A Bill to Protect Reproductive Rights

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. No state shall enact a law that criminally or civilly punishes a patient for obtaining an abortion, or one that criminally or civilly punishes a medical professional for providing an abortion using appropriate medical procedures.

SECTION 2. Punishment is defined as deprivation of freedom or property. An abortion is defined as the elective ending of a pregnancy.

SECTION 3. The U.S. Attorney General will take action against any state that enforces any law that punishes a patient or healthcare provider for participation in an abortion in order to invalidate that law in federal courts. Any patient who is punished for obtaining an abortion, or any health care provider who is punished for providing same, will have the right to seek remedy in federal courts.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on November 18, 2021. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Olivia Clardy, Glenwood High School.
WHEREAS, College tuition at both public and private institutions have increased 10 fold in the last five decades and
WHEREAS, 43.2 million Americans now owe $1.57 trillion in federal student debt, on average over 30 thousands dollars each; resulting in 30% of borrowers being late or in default within 6 years of graduation.
WHEREAS, Borrowers have put off buying a home, getting married and having children; and
WHEREAS, Graduates are settling for lower paying, lower skilled jobs in order to begin paying off loans sooner; and
WHEREAS, College enrollment was down by 600,000 this past year and has steadily declined over the last decade; and postponing higher education can have implications for upward mobility, especially for students of color and women, who attend college at higher rates; and
WHEREAS, Students were charged regular tuition for a lesser education during the Covid-19 Pandemic.
RESOLVED, That the Congress here assembled allow for and encourage the Biden Administration to forgive all Federal Student Debt.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Bloomington HS Speech & Debate Team.
BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. 
A. Any and all current and future laws, federal or state, requiring a photo ID to vote shall not restrict what types of IDs are allowed so long as the ID provides a picture and name of an individual who wishes to vote.
B. Any and all current and future laws, federal or state, requiring a photo ID to vote shall include at least 2 forms of ID that do not require money to obtain.

SECTION 2. 
A. “Forms of ID that do not require money to obtain” shall refer to any ID that does not include a cost, direct or indirect, to obtain.
B. If a form of ID requires the spending of money on something that is not the ID itself, it is considered requiring an indirect cost that is subject to Section 2, Part a).

SECTION 3. 
The Department of Justice shall oversee the implementation of this law.
A. The Department of Justice may sue any state, municipality, or other entity found to be out of compliance with the terms of this law.
B. Any entity proven by a Federal Court to be in noncompliance faces a fine of up to $20,000 per violation.

SECTION 4. 
This legislation will take effect immediately upon passage. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by University High School Speech and Debate.