation of the
19 Department of Defense's budget.
20 B. The amount will be 15 billion or approximately 2% of the Department
21 of Defense's Budget.
22 C. Each State will be given a portion of the bill's budget based on
23 student populations. This bill's funding is perpetual and will be
24 revaluated yearly based on State compliance and use.
25 D. States that do comply will be eligible to apply for additional federal
26 grants for general education and or mental health services.

27 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect at the start of fiscal year 2025.

28 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
Introduced for Congressional Debate by Columbia High School

A Resolution to Amend the Constitution to Implement a Maximum Age For Senators in The United States Congress

1 **RESOLVED,** By two-thirds of the Congress here assembled, that the following article is
2 proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, which
3 shall be valid to all intents and purposes as part of the Constitution when
4 ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states within
5 seven years from the date of its submission by the Congress:

6 **ARTICLE --**

7 **SECTION 1:** Amendment– proposes the following: U.S. Constitution,
8 Article I, Section 3, Clause 3 which reads: *“No Person shall be*
9 *a Senator who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty*
10 *Years, and been nine Years a Citizen of the United States, and*
11 *who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State*
12 *for which he shall be chosen and who shall not, when*
13 *elected, be an Inhabitant of that State for which he shall be*
14 *chosen, nor who has turned 65 years of age prior to a*
15 *pending election”*. U.S. Constitution, Article I, Section 3,
16 Clause 3 which reads as follows: *No Person shall be a*
17 *Senator who shall not have attained to the Age of thirty*
18 *Years, and been nine Years a Citizen of the United States, and*
19 *who shall not, when elected, be an Inhabitant of that State*
20 *for which he shall be chosen.*

21
22
23 **SECTION 2:** The Congress shall have the power to enforce this article
24 with the appropriation of this legislature. This legislation will
25 take effect January 1st, 2028. All laws in conflict with this
26 legislation are hereby declared null and void.
27
28

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Rocky Mountain High School.

A Bill to Reduce the Teacher Shortage

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** All students who are duly enrolled in public colleges and universities and are
3 pursuing a course of study in the field of education for grades K-12 shall
4 receive a fifty percent (50%) subsidy for their educational expenses.

5 **SECTION 2.** Public colleges and universities shall refer to educational institutions that are
6 publicly funded and operated by the government, and which provide post-
7 secondary education. Such institutions shall be distinguished from private
8 institutions of higher learning.

9 Studying education shall refer specifically to the pursuit of coursework and
10 academic programs that are directly related to the preparation and training
11 of individuals for careers as teachers in elementary, middle, or high schools,
12 as defined by the applicable state or federal laws and regulations.

13 **SECTION 3.** The United States Department of Education will oversee the implementation
14 and specific enforcement mechanism of this bill.

15 A. Any institution of higher education that does not receive federal funding
16 for educational purposes may submit a formal request or application to
17 the Department of Education.

18 B. The Department of Education shall be subject to a reduction in funding
19 of no more than 5% per annum for each college or university for which it
20 fails to provide subsidies.

21 C. This legislation shall apply solely to individuals who were enrolled in
22 college on the date of its enactment. The subsidies provided under this
23 legislation shall cease to apply once the affected students have
24 graduated or withdrawn from the institution of higher education.

25 D. All funding for this legislation will be taken from the Department of
26 Defense.

27 **SECTION 4.** This bill will take effect at the start of the fiscal year of 2024.

28 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Skyview High School.

A Bill to Require Types of Schools to be Federally Maintained

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** Upon passage of this legislation, all schools that receive federal funding
3 will also be maintained similar to government buildings. This means all of
4 these schools should have adequate drinking water, properly flow air
5 vents, fully functioning heaters and so on.

6 **SECTION 2.** Federally owned shall be defined as any building, office or business that in some
7 way is owned by the American government. And maintained will be
8 defined as kept in proper conditions, specifically kept as nice and tidy as
9 most federally own places.

10 **SECTION 3.** The US Department of Education shall jointly enforce this bill with The
11 General Services Administration. Funding will come from a 5% cut in the
12 US Military budget.

13 A. The GSA will be responsible with making sure all schools are
14 checked once a semester. If the schools has issued, they will
15 fixed as soon as possible.

16 B. Schools that refuse to change their old equipment will be
17 fined as judged by the GSA and DoE. Schools that have
18 multiple infractions will also receive instructions for major
19 remodels, possibly resulting in digital education till the
20 building is consider safe.

21 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2024.

22 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Renaissance High School.

A Bill to Condense Cities to Reduce Suburban Sprawl

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** This bill will establish Urban growth boundaries and change
2 zoning laws to allow for taller buildings and designated areas for mixed use
3 development. This will also offer financial incentives such as tax breaks to
4 developers who build high density mixed use projects in these designated
5 areas. Finally, it will improve infrastructure by improving sewage lines,
6 utilities, and public transportation to support denser populations.
- 7 **SECTION 2.** Urban Growth Boundaries: This is a boundary set to where
8 the city and developers cannot expand to.
- 9 Mixed use development: A type of zoning/ city planning that
10 mixes residential, commercial, and other various uses for land.
- 11 **SECTION 3.** The passage of this bill would enstate a new state agency
12 called The Department of Urban Land Management.
- 13 A. This department will organize and give the financial incentives for the
14 developers; they will also organize and plan the improvement of
15 infrastructure needed for city growth.
- 16 B. Financial incentives can be tax breaks and partial coverage of costs but
17 are not limited to these things.
- 18 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2024. All laws
19 in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Capital High School.

A Bill to Grant Statehood to Washington, D.C.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** The area commonly known as Washington, D.C shall henceforth be granted
2 statehood. The new commonwealth shall be admitted to the Union on an
3 equal footing with the other states. The new state shall take the title of
4 East Washington. Upon enactment, the current mayor shall call for an
5 election to be held within 90 days to elect 1 Representative for The House
6 and 2 members for The U.S. Senate. The commonwealth’s jurisdiction shall
7 exclude all federal buildings and monuments and it may not impose taxes
8 on federal property. The excluded jurisdictions shall be referred to as “The
9 Capital.”
10
- 11 **SECTION 2.** Commonwealth is as a self-governing unit that is voluntarily grouped
12
- 13 **SECTION 3.** The bill establishes the Statehood Transition Commission to advise the
14 President, Congress, Capital and Commonwealth leaders on the transition.
15
- 16 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect upon requisite passage by Congress and
17 signature of the President. All laws in conflict with this legislation are
18 hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Middleton High School.

A Bill to Make the Wild Turkey the National Bird

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** This bill will change the National Bird of the United States of America to the
- 2 Wild American Turkey. All Americans Seals will show the Wild Turkey
- 3 instead of the Bald Eagle.
- 4 **SECTION 2.** The Official National Bird will appear everywhere the Bald Eagle currently
- 5 does, as part of the American Symbols in places, such as official
- 6 documents, passports and currency.
- 7 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of State will oversee the enforcement of the new
- 8 Seal of the United States
- 9 A. The design will be determined by a committee on the conversion of the
- 10 National Bird, but will include an olive branch as is currently constituted
- 11 B. The design will be approved and dedicated to adjoin the passage of the law
- 12 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on November 28, 2024. All laws in conflict
- 13 with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Caldwell High School.

A Bill to Cap the Costs of Epinephrine Autoinjectors

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** A \$250 price ceiling will be set for the cost of Epinephrine Autoinjectors
2 for those who do not have access to insurance.

3 **SECTION 2.** The following definitions will apply:

4 A. Price ceiling is defined as “limit on the price of a good or service.”

5 B. An Epinephrine Autoinjector is defined as “A device used to
6 automatically inject a pre-measured dose of epinephrine into the
7 muscle for treatment of a severe allergic reaction (anaphylaxis).

8 **SECTION 3.** The Food and Drug Administration shall oversee and enforce compliance.

9 A. Penalties for noncompliance would include \$10,000 for first offense
10 and \$50,000 for subsequent offenses.

11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025.

12 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bishop Kelly High School.

A Bill to Ban Damaging Content

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** All digital content that is or will be rated NC-17, R, MA , M, A, or the
2 equivalent thereof, will no longer be produced, distributed, owned, or
3 viewed in the United States of America.
- 4 **SECTION 2.** Digital content will be defined as any content that exists in the form of
5 digital data.
- 6 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Department of Commerce will oversee implementation of this bill.
- 7 A. Within the first six months of the legislation taking effect, all current
8 digital content rated NC-17, R, MA, M, A, or the equivalent thereof, will
9 be removed and blocked from all digital platforms, and any physical
10 mediums containing the aforementioned content will be properly
11 disposed of.
- 12 B. Any company caught producing, promoting, or selling digital content
13 rated NC-17, R, MA, M, A, or the equivalent thereof, will be fined
14 anywhere between one hundred thousand dollars and one million
15 dollars. They will also be at risk of being banned from conducting
16 business in the United States.
- 17 C. Any person caught with content rated NC-17, R, MA, M, A, or the
18 equivalent thereof, will be fined at least five thousand dollars and serve
19 at least one month in prison.
- 20 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with
21 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Caldwell High School.

A Bill to Improve Digital Transparency

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** Technology companies are hereby required to disclose all third parties that
2 user data is sold to or shared with. A general description of the content of
3 the data shared or sold must also be included. This information must be
4 disclosed to the specific user that the data is associated with in a
5 reasonable timeframe after the data is sold or shared.
- 6 **SECTION 2.** To disclose is to make information available to the user. A technology
7 company is a company that provides a digital product or service. User data
8 is data directly provided by the user or collected by the technology
9 company about their use of the product or service. A third party is an
10 entity other than the user or the tech company that handles user data
11 directly from the tech company.
- 12 **SECTION 3.** Enforcement will be overseen by the Federal Trade Commission (FTC). The
13 FTC will receive and monitor reports of violation, and conduct investigation
14 on credible reports. Companies found guilty in court can be fined in
15 proportion to the value of the relevant data at the discretion of the judge.
- 16 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with
17 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Timberline High School.

A Bill to Remove Religious Tax Exemptions

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** Religious institutions can no longer qualify to receive tax-exempt status
2 through the Internal Revenue Code Section 501(c)(3).

3 **SECTION 2.** Religious institutions shall be defined as “Churches, temples, mosques
4 and other places of worship and institutions that exist to support and
5 manage the practice of a specific set of religious beliefs” in accordance
6 with the definition provided by the UNESCO Institute for Statistics (UIS).

7 **SECTION 3.** The Internal Revenue Service (IRS) will oversee the implementation of
8 this bill.

9 A. Enforcement will take place through normal means of tax auditing.

10 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025.

11 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bishop Kelly High School.

A Resolution to Add Term Limits to State Senators and State Representatives

- 1 **WHEREAS,** This resolution is to add a constitutions amendment that requires and
2 enforces term limits on State Senators and State Representatives to
3 serving only two terms in their respective positions; and
- 4 **WHEREAS,** U.S. Senators and Representatives have resided in office for terms that
5 have exceeded reasonable lengths; and
- 6 **WHEREAS,** Young U.S. Citizens are not receiving proper representation in federal
7 office of their beliefs; and
- 8 **WHEREAS,** Term limits will cycle fresh representatives through federal offices and
9 better represent the American people; now, therefore, be it
- 10 **RESOLVED,** That the Congress here assembled make the following recommendation
11 for solution to solve for term limits.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Vallivue High School.

A Bill to Create a Universal Voter Registration System

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** A Universal Voter Registration System (UVRs) will be created to improve
- 2 the registration process for all elections in the United States.
- 3 **SECTION 2.** The Universal Voter Registration System shall be modeled after the current
- 4 system utilized in Canada.
- 5 **SECTION 3.** The FEC (Federal Elections Commission) shall be responsible for creating
- 6 and implementing the system which shall be utilized in all states and
- 7 territories for all elections.
- 8 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with
- 9 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ridgevue High School

A Bill to Increase Military Employee Pay

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The base pay for all active-duty military employees will be increased to
3 seventy-five thousand U.S. dollars (\$75,000) a year.

4 **SECTION 2.** "Base Pay" will be defined as the minimum pay for a certain individual.
5 "Active-duty military Employee" will be defined as an individual who is in
6 full-time service to any of the U.S. Armed Forces.

7 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Defense will oversee the implementation and specific
8 enforcement mechanism of this bill.

9 A. Funding for this bill will be obtained from the Department of Defense.

10 B. Any individual who does not get paid the base pay may submit a formal
11 request or application to the Department of Defense.

12 C. Any Branch of the Armed Services shall be subject to a 10% funding
13 reduction if found not complying with this legislation.

14 D. "Section One (1)" and "Section Three (3) Sub-Section A" may be
15 amended by a Congressional Committee every four years upon this
16 legislation taking effect.

17 **SECTION 4.** This bill will take effect at the start of the fiscal year of 2026.

18 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Skyview High School.

A Bill to Create a National Age of Consent to Protect Underage Citizens

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** The lack of a nationally standardized age of consent does not adequately
3 protect minors. In order to protect them, a national age of consent is
4 necessary. This legislation will dignify 18 as the national age of consent
5 for the United States.

6 **SECTION 2.** Age of consent will be defined as the age a person must reach to give
7 consent to sexual intercourse or sexual activity with an adult. Sexual
8 activity will be defined as intentional action, either directly or through the
9 clothing, that involves one's genitalia, anus, groin, breast, inner thigh, or
10 buttocks of any person with an intent to abuse, humiliate, harass,
11 degrade, or arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person.

12 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice will oversee the implementation of this
13 legislation.

14 **SECTION 4.** This legislation shall take effect on January 1, 2024

15 **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Owyhee High School.

A Resolution to Encourage Preservation of Nuclear Power

- 1 **WHEREAS,** Nuclear power plants are enduring a great increase in decommission and
2 permanent shut down; and
- 3 **WHEREAS,** in a fight for green energy, Nuclear Power has proven to have an
4 effectual net benefit on United States electricity infrastructure; and
- 5 **WHEREAS,** the decommission and shutdown of Nuclear power has caused a great
6 increase in expulsion of gasses via fossil fuel combustion and overall
7 higher demand for electricity; and
- 8 **WHEREAS,** Renewable energy has proven to be insufficient in its regions where it
9 stands independent without fossil fuel power plants adjacent; and, be it
- 10 **RESOLVED,** That the Congress here assembled Encourage the Nuclear Regulatory
11 Commission (NRC) and Department of Electricity (DOE) to implement
12 greater safety measures to preserve the safety and upkeep of nuclear
13 power plants.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Renaissance High School.

A Bill to Regulate Hormone Therapy to Protect Minors

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** In this bill we plan to have a minimum age of 18 to take hormone
2 therapy with the intent to transition from one gender to another.

3 **SECTION 2.** Hormone therapy: the use of hormones in a medical treatment;
4 however, this medical treatment can differ from being a treatment for cancer or
5 menopause. The specific hormone therapy addressed in this bill is feminizing/
6 masculinizing hormone therapy where the treatment is to alter one's gender.
7 Transgender: Someone who identifies as the gender that they were not born as.
8 The intent to transition: When one wants to go through hormone therapy, cosmetic
9 surgery or other procedures to change their gender.

10 **SECTION 3.** The CDC will oversee this bill.

11 A. The CDC will oversee hormone distribution and regulation.

12 B. If underaged minors are found in possession of hormone altering medications the
13 guardians will be fined. If hormone therapy is continued after the initial fine
14 guardians may be put on trial.

15 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on July, 1st 2024. All laws in conflict with
16 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Capital High School.

A Bill to Ban Adult Criminal Charges for Juveniles

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** No juvenile may be tried as an adult in any court of law regardless of the
2 degree of the offense. This does not pertain to infractions or violations.
3 Convicted juveniles must be held in a juvenile facility until they reach age
4 18 after which they may be transferred to an adult facility.
- 5 **SECTION 2.** A juvenile shall be defined as a persons under the legal age of 18.
- 6 **SECTION 3.** The US Department of Justice will oversee and shall work with local courts
7 to make sure the proper procedures are being followed. If local courts
8 choose to ignore the strict rules of this bill then 35% of funding from their
9 judiciary funding will be pulled.
- 10 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with
11 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Borah High School.

A Bill to Adopt Rank Choice Voting for Presidential Elections

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

- 1 **SECTION 1.** This legislation will change the process of electing the President of the
2 United States to rank choice voting.
- 3 **SECTION 2.** Rank choice voting is defined as any system for counting votes that gives
4 voters the option to rank their choices in order of preference.
- 5 **SECTION 3.** The Federal Election Commission (FEC) will be in charge of implementing
6 the steps necessary, in conjunction with state and local governments, in
7 implementing this law.
- 8 A. The FEC will have fiat power to do what is necessary to carry out the
9 process to meet the laws' requirements.
- 10 B. State and local governments will do what is necessary at their levels of
11 authority to support this mandate.
- 12 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2026. All laws in conflict with
13 this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Ridgevue High School

A Bill to Limit the Process to Become a United States Citizen to Decrease Illegal Immigration

1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

2 **SECTION 1.** This bill will reduce the requirements and specify eligibility to becoming a
3 U.S. citizen.

4 **SECTION 2.** A United States citizen will be defined as a resident of the U.S. or U.S.
5 territories who uphold the right to live, work, and serve in the United
6 States' territorial limits. An illegal immigrant will be defined as a foreign
7 person living in another country without official authorization or
8 documentation from that country's government.

9 **SECTION 3.** The U.S. Citizenship and Immigration Services and U.S. Department of
10 Homeland Security will oversee the implementation and enforcement of
11 these regulations.

12 A. Regulations and restrictions stated below will be initially reviewed
13 and changed upon passage, and others may be requested for revision
14 after 2030.

15 a. Reduce citizenship application age to 16.

16 b. Remove requirement, "Of good moral character."

17 c. Reduce Permanent Resident (Green) Card holding from 5
18 years to 3 years.

19 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2025. All laws in conflict
20 with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Meridian High School

A Bill to Abolish Plea Bargains

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** All plea bargaining hereby should not be permissible in all federal courts of
2 law.

3 **SECTION 2.** Plea bargaining shall be defined as an agreement between a defendant and
4 prosecutor in which the defendant pleads guilty or no contest in exchange
5 for the prosecution to drop or reduce the charges or recommend a specific
6 sentence to the judge.

7 **SECTION 3.** The Department of Justice shall enforce the implementation of this
8 legislation.

9 A. If the prosecution is found proposing a plea deal, they are in violation
10 of this bill and shall be faced with civil penalties of \$100,000 or more.

11 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2025. All laws in conflict with
this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Mountain View High School.