WHEREAS, Tribal colleges in the United States lack adequate funding, and
WHEREAS, The communities they serve are already chronically exploited, and
WHEREAS, The education provided by tribal colleges goes beyond the norm that is
provided by institutions of higher learning and are integral in preserving
the cultural integrity of Indigenous populations, and
WHEREAS, The US federal government does not properly support these colleges even
though they do enroll US citizens. There be it
RESOLVED, That Tribal colleges in the United States should be given extra support from
State and Local education budget proportionate to the number of
Indigenous citizens they enroll. and
FURTHER RESOLVED, the Congress will give these colleges priority in the allocation of
specific grants to college students to afford tuition.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by the Jack Howe Memorial Legislation Committee via Kudos
BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1 **SECTION 1.** The Coast Guard shall be allocated $2 billion for research and development, repair, and construction of new arctic cutters (AKA Polar Security Cutters).

2 **SECTION 2.** The grants will be allocated over the next five years by the Coast Guard Polar Cutter Security Program. At least 50% of the funds must be allocated towards construction of new ships.

3 **SECTION 3.** The Departments of Defense in coalition with the Department of Homeland Security will enforce this legislation. Congress will receive quarterly status updates and will determine if this program will continue after 2.5 years.

4 **SECTION 4.** This legislation will take effect on January 1st, 2022.

5 **SECTION 5:** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Kudos.*
A Bill to End Single Family Zoning Laws

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1  SECTION 1.  The United States will nullify any zoning laws that restrict land to single-family housing.

2  SECTION 2.  Single-family housing shall be defined as free-standing residential units intended for occupancy by a single family—as opposed to condominiums, apartments, duplexes, etc.

3  SECTION 3.  The Department of Commerce in coalition with the Department of Housing and Urban Development shall be in charge of enforcing this legislation.

4  SECTION 4.  This legislation will take effect in FY 2023

5  SECTION 5.  All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Kudos
WHEREAS,  The United States’ government's leasing of federal lands for mining of radioactive materials has failed to be regulated by environmental regulations, and

WHEREAS,  Proximate populations suffer from health and community harms from the mining of these resources, and

WHEREAS,  The large lobbying efforts by vested interests has paralyzed local, state, and federal entities alike, along with silencing the voices of Indigenous populations

RESOLVED,  That the Congress here assembled shall ban all mining of uranium on public lands through the cessation of the issuance of new contracts.

FURTHER RESOLVED, the Congress will match, dollar per dollar, the revenue generated from the extraction of uranium until current contracts expire in the form of grants to Indigenous populations for their local governments

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Kudos
A Bill to Lower the Interest Rate on Payday Loans

BE IT ENACTED BY THE STUDENT CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. SECTION 1: The United States Code Title 26.A.1.A.II.11.c. “Exceptions” shall be altered to include a sub point (4) which will state as follows “All corporations that offer ‘Payday Loans’ shall have an increased tax rate of .5% for each 1% the corporation’s average loan rate is above the base interest rate.”

2. SECTION 2: The base interest rate is defined as the Federal Reserve discount rate on the date of loan origination rate plus 24%.

3. SECTION 3: “Payday Loans” are defined as ones that offer loans that have a maturity of less than six weeks or use a borrower’s future paycheck as collateral. The Department of Financial Protection and Innovation DFPI shall oversee implementation and enforcement of this bill.

4. SECTION 4: This bill shall take effect immediately upon passage.

5. SECTION 5: All laws in conflict with this piece of legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Bargain Belt via Kudos
A Bill to Restructure The Mérida Initiative

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

1. **SECTION 1.** The United States will allocate one billion dollars every year for the next decade to counter-narcotics and development within Mexico.

2. **SECTION 2.** Counter-narcotics will be spearheaded by drug interdiction through greater collaboration between the US Coast Guard and Mexican Navy with increased targeting for smuggling networks. Economic development will be defined as aid packages to develop agricultural industries and business development for cartel-ridden areas.

3. **SECTION 3.** The Department of State, in collaboration with the Department of Defense and USAID, will enforce this legislation.
   
   A. Congress will receive annual updates regarding the status of each policy annually and its totality biannually

4. **SECTION 4.** This legislation will go into effect in FY 2022

5. **SECTION 5.** All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

*Introduced for Congressional Debate by Kudos*
A Bill to Support Access to Feminine Hygiene Products

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. For easy access and general courtesy for those who menstruate, feminine hygiene products shall be made available, free of any cost in all public areas. The funding for this bill will be $5 billion generated through an additional 1% federal sales tax.

SECTION 2. Feminine hygiene products shall be defined as pads, tampons, sanitary napkins, panty liners, and menstrual cups.

Public areas shall be defined as public parks, libraries, hospitals, and public schools. In addition, it shall include all government buildings, transportation centers, and homeless shelters.

SECTION 3. The execution of this bill will be overseen and managed by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services along with the Health Resources and Services Administration.

A. The federal government will purchase products wholesale and distribute them to local governments for distribution along with funds for maintenance and facilities.

B. Any violation of this bill will result in withholding relevant funds from the departments until they comply with the above mandates.

SECTION 4. This legislation will take effect on January 1, 2022. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.
A Bill for United States COVID Vaccine Global Distribution

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

Section 1. The United States will share 25% of its surplus vaccine stock through direct donations to developing countries and share another 25% to the COVAX multi-lateral vaccine program.

Section 2. Surplus stock means vaccine supplies that are above that needed to fully vaccinate the eligible population of the United States.

Section 3. The Department of State and the Department of Health and Human Services shall oversee the distribution of vaccine surpluses.

SECTION 4. This bill shall be implemented immediately.

Section 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Respectfully submitted,

Rep. Soham Shah

Holy Trinity Episcopal Academy
The Uighur Protection Act of 2021

BE IT ENACTED BY THE CONGRESS HERE ASSEMBLED THAT:

SECTION 1. The People’s Republic of China and its territories shall be required to end any and all human right violations against the Uighur Muslims.

SECTION 2. Territories shall be defined as any area directly or indirectly controlled by the Chinese government. Human rights violations shall include, but not be limited to, detention in re-education camps, forced sterilization of women, genocide, restricted movement, and inability to practice religion.

SECTION 3. The Department of State and Department of Commerce shall be tasked with the implementation of this legislation.

A. Should the People’s Republic of China or its territories fail to comply with this legislation within six months of passage, tariffs with The People’s Republic of China shall be raised by 10%.

B. Tariffs shall be raised by an additional 10% for every six month period The People’s Republic of China does not comply with this legislation.

SECTION 4. This legislation shall be implemented immediately upon passage.

SECTION 5. All laws in conflict with this legislation are hereby declared null and void.

Introduced for Congressional Debate by Western High School